Emax

Low voltage power circuit breakers

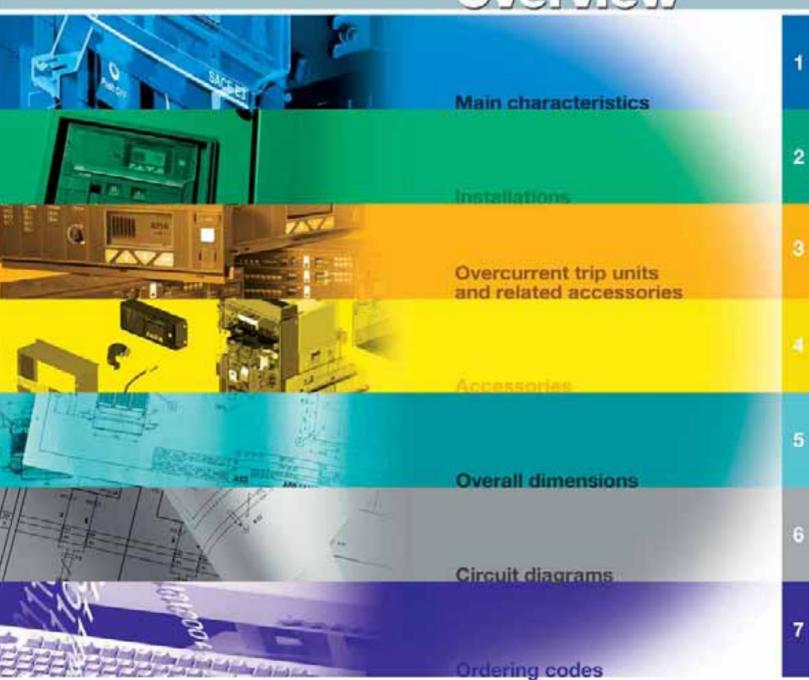


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New Emax. Lively performances.

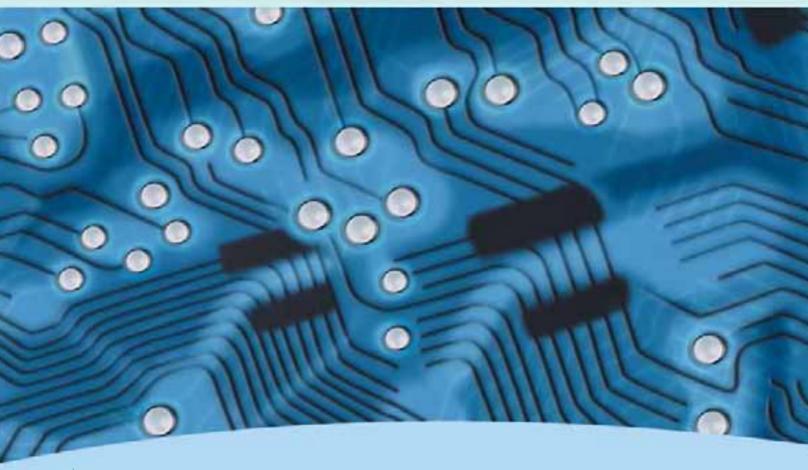




New Emax. Brilliant intelligence.



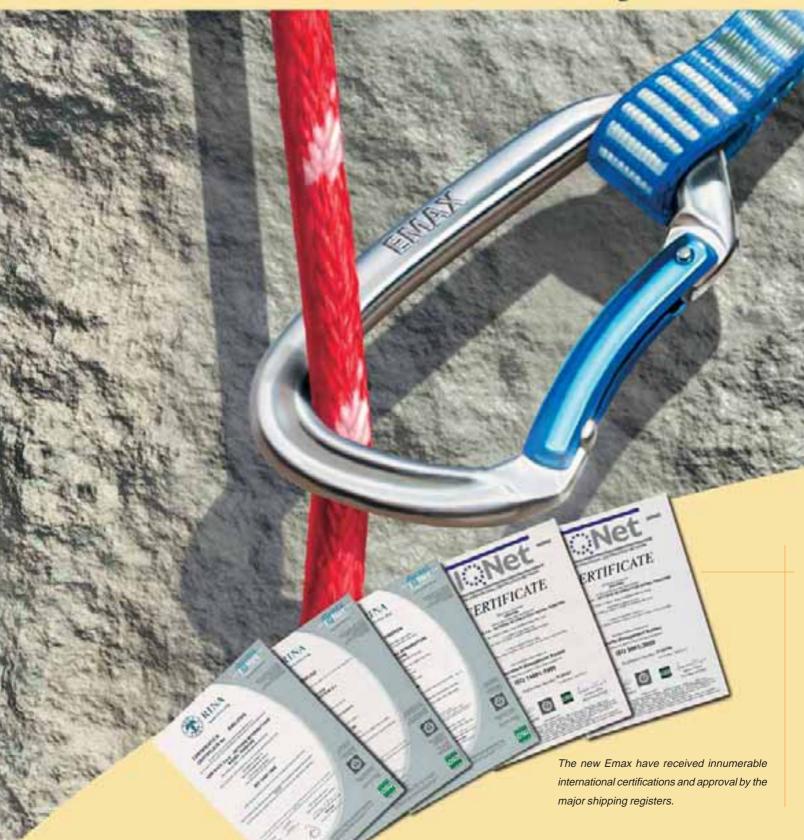




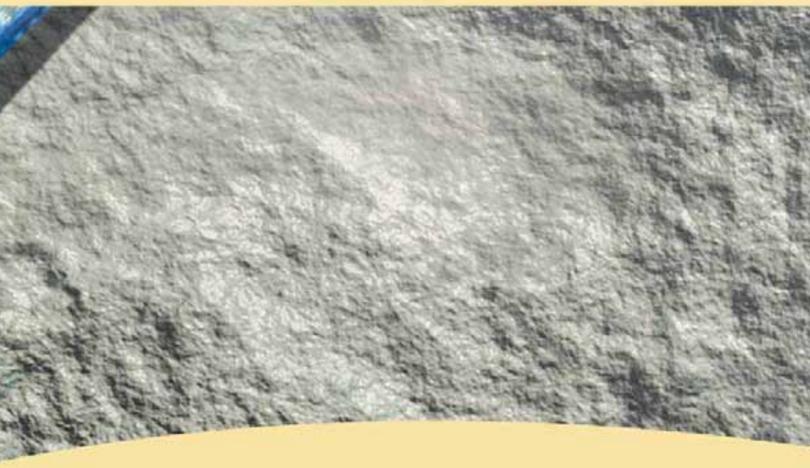
The new Emax range shines like a light from within: the new generation of trip units is fitted with the latest advances in electronics, offering individual bespoke solutions for control and protection.

The new trip units, which are amazingly versatile and simple to use, offer important innovations, like the brand-new intuitive operator interface which allows complete control of the system with just a few simple keystrokes. Furthermore, there are new protections, new alarms and connection to handheld and laptop PCs using Bluetooth technology. The re-engineered hardware architecture allows flexible and precise configuration. With the new Emax it is no longer necessary to completely replace the trip unit - simply add the module which satisfies your requirements: a great advantage, both in terms of flexibility and customisation.

New Emax. Ensured reliability.







Careful selection of materials, meticulous assembly and a rigorous testing stage make the new Emax

an extremely reliable and sturdy product, able to

withstand high dynamic and thermal stresses for longer than any other circuit breaker in its category. With the new standardized system of accessories studied and made for the new Emax, work becomes easier, convenient, safe and rapid. Furthermore, ABB puts a highly specialized and rapid customer assistance service at your disposal. The new Emax give you that pleasant feeling of security which only such a reliable product is able to do.



Emax UL power circuit breakers

Electrical characteristics





UL 1066		E	1			2		
Levels of performance		B-A	N-A	B-A	N-A	S-A	H-A	
Frame size	[A]	800	800	1600	800	800	800	
	[A]	1200	1200		1200	1200	1200	
	[A]				1600	1600	1600	
	[A]							
	[A]							
	[A]							
Capacity of neutral pole for four-pole circuit breakers	[%lu]	100	100	100	100	100	100	
Rated short circuit current								
240 V	[kA]	42	50	42	65	65	85	
480 V	[kA]	42	50	42	50	65	85	
600 V	[kA]	42	50	42	50	65	65	
Rated short time current	[kA]	42	50	42	50	65	65	
IEC 60947-2		Е	1		E	2		
Levels of performance		В	N	В	N	S	L	
Currents: rated uninterrupted current (at 40°C) lu	[A]	800	800	1600	1000	800	1250	
Surrents. Fated uninterrupted current (at 40 C) id		1000	1000	2000	1250	1000	1600	
	[A]	1250	1250	2000	1600	1250	1000	
	[A]	1600	1600		2000	1600		
	[A]	1000	1000		2000	2000		
	[A]					2000		
	[A]							
Capacity of neutral pole for four-pole circuit breakers	[%lu]	100	100	100	100	100	100	
Rated ultimate breaking capacity under short circuit Icu	[/oluj	100	100	100	100	100	100	
220/230/380/400/415 V	[kA]	42	50	42	65	85	130	
440 V	[kA]	42	50	42	65	85	110	
500/525 V	[kA]	42	50	42	55	65	85	
660/690 V	[kA]	42	50	42	55	65	85	
Rated service breaking capacity under short circuit Ics	[10.4]	74	- 00	72	00	00	00	
220/230/380/400/415 V	[kA]	42	50	42	65	85	130	
440 V	[kA]	42	50	42	65	85	110	
500/525 V	[kA]	42	50	42	55	65	65	
660/690 V	[kA]	42	50	42	55	65	65	
Rated short time whitstand current Icw (1s)	[kA]	42	50	42	55	65	10	
valed short time whitstand current icw (15)	[KA]	42	30	42	33	0.5	10	
UL 1066 and IEC 60947-2		E	1		E	2		
Overall dimensions								
Fixed: H = 418 mm/16.46 in; D = 302 mm/11.89 in (*)								
W (3 poles/4 poles)	[mm]	296	/386		296	/386		
W (3 poles/4 poles)	[in]	11.65	5/15.2		11.65	/15.2		
Draw out: H = 461 mm/18.15 in; D = 396.5 mm/15.61 in (**)								
W (3 poles/4 poles)	[mm]	324	/414		324	/414		
W (3 poles/4 poles)	[in]	12.76	6/16.3		12.76	/16.3		
Neights (circuit breaker complete with trip unit, RH terminals, CS, exclud	ling accessories)							
Fixed								
3 poles/4 poles	[Kg]	45	/54		50	/61		
3 poles/4 poles	[lbs]		119			/134		
Draw out								
3 poles/4 poles	[Kg]	70	/82		78	/93		







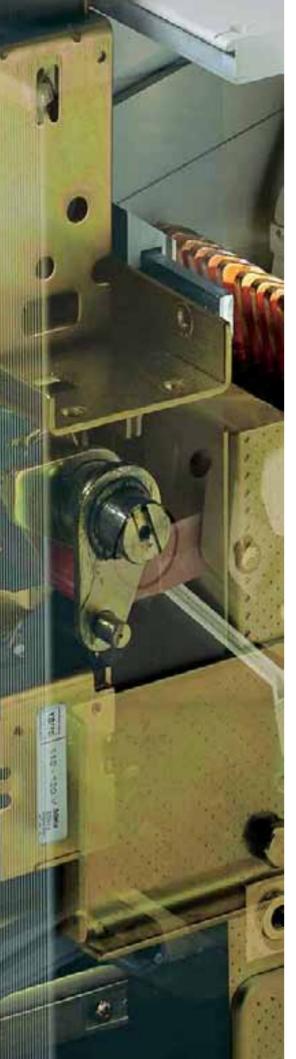
		E3					E4							6		
N-A	S-A	H-A	V-A	X-A	S-A	H-A	V-A	L-A	H-A	/f ⁽¹⁾	H-A	V-A	L-A	X-A	H-A/f (1)	X-A/f (1)
2000	800	800	800	800	3200	3200	3200	3200	32	00	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000
2500	1200	1200	1200	1200	3600	3600	3600	3600	36	00	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000
	1600	1600	1600	1600												
	2000	2000	2000	2000												
	2500	2500	2500													
	3200	3200	3200													
100	100	100	100	100	50	50	50	50	10	00	50	50	50	50	100	100
65	85	85	125	200	85	100	100	125	10	00	125	125	150	200	125	200
50	65	85	125	200	65	85	100	125	8	5	85	125	150	200	85	200
50	65	85	100	14	65	85	100	100	8	5	85	100	100	100	85	100
50	65	65	85	14	65	85	100	100	8	5	100	100	100	100	100	100
		E3					E4						E	6		
N	S	Н	V	L	S	Н	V		S/f (1)	H/f ⁽¹⁾		Н	,	V	H/f ⁽	(1)
2500	1000	800	800	2000	4000	3200	3200	0	4000	3200		4000	32	200	400	
3200	1250	1000	1250	2500		4000	4000	0		4000		5000) 40	000	500	0
	1600	1250	1600									6300	50	000	630	0
	2000	1600	2000										63	300		
	2500	2000	2500													
	3200	2500	3200													
		3200														
100	100	100	100	100	50	50	50		100	100		50	5	50	100)
65	75	100	130	130	75	100	150)	80	100		100	1	50	100)
65	75	100	130	110	75	100	150)	80	100		100	1	50	100)
65	75	100	100	85	75	100	130)	75	100		100	1	30	100)
65	75	85	100	85	75	85	100)	75	100		100	1	00	100)
65	75	85	100	130	75	100	125	;	80	100		100	1.	25	100)
 65	75	85	100	110	75	100	125	5	80	100		100	1	25	100)
65	75	85	85	65	75	100	130)	75	100		100	1	00	100)
65	75	85	85	65	75	85	100)	75	100		100	1	00	100)
65	75	75	85	15	75	100	100)	80	85		85	3	35	100)
		E3					E4							6		
	404	/ 530				566/65	6		746	6 ⁽²⁾			782/908		1034	(2)
		/ 20.82			2	22.28/25				.37			0.79/35.7		40.7	
	432	/ 558				594/68	4		774	1 (2)			810/936		1062	(2)
		/ 21.97				23.39/26				.47			1.89/36.8		41.8	
	66 /	/ 80		70/84 (3)		97/117	7		125	5 (2)			140/160		185	(2)
		/ 176		154/185 ⁽³⁾		214/25				76			308/353		408	
										- (0)						(0)
		/ 125 / <i>275</i>		106/128 ⁽³⁾		147/16 324/36			200) ⁽²⁾			210/240 <i>463/529</i>		275 607	

Circuit breakers in accordance with IEC 60947-2

				E	1		Е	2	
SWE	Autom	atic circuit-breakers		E1B	E1N	E2B	E2N	E2S	E2L
1	Poles		[No.]	3 -				- 4	
20		neutral current-carrying of		10				00	
	lu	(40 °C)	[A]	800-1000- 1250-1600		1600-2000	1000-1250- 1600-2000	800-1000- 1250-1600- 2000	1250-160
	Ue		[V~]	690	690	690	690	690	690
-00	lcu	(220415V)	[kA]	42	50	42	65	85	130
	lcs	(220415V)	[kA]	42	50	42	65	85	130
	lcw	(1s)	[kA]	42	50	42	55	65	10
		(3s)	[kA]	36	36	42	42	42	_
	Automa	atic circuit-breakers with	h full-size neutral	conductor					
	Poles		[No.]	Standard	ersion		Standar	d version	
	4p cb	neutral current-carrying of	capacity[% lu]						
	lu	(40 °C)	[A]						
	Ue		[V~]						
	lcu	(220415V)	[kA]						
	lcs	(220415V)	[kA]						
	lcw	(1s)	[kA]						
		(3s)	[kA]						
200	Switch	-disconnectors		E1B/MS	E1N/MS	E2B/MS	E2N/MS	E2S/MS	
008	Poles		[No.]	3 - 4	3 - 4	3 - 4	3 - 4	3 - 4	
3	lu	(40 °C)	[A]	800-1000- 1250-1600	800-1000-		1000-1250- 1600-2000	1000-1250-	
Care	Ue		[V~]	690	690	690	690	690	
10.0	lcw	(1s)	[kA]	42	50	42	55	65	
100	ICW	(3s)	[kA]	36	36	42	42	42	
	Icm	(220440V)	[kA]	88.2	105	88.2	121	143	
920	Automa	atic circuit-breakers for ap	plications up to 115				E2N/E		
	Poles		[No.]	O V AC		3 - 4	3 - 4		
C.	Poles lu	(40 °C)	[No.] [A]	U V AC		3 - 4 1600-2000	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000		
C	Poles Iu Ue	(40 °C)	[No.] [A] [V~]	O V AC		3 - 4 1600-2000 1150	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150		
5	Poles Iu Ue Icu	(40 °C)	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA]	U V AC		3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30		
5	Poles Iu Ue Icu Ics	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V)	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA]	U V AC		3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30		
6	Poles Iu Ue Icu	(40 °C)	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA]	UVAC		3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30		
5	Poles lu Ue lcu lcs lcw	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V)	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA]			3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30		
	Poles lu Ue lcu lcs lcw Switch Poles	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1s) -disconnectors for appli	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [kA] [kA]			3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30 30		
	Poles Iu Ue Icu Ics Icw Switch Poles Iu	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1s)	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA]			3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30		
	Poles lu Ue lcu lcs lcw Switch Poles	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1s) -disconnectors for appli (40 °C)	[No.] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [kA] [kA] [cations up to 1150			3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4 1600-2000	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30 \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$1		
	Poles Iu Ue Icu Ics Icw Switch Poles Iu	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1s) -disconnectors for appli (40 °C)	[No.] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [kA] [cations up to 1150 [No.] [A]			3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4 1600-2000	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30 30 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30		
	Poles Iu Ue Icu Ics Icw Switch Poles Iu Ue	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1s) -disconnectors for appli (40 °C)	[No.] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [kA] [kA] [cations up to 1150			3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4 1600-2000	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30 \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$1		
	Poles Iu Ue Icu Ics Icw Switch Poles Iu Ue Icw Icm	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1s) -disconnectors for appli (40 °C)	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [cations up to 1150 [No.] [A] [V~] [kA]	V AC		3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30 30 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30		
	Poles Iu Ue Icu Ics Icw Switch Poles Iu Ue Icw Icm	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1s) -disconnectors for appli (40 °C) (1s) (1000V)	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [cations up to 1150 [No.] [A] [V~] [kA]	V AC		3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30 EZN/E MS 3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 63		
	Poles Iu Ue Icu Ics Icw Switch Poles Iu Ue Icw Icm	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1s) -disconnectors for appli (40 °C) (1s) (1000V) disconnectors for applica	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [kA] [V~] [No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA]	V AC DC E1B/E MS		3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 40	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 63	00	
	Poles Iu Ue Icu Ics Icw Switch Poles Iu Ue Icw Icm	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1s) -disconnectors for appli (40 °C) (1s) (1000V)	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [kA] [cations up to 1150 [No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [kA]	V AC DC E1B/E MS 3 - 4 800-1250	lp)	3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 40	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30 30 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 63 E2N/E MS 3 - 4		
	Poles Iu Ue Icu Ics Icw Switch Poles Iu Ue Icw Icm	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1s) -disconnectors for appli (40 °C) (1s) (1000V) -disconnectors for application (40 °C)	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [kA] [cations up to 1150 [No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [kA]	V AC DC E1B/E MS 3 - 4	ıp)	3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 40	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30 30 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 63 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 250-1600-2000		
	Poles Iu Ue Icu Ics Icw Switch Poles Iu Ue Icw Icm Ue Icw Icm Ue Icw Icu Icw	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1150V) (1s) -disconnectors for appli (40 °C) (1s) (1000V) -disconnectors for applica (40 °C)	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [kA] cations up to 1150 [No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [Vo] [No.] [A] [Vo] [No.] [A] [Vo] [No.] [A]	V AC DC E1B/E MS 3 - 4 800-1250 750 (3p)-1000(-20	1 р)	3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 40	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30 30 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 63 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 250-1600-200 0 (3p)-1000(4		
5	Poles Iu Ue Icu Ics Icw Switch Poles Iu Ue Icw Icm Ue Icw Icm	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1s) -disconnectors for appli (40 °C) (1s) (1000V) -disconnectors for application (40 °C)	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [kA] [cations up to 1150 [No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [kA] [V]	V AC DC E1B/E MS 3 - 4 800-1250 750 (3p)-1000(.	4p)	3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 40	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30 30 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 63 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 250-1600-200 0 (3p)-1000(4 25		
truck	Poles Iu Ue Icu Ics Icw Switch Poles Iu Ue Icw Icm Ue Icw Icm	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1150V) (1s) -disconnectors for appli (40 °C) (1s) (1000V) -disconnectors for applica (40 °C) (1s) (750V)	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [cations up to 1150 [No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [v-] [kA] [V-] [A] [V-] [KA] [V-] [KA] [V-] [KA]	V AC DC E1B/E MS 3 - 4 800-1250 750 (3p)-1000(-20 42		3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 40	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30 30 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 63 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 250-1600-200 0 (3p)-1000(4 25 52.5		
truck	Poles Iu Ue Icu Ics Icw Switch Poles Iu Ue Icw Icm Ue Icw Icm	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1150V) (1s) -disconnectors for application (40 °C) (1s) (1000V) (1s) (1000V)	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [cations up to 1150 [No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [v-] [kA] [V-] [A] [V-] [KA] [V-] [KA] [V-] [KA]	V AC DC E1B/E MS 3 - 4 800-1250 750 (3p)-1000(- 20 42 42	cs	3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 40	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 63 E2N/E MS 03 4 250-1600-20(0 0 (3p)-1000(4 25 52.5		
	Poles Iu Ue Icu Ics Icw Switch Poles Iu Ue Icw Icm Switch Poles Iu Ue Icw Icm (40 °C)	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1150V) (1s) -disconnectors for application (40 °C) (1s) (1000V) (1s) (1000V) (1s) (1000V)	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [cations up to 1150 [No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [v-] [kA] [V-] [A] [V-] [KA] [V-] [KA] [V-] [KA]	V AC DC E1B/E MS 3 - 4 800-1250 750 (3p)-1000(-20 42 42 E1 12	CS	3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 40	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30 30 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 63 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 250-1600-200 0 (3p)-1000(4 25 52.5 52.5 52.5		
	Poles Iu Ue Icu Ics Icw Switch Poles Iu Ue Icw Icm Ue Icw Icm Icm	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1150V) (1s) -disconnectors for application (40 °C) (1s) (1000V) (1s) (750V) (1000V)	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [cations up to 1150 [No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [v-] [kA] [V-] [A] [V-] [KA] [V-] [KA] [V-] [KA]	V AC DC E1B/E MS 3 - 4 800-1250 750 (3p)-1000(-20 42 42 42 E1	CS 50	3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 40	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30 30 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 63 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 250-1600-200 0 (3p)-1000(4 25 52.5 52.5		
	Poles Iu Ue Icu Ics Icw Switch Poles Iu Ue Icw Icm Switch Poles Iu Ue Icw Icm (40 °C)	(40 °C) (1150V) (1150V) (1150V) (1s) -disconnectors for application (40 °C) (1s) (1000V) (1s) (750V) (1000V)	[No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [kA] [cations up to 1150 [No.] [A] [V~] [kA] [kA] [v-] [kA] [V-] [A] [V-] [KA] [V-] [KA] [V-] [KA]	V AC DC E1B/E MS 3 - 4 800-1250 750 (3p)-1000(-20 42 42 E1 12 E1 I	CS 50 ATP 50	3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 20 20 E2B/E MS 3 - 4 1600-2000 1150 20 40	3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 30 30 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 1250-1600- 2000 1150 30 63 E2N/E MS 3 - 4 250-1600-200 0 (3p)-1000(4 25 52.5 52.5 52.5 E2 CS 2000 E2 MTP		

		E3				E4		E	6
E3N	E3S	ЕЗН	E3V	E3L	E4S	E4H	E4V	E6H	E6V
		3 - 4				3 - 4		3 -	4
		100				50		50)
	1000-1250-	800-1000-1250-	800-1250-						
	1600-2000-	1600-2000-	1600-2000-		4000	0000 400		4000-	3200-4000-
2500-3200 690	2500-3200 690	2500-3200 690	2500-3200 690	2000-2500 690	4000 690	3200-4000 690	3200-4000 690	5000-6300 690	5000-6300 690
65	75	100	130	130	75	100	150	100	150
65	75	85	100	130	75	100	150	100	125
65	75	75	85	15	75	100	100	100	100
65	65	65	65	_	75	75	75	85	85
					E4S/f	E4H/f		E6H/f	
		Standard version			4	4		4	
		Standard Version			100	100		100	
					4000	3200-4000)	4000-5000-6300	
					690	690		690	
					80	100		100	
					80	100		100	
					80	85		100	
					75	75		100	
E3N/MS	E3S/MS		E3V/MS		E4S/MS	E4S/f MS E4I	H/MS E4H/f MS	E6H/MS	E6H/f MS
3 - 4	3 - 4		3-4		3 - 4		- 4 4	3-4	4
	1000-1250-1600-		800-1250-1600-				200 3200	4000-5000-	4000-5000-
	2000-2500-3200		2000-2500-3200		4000		000 4000	6300	6300
690	690		690		690		90 690	690	690
65	75		85		75 75		00 85	100	100
65 143	65 165		65 286		165		75 75 20 187	85 220	85 220
143	103		200		100	100 2	20 107	220	220
		E3H/E				E4H/E		E6H/E	
		3 - 4 1250-1600-2000-				3 - 4		3 - 4 4000-5000	
		2500-3200				3200-400)	6300	
		1150				1150		1150	
		30 (*)				65		65	
		30 (*)				65		65	
		30 (*)				65		65	
		E3H/E MS				E4H/E MS	3	E6H/E MS	
		3 - 4				3 - 4		3 - 4	
		1250-1600-2000-						4000-5000	
		2500-3200				3200-4000)	6300	
		1150				1150		1150	
		50				65		65	
		105				143		143	
		E3H/E MS				E4H/E MS	5	E6H/E MS	
		3 - 4				3 - 4		3 - 4	
		0-1600-2000-2500-				3200-400		4000-5000-6300	
		750 (3p)-1000(4p)				750 (3p) - 100) (4p)	750 (3p) - 1000 (4p)	
		40 105				65 143		65 143	
						143		143	
						170		170	
		105							
						E4 CS		E6 (cs
		105 E3 CS							
		105 E3 CS 3200				4000		630	00
		105 E3 CS 3200 E3 MTP				4000 E4 MTP		630 E6 N	OO ITP
		105 E3 CS 3200				4000		630	OO ITP
		105 E3 CS 3200 E3 MTP				4000 E4 MTP		630 E6 N	00 ITP 00







Main characteristics

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Emax UL circuit breakers

Common data		
Voltages		
Rated maximum voltage	[V]	635
Rated voltage	[V]	600
Test voltage (1 min. 50/60 Hz)	[kV]	2.2
Frequency	[Hz]	50 - 60
Number of poles		3 - 4
Version	Fixed (F) - Draw out (W)





		Ε	1		Ε	2	
Level of performance		B-A	N-A	B-A	N-A	S-A	H-A
Currents							
Frame size	[A]	800	800	1600	800	800	800
	[A]	1200	1200		1200	1200	1200
	[A]				1600	1600	1600
	[A]						
	[A]						
	[A]						
Capacity of neutral pole for four-pole circuit breakers	[%lu]	100	100	100	100	100	100
Rated short circuit current							
240 V	[kA]	42	50	42	65	65	85
480 V	[kA]	42	50	42	50	65	85
600 V	[kA]	42	50	42	50	65	65
Rated short time current	[kA]	42	50	42	50	65	65
Trip units							
PR121/P							
PR122/P							
PR123/P							
rip times							
fake time (max)	[ms]	80	80	80	80	80	80
Break time (I <st (max)<="" current)="" td=""><td>[ms]</td><td>70</td><td>70</td><td>70</td><td>70</td><td>70</td><td>70</td></st>	[ms]	70	70	70	70	70	70
reak time (I>ST current) (max)	[ms]	30	30	30	30	30	12
Overall dimensions							
ixed: H = 418 mm/16.46 in - D = 302 mm/11.89 in *							
W (3 poles/4 poles)	[mm]	296/	386		296	386	
W (3 poles/4 poles)	[in]	11.6	5/15.2		11.6	5/15.2	
Oraw out: H = 461 mm/18.15 in - D = 396.5 mm/15.61 in	**						
W (3 poles/4 poles)	[mm]	324/	414		324	/414	
W (3 poles/4 poles)	[in]	12.7	6/16.3		12.70	6/16.3	
Weights (Circuit breaker complete with trip unit, RH terr	minals, CS, e	excluding	accessori	es)			
Fixed							
3 poles/4 poles	[kg]	45/	54		50	/61	
3 poles/4 poles	[lbs]	99/	119		110/	/134	
Draw out							
3 poles/4 poles	[kg]	70/			78	/93	
3 poles/4 poles	[lbs]	154	/181		172/	/205	

⁽¹⁾ four poles only.

* for E3X-A: H = 438 mm/17.24 in - D = 302 mm/11.89 in

** for E3X-A: H = 481 mm/18.94 in - D = 396.5 mm/15.61 in

		E1 B-	A/N-A	E2 B-/	E2 B-A/N-A/S-A/H-A			
Continuous current rating lu	[A]	800	1200	800	1200	1600		
Mechanical life with regular ordinary maintenance	[No. Operations x 1000]	20	20	20	20	20		
Operation frequency	[Operations/hour]	30	30	30	30	30		
Electrical life	[No. Operations x 1000]	10	10	10	10	10		
Operation frequency	[Operations/hour]	30	30	30	30	30		







		E3				E4					E 6				
 N-A	S-A	H-A	V-A	X-A	S-A	H-A	V-A	L-A	H-A/f ⁽¹⁾	H-A	V-A	L-A	X-A	H-A/f ⁽¹⁾	X-A/f ⁽¹⁾
2000	800	800	800	800	3200	3200	3200	3200	3200	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000
2500	1200	1200	1200	1200	3600	3600	3600	3600	3600	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000	5000
	1600	1600	1600	1600											
	2000	2000	2000	2000											
	2500	2500	2500												
100	3200 100	3200 100	3200	100	50	50	50	50	100	50	50	50	50	100	100
100	100	100	100	100	50	50	50	50	100	50	50	50	50	100	100
65	85	85	125	200	85	100	100	125	100	125	125	150	200	125	200
50	65	85	125	200	65	85	100	125	85	85	125	150	200	85	200
50	65	85	100	14	65	85	100	100	85	85	100	100	100	85	100
50	65	65	85	14	65	85	100	100	85	100	100	100	100	100	100
		•		•	•	•			•	•	-	-			
80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
		404/530					/656		746			782/908)34
	1	5.91/20.8	32			22.28	2/25.83		29.37		3	0.79/35.	78	40	.71
		432/558					/684		774			810/936)62
	1	7.01/21.9	37			23.39	/26.93		30.47		3	1.89/36.8	85	41	.81
		66/80		70/84		07	/117		125			140/160		_1:	85
		145/176		154/185		214			276			308/353			08
		143/170		134/100		Z 14,	230		2/0			300/333		4	00
		104/125		106/128		1/17	/165		200			210/240		2.	75
		229/275		233/282			/363		441			463/529			07
		223/213		200/202		J24,	000		771			700/023		0	U I

	E3 N	I-A/S-	A/H-A/	V-A		E4 S-A/H-A/V	-A/L-A/H-A/f	E6 H-A/V-A/L-A	/X-A/H-A/f/X-A/f
800	1200	1600	2000	2500	3200	3200	3600	4000	5000
15 ⁽²⁾	15(2)	15 ⁽²⁾	15(2)	15	15	8	8	8	8
30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
10(3)	10(3)	10(3)	8(3)	8	8	5	5	5	3
30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30



Emax UL switches

The switches share the same frames and accessories as the circuit breakers, with the only difference the absence of the trip unit.

The switch is available in both three-pole and four-pole fixed and draw out version and is identified by the code "/MS" (on the label). The electrical characteristics of the switches are given in the following table.





		E1B-A/MS	E1N-A/MS	E2B-A/MS	E2N-A/MS	E2S-A/MS
Frame size	[A]	800	800	1600	800	800
	[A]	1200	1200		1200	1200
	[A]				1600	1600
	[A]					
	[A]					
	[A]					
Number of poles		3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
Capacity of neutral pole for four-pole circuit breake	rs [%lu]	100	100	100	100	100
Rated voltage	[V]	600	600	600	600	600
Rated maximum voltage	[V]	635	635	635	635	635
Test voltage (1 min. 50/60 Hz)	[kV]	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
Frequency	[Hz]	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60
Rated short time current	[kA]	42	50	42	50	65
Version		F-W	F-W	F-W	F-W	F-W

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E3N-A/MS	E3S-A/MS	E3V-A/MS	E4S-A/MS	E4H-A/MS	E4V-A/MS	E4H-Af/MS	E6H-A/MS	E6H-Af/MS
2000	800	800	3200	3200	3200	3200	4000	4000
2500	1200	1200	3600	3600	3600	3600	5000	5000
	1600	1600						
	2000	2000						
	2500	2500						
	3200	3200						
3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4	3/4
100	100	100	50	50	50	100	50	100
600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600
635	635	635	635	635	635	635	635	635
2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60	50-60
50	65	85	65	85	100	85	100	100
F-W	F-W	F-W						



Structure of the circuit breakers

The sheet steel structure of the circuit breaker is extremely compact, considerably reducing overall dimensions.

Safety is improved by adopting double insulation for the live parts and total segregation between phases.

The sizes have the same height and depth for all of the circuit breakers in each version.

The depth of the draw out version allows installation of switchboards and switchgears 500 mm/ 19.68 in deep.

The width of 324 mm/12.75 in (up to 2000 A) in the draw out version allows the equipment to be used in switchboard compartments 400 mm/15.74 in wide. The compact dimensions also allow them to replace power circuit breakers of any size from earlier series.





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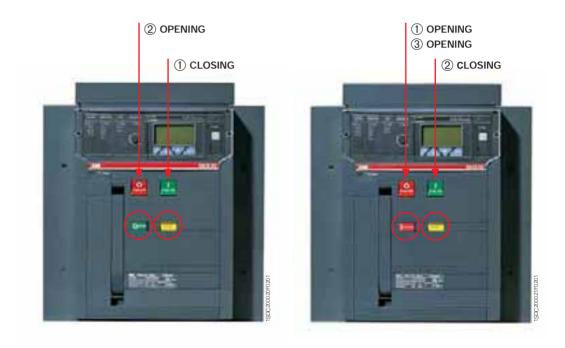
Operating mechanism

A stored energy type operating mechanism is used.

The springs are charged manually by operating the front lever or using a geared motor, supplied on request.

The opening springs are charged automatically during the closing operation.

When closing coil, shunt trip and motor operator are installed, the circuit breaker can be operated by remote control and, if required, managed by a supervision and control system.



The following operating cycles are possible without recharging the springs:

- starting with the circuit breaker open (0) and the springs charged:
 - closing-opening
- starting with the circuit breaker closed (I) and the springs charged:
 - opening-closing-opening.

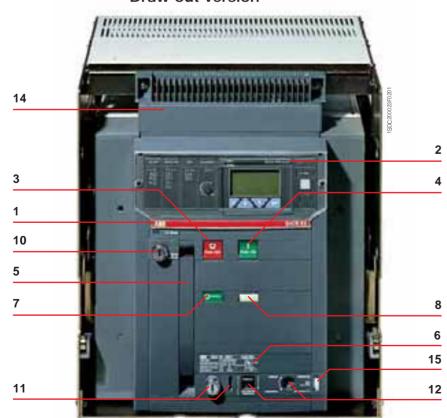
The same operating mechanism is used for the entire series and is fitted with a mechanical and electrical anti-pumping device.



Operating and signaling parts



Draw out version



Caption

- 1 Trademark and size of circuit breaker
- 2 PR121, PR122 or PR123 Trip
- 3 Pushbutton for manual opening
- 4 Pushbutton for manual closing
- 5 Lever to manually charge closing springs
- 6 Label with electrical characteristics
- 7 Mechanical device to signal circuit breaker open "O" and closed "I"
- Signal for springs charged or discharged
- Mechanical indication of trip
- 10 Key lock in open position
- 11 Key lock and padlock in racked-in/racked-out position (for draw out version only)
- 12 Racking-in/racking out device (for draw out version only)
- 13 Terminal box (for fixed version only)
- 14 Sliding contacts (for draw out version only)
- 15 Circuit breaker position indicator: connected/ isolated for test/racked-out (for draw out version only)

Note:

"Connected" refers to the position in which both the power contacts and auxiliary contacts are connected; "racked-out" is the position in which both the power contacts and auxiliary contacts are disconnected; "isolated for test" is the position in which the power contacts are disconnected, while the auxiliary contacts are connected.

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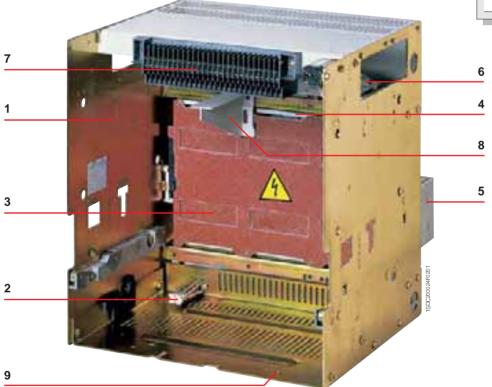


Cradles of draw out circuit breakers

The cradles of draw out circuit breakers have shutters for segregating the fixed contacts when the circuit breaker is racked out of the compartment. These can be locked in their closed position using padlock devices.

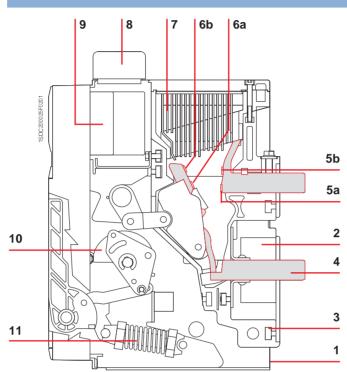
Caption

- Sheet steel supporting structure
- Single grounding pliers mounted on the left for E1, E2 and E3, double grounding pliers for E4 and E6
- 3 Safety shutters
- 4 Terminal support base
- 5 Terminals
- 6 Contacts signaling that the circuit breaker is connected, isolated for test, racked-out
- 7 Sliding contacts
- 8 Padlock device for safety shutters (on request)
- **9** Fixing points (4 for E1, E2, E3 and 6 for E4, E6)



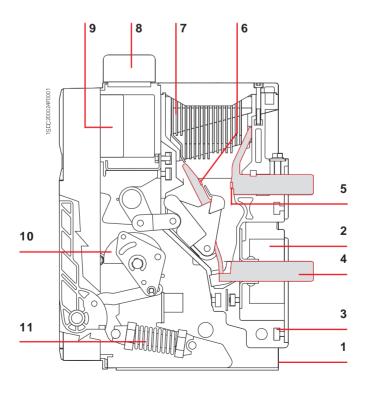


Circuit breaker components



Cap	tion
1	Sheet steel supporting
	structure
2	Current sensor for trip unit
3	Pole group insulating box
4	Horizontal rear terminals
5-5a	Plates for main fixed
	contacts
5-5b	Plates for fixed arcing
	contacts
6a	Plates for main moving
	contacts
6b	Plates for moving arcing
	contacts
7	Arcing chamber
8	Terminal box for fixed
	version - Sliding contacts for
	draw out version
9	Trip unit
10	Circuit breaker closing and
	opening control
11	Closing springs

Versions: E1 B-A/N-A, E2 B-A/N-A/S-A/H-A, E3 N-A/S-A/H-A/V-A, E4 S-A/H-A/V-A/L-A/H-A/f, E6 H-A/V-A/L-A/X-A/H-A/f/X-A/f



Versions: E3 X-A

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Versions and connections

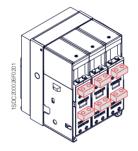
All circuit breakers are available in fixed and draw out, three pole or four-pole versions.

Each series of circuit breakers offers terminals made of silverplated copper bars in the same sizes, regardless of the continuous current ratings of the circuit breakers (except for E3). The cradles for draw out circuit breakers are common to each size, regardless of the continuous current rating and interrupting rating of the relative moving parts (except for E3 and E2S). The availability of various types of terminals makes it possible to build switchboards against the wall, or switchboards to be accessed from behind with rear connections.

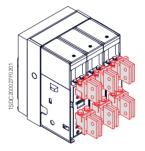
For special installation needs, the circuit breakers may be fitted with various combinations of upper and lower terminals.

The following terminals are also available in the IEC version: front for fixed and draw version and flat for draw out version.

Fixed circuit breaker

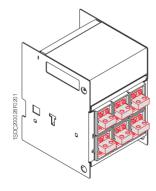


Horizontal rear terminals

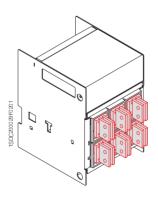


Vertical rear terminals

Draw out circuit breaker



Horizontal rear terminals



Vertical rear terminals



General characteristics

The overcurrent protection for AC installations uses three types of electronic trip unit series: PR121, PR122 and PR123.

The basic series, PR121, offers the whole set of standard protection functions, complete with a user-friendly interface.

It allows discrimination of which fault caused the trip by means of the new led indications. PR122 and PR123 trip units are of new concept modular architecture. It is now possible to have a complete series of protections, accurate measurements, signaling or dialogue functions, designed and customisable for all application requirements.

The protection system consists of:

- 3 or 4 new generation current sensors (Rogowski coil);
- external current sensors (i.e. for external neutral, residual current or source ground return protection);
- a protection unit selected among PR121/P, PR122/P or PR123/P with optional communication module via Modbus or Fieldbus plug network (PR122/P and PR123/P only), as well as via a wireless connection;
- an opening solenoid, which acts directly on the circuit breaker operating mechanism (supplied with the protection unit).





UL Versions available

General characteristics of the electronic trip units:

- operation without the need for an external power supply
- microprocessor technology
- high precision
- true R.M.S. measurements of the current values
- · trip cause indication and trip data recording
- interchangeability among all types of trip units
- setting for neutral configurable:
 - OFF-50%-100%-200% of phase setting for circuit breakers E1, E2, E3 and E4/f, E6/f full-size versions, and E4-E6 with external neutral protection;
 - OFF-50% for standard E4 and E6.

The main performance features of the trip units are listed below.





UL Versions available

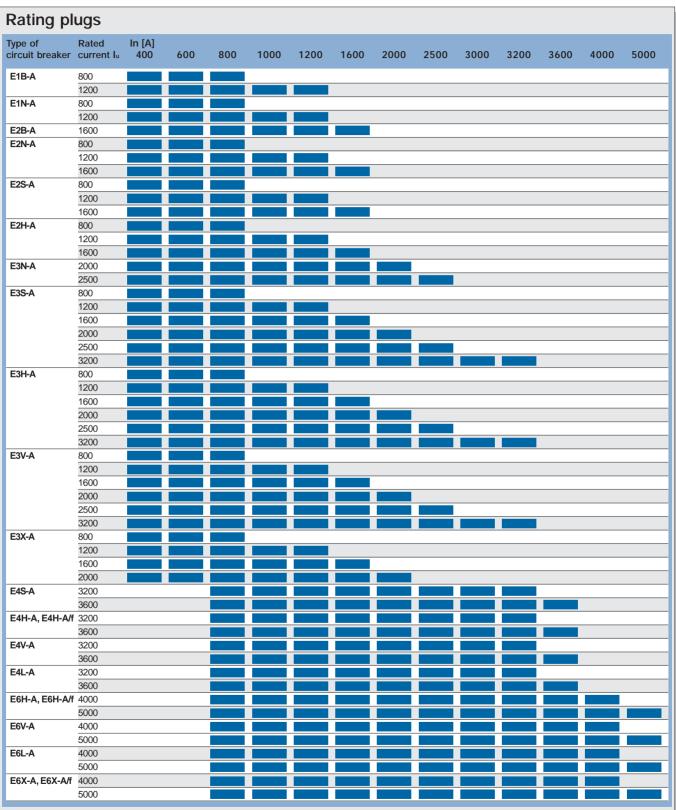
rotection functions	PR121	PR122	PR123
Protection against overload with inverse long time-delay trip			
Selective protection against short circuit inverse or definite short time-delay trip			
Second selective protection against short circuit inverse or definite short time-delay trip			
Protection against instantaneous short circuit with adjustable trip current threshold	•		
Protection against ground fault residual source ground return	•		
Protection against directional short circuit with adjustable time-delay			•
Protection against phase unbalance			
Protection against overtemperature (check)			
Undervoltage protection		opt. ⁽¹⁾	-
Overvoltage protection		opt. ⁽¹⁾	-
Residual voltage protection		opt. ⁽¹⁾	
		<u>'</u>	
Reverse active power protection		opt. ⁽¹⁾	
Thermal memory for functions L and S		. (4)	
Underfrequency protection		opt. ⁽¹⁾	
Overfrequency protection		opt. ⁽¹⁾	
Measurements			
Currents (phases, neutral, ground fault)			
/oltage (phase-phase, phase-neutral, residual)		opt. ⁽¹⁾	
Power (active, reactive, apparent)		opt.(1)	
Power factor requency and peak factor		opt. ⁽¹⁾	
Energy (active, reactive, apparent, meter)		opt. ⁽¹⁾	
Harmonics analisys (display of wave forms and harmonics module)		ори.	
Event marking and maintenance data			
Event marking with the instant it occurred	opt.(2)		•
Chronological event storage	opt.(2)		
Electrical operations counter and contact wear		-	
Communication with supervision system and centralised control (IEC only)			
Remote setting of the protection functions parameter, unit configuration, communication		opt.(3)	opt.(3)
Fransmission of measurements, states and alarms from circuit breaker to system		opt. ⁽³⁾	opt.(3)
ransmission of events and maintenance data from circuit breaker to system		opt. ⁽³⁾	opt.(3)
Vatchdog			
Nam and trip for release overtemperature			
Check of trip status			
nterface with the user			
resetting by means of dip switches	-		
Presetting by means of keys and LCD viewer			
Alarm signals for functions L, S, I and G	•	•	•
Alarm signal of one of the following protections: undervoltage, overtomersture		opt. ⁽¹⁾	
esidual voltage, reverse power, phase unbalance, overtemperature Complete management of pre-alarms and alarms for all the self-control protection functions		opt.**/	
Enabling password for use with consultation in "READ" mode or consultation and setting in "EDIT" m	ode		
oad control			
oad connection and disconnection according to the current passing through the circuit breaker		•	•
Cone discrimination Can be activated for protection functions S, G and (PR123 only) D			
and the state of the procession random of the and the terms of the			

(1) with PR120/V; (2) with BT030 communication unit; (3) with PR120/D-M.

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Rating plugs





Compliance with Standards

Standards, approvals, certifications and company quality System

The Emax power circuit breakers conform with the ANSI C37.13, C37.16, C37.17 and C37.50 Standards and are UL 1066 certified.

The UL 1066 certification allows Emax to be used in UL 1558 switchgears, gear UL891 Low Voltage switchboards and CSA C22.2 no. 31 Switchgear Assemblies.

All the Emax circuit breakers and their accessories are also available in the versions complying with the International IEC 60947, EN 60947 (harmonized in 28 CENELEC countries), CEI EN 60947 and IEC 61000 Standards and conform with the following EC directives:

- "Low Voltage Directive" (LVD) no. 2006/95/CE (replaces 72/23/EEC and subsequent amendments)
- "Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive" (EMC) no. 89/336
 EEC.

The main versions of the equipment are approved by the following Shipping Registries:

- ABS (American Bureau of Shipping)
- RINA (Italian Shipping Register)
- Det Norske Veritas
- Bureau Veritas
- Germanischer Lloyd
- Lloyd's Register of Shipping
- Polski Reiestr Statkow
- Gost
- NK

Certification of conformity with the aforementioned product Standards is carried out in compliance with the EN 45011 European Standard by the Italian certification body ACAE (Associazione per la Certificazione delle Apparecchiature Elettriche - Association for Certification of Electrical Equipment), recognized by the European organization LOVAG (Low Voltage Agreement Group).























Note: Contact ABB for a list of approved types of circuit breakers, approved performance data and the corresponding validity

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Compliance with Standards

A design dedicated to quality and respect for the environment

Quality has always been the leading commitment of ABB. This commitment involves every function of the company, and has allowed us to achieve prestigious recognition internationally.



The company's Quality System is certified by RINA, one of the most prestigious international certification bodies, and complies with ISO 9001 Standards; the ABB test facility is accredited by SINAL; the plants in Frosinone, Patrica, Vittuone and Garbagnate Monastero are also certified in compliance with OHSAS 18001 Standards for health and safety in the workplace.

ABB SACE, Italy's first industrial company in the electro-mechanical sector to achieve this, has been able to reduce its raw material consumption and machining scrap by 20% thanks to an ecology-orientated revision of its manufacturing process. All of the company's Divisions are involved in streamlining raw material and energy consumption, preventing pollution, limiting noise pollution and reducing scrap resulting from manufacturing processes, as well as to carrying out periodic environmental audits of its leading suppliers.

ABB is committed to environmental protection, as is also evidenced by the Life Cycle Assessments (LCA) of products carried out at the Research Center: this means assessment and improvement of

the environmental performance of products throughout their life cycle are included right from the initial design engineering stage. The materials, processes and packaging used are chosen with a view to optimizing the actual environmental impact of each product, including its energy efficiency and recyclability.









Installations

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Installation in switchboards and switchgears Modular design

To allow easier installation and integration in Low Voltage switchgears and switchboards, the Emax series have been built with a modular design criteria, thanks to the same depth and height for all the sizes, as well as a significant reduction in their overall installation dimensions.

The front shield of the circuit breaker is identical for the entire series. This simplifies the construction of the switchboard doors since only one type of cut out is required and makes the front of the switchboards and switchgears the same for all sizes.



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Installation in switchboards and switchgears Selecting the type of circuit breaker

Number of poles

The choice of the number of poles for circuit breakers that simultaneously provide switching, protection and isolation functions in three-phase installations depends on the type of electrical system and the type of utilization or, more generally, whether it includes neutral.

Fixed or draw out version

The fixed version of the circuit breaker is more compact in size than the draw out version. It is recommended for installations that can tolerate service interruptions in the event of faults or routine maintenance.

The draw out version of the circuit breaker is recommended for

- applications that can only tolerate brief interruptions due to faults or routine maintenance.
- dual lines, one of which is a standby for the other, with a single circuit breaker for each pair.



ABB 2/3



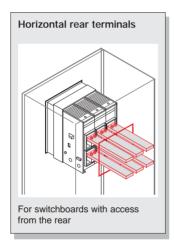
Installation in switchboards and switchgears Selecting the type of circuit breaker

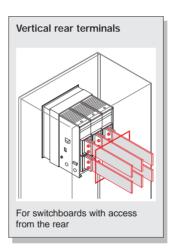
Connecting the main circuit breaker circuits

When designing switchboards, one must always keep in mind the problem of making the most rational connections between the circuit breaker and main busbar system.

The Emax series offers a range of options to satisfy different circuit breaker connection requirements.

The figures below provide some indications for terminal selection.





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Power losses

The following table provides the power loss for fixed and draw out circuit breakers.

Power loss			
Circuit breaker	lu	Fixed 3/4 poles	Withdrawable 3/4 poles
	[A]	[W]	[W]
E1B-A/N-A	800	65	95
	1200	138	212
	1600	253	378
E2B-A/N-A/S-A/H-A	800	29	54
	1200	65	120
	1600	115	215
	2000	180	330
E3N-A/S-A/H-A/V-A	800	25	37
	1200	55	83
	1600	85	150
	2000	130	225
	2500	205	350
	3200	330	570
E3X-A	800	34	53
	1200	77	119
	1600	138	211
	2000	215	330
E4S-A/H-A/V-A/H-A/f	3000	207	374
	3200	230	422
	3600	292	535
E4L-A	3200	340	541
	3600	430	684
E6H-A/V-A/X-A/X-A/f	4000	265	445
	5000	415	700
E6L-A	4000	432	656
	5000	675	1025

Note

The values indicated refer to balanced loads, with a current equal to the circuit breaker rating, and automatic circuit breakers.

Derating in altitude

Emax power circuit breakers do not undergo any changes in their rated performance up to an altitude of 6600 ft (2000 meters).

As the altitude increases the atmospheric properties alter in terms of composition, dielectric capacity, cooling power and pressure.

The performance of the circuit breakers therefore undergoes derating which can be measured through the variation in significant parameters, such as the maximum rated operating voltage and the rated uninterrupted current.

The table below shows the values in relation to altitude.

	[ft]	<6600	9900	13200	16500
	[m]	2000	3000	4000	5000
Ue	[V]	600	600	500	440
In	[A]	In	0.98xIn	0.93xIn	0.90xIn
	Ue In	[m] Ue [V]	[m] 2000 Ue [V] 600	[m] 2000 3000 Ue [V] 600 600	[m] 2000 3000 4000 Ue [V] 600 600 500

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Electronic trip units and related accessories

Contents

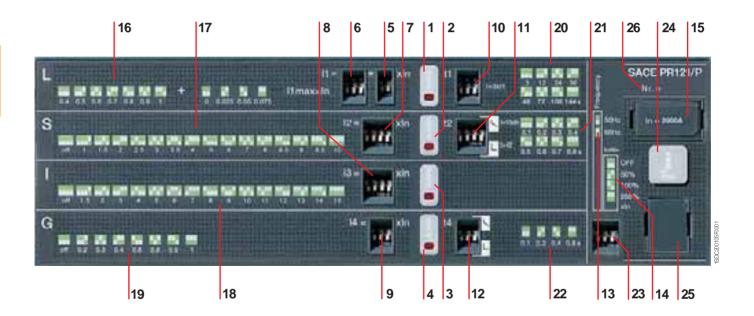
Trip units and trip curves

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PR120/V Measurement Module	3 /33
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Characteristics

PR121/P is the new basic and complete trip unit for the Emax series. The complete range of protection functions together with the wide combination of thresholds and trip times offered make it suitable for protecting a wide range of alternating current installation. In addition to protection functions the unit is provided with multifunction LED indicators. Furthermore, PR121/P allows connection to external devices enhancing its advanced characteristics like remote signaling and monitoring, or remote supervision display.



Caption

- 1 LED signaling Alarm for protection function L
- 2 LED signaling Alarm for protection function S
- **3** LED signaling Alarm for protection function I
- **4** LED signaling Alarm for protection function G
- **5** DIP switches for fine setting current threshold I1
- 6 DIP switches for main setting current threshold I1
- 7 DIP switches for setting current threshold I2
- **8** DIP switches for setting current threshold I3

- **9** DIP switches for setting current threshold I4
- **10** DIP switches for setting trip time t1 (type of curve)
- **11** DIP switches for setting trip time t2 (type of curve)
- **12** DIP switches for setting trip time t4 (type of curve)
- 13 Indication of the DIP switch position for network frequency
- **14** Indication of the DIP switch position for Neutral protection setting
- 15 Rating plug
- **16** Indication of the DIP switch positions for the various current thresholds values I1

- 17 Indication of the DIP switch positions for the various current threshold values I2
- 18 Indication of the DIP switch positions for the various current threshold values I3
- **19** Indication of the DIP switch positions for the various current threshold values I4
- **20** Indication of DIP switch positions for the various time settings t1
- **21** Indication of DIP switch positions for the various time settings t2
- 22 Indication of DIP switch positions for the various time settings t4
- 23 DIP switch for setting network frequency and neutral protection setting

- 24 Trip cause indication and trip test pushbutton
- 25 Test connector for connecting or testing the trip unit through an external device (PR030/B battery unit, BT030 wireless communication unit and PR010/T unit)
- **26** Serial number of protection trip unit

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Operation and protection functions

Protection functions

The PR121 trip unit offers the following protection functions:

- overload (L)
- selective short circuit (S)
- instantaneous short circuit (I)
- ground fault G).

Overload (L)

The long time-delay trip protection L is type $I^2t = k$; 25 current thresholds and 8 curves are available. Each curve is identified by the trip time in relation to the current $I = 3 \times I1$ (I = set threshold).

Selective short circuit (S)

The selective short circuit protection S can be set with two different types of curves with a trip time independent of the current (t = k) or with a con-

stant specific let-through energy ($t = k/l^2$).

15 current thresholds and 4 curves are available, allowing a fine setting. Each curve is identified as follows:

- for curves t = k by the trip time for l > l2
- for curves $t = k/l^2$ by the trip time for l = 10xln (ln = ratedcurrent of the circuit breaker).

The function can be excluded by setting the DIP switch combination to "OFF".

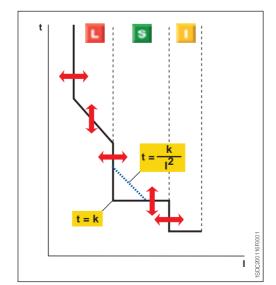
Adjustable instantaneous short circuit (I)

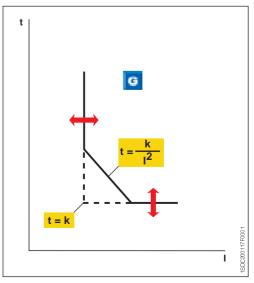
The protection I offers 15 trip thresholds and can be excluded (dip switches in "OFF" position).

Ground fault (G)

The ground fault protection G (which can be excluded) offers 7 current thresholds and 3 curves. Each curve is identified by the time t4 in relation to current I4. As per S protection the trip time can be chosen independent of the current (t = k) or with a constant specific let-through energy $(t = k/l^2)$.

Note: the maximum value for the function G is 1200 A and this function is repressed for fault current values higher than the values shown in table below.







Trip units and trip curves PR121/P

User interface

The trip unit can be set by using the dip switches on the front.

Up to four LEDs (according to the version) are also available for signaling.

These LEDs (one for each protection) are active when:

- a protection is timing. For protection L the prealarm status is also shown;
- a protection has tripped (the corresponding LED is activated by pressing the "Info/Test" pushbutton);
- a failure in connection of a current sensor or in the opening solenoid is detected. The indication is active when the unit is powered (through current sensors or an auxiliary power supply)
- wrong rating plug for the circuit breaker.

The protection tripped indication works even with the circuit breaker open, without the need for any internal or external auxiliary power supply. This information is available for 48 hours of inactivity after the trip and is still available after reclosing. If the query is made more than 48 hours later it is sufficient to connect a PR030/B battery unit, PR010/T, or a BT030 wireless communication unit.

Communication

By means of the BT030 wireless communication unit, PR121/P can be connected to a pocket PC (PDA) or to a personal computer, extending the range of information available for the user. In fact, by means of ABB's SD-Pocket communication software, it is possible to read the values of the currents flowing through the circuit breaker, the value of the last 20 interrupted currents, and the protection settings.

PR121 can also be connected to the optional external PR021/K signaling unit, for the remote signaling of protections alarms and trips, and to HMI030, for the remote user interfacing.

Setting the neutral

Protection of the neutral can be set at 50%, 100% or 200% of the phase currents. Settings above 50% can be selected for E1-E2-E3-E4/f and E6/f. In particular, setting the neutral at 200% of phase current requires protection L to be set at 0.5In in order to respect the current-carrying capacity of the circuit breaker. The user can also switch the neutral protection OFF. When three-poles circuit breakers with external neutral current sensor are used, a setting above 100% for the neutral does not require any reduction in the L setting.

Test Function

A trip test can be carried out using the info/Test pushbutton and the PR030/B battery unit (or BT030).

The PR121/P electronic trip unit can be tested by using the PR010/T test and configuration unit by connecting it to the TEST connector.

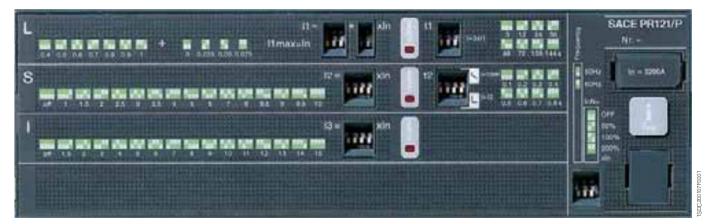
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Versions available

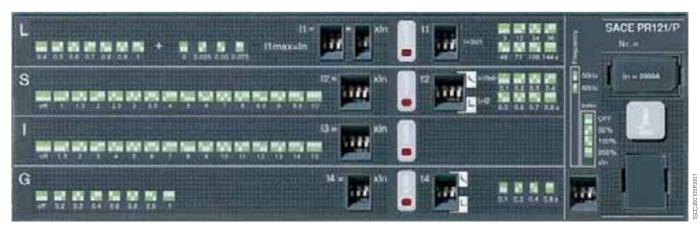
The following versions are available:



PR121/P LI



PR121/P LSI



PR121/P LSIG



Trip units and trip curves PR121/P

Prot	Protection functions and setting values - PR121							
Functi	on	Trip threshold	Trip time*	Can be excluded	Relation t=f(I)			
L	Overload protection	I1= 0.4 - 0.425 - 0.45 - 0.475 - 0.5 - 0.525 - 0.55 - 0.575 - 0.6 - 0.625 - 0.65 - 0.675 - 0.7 - 0.725 - 0.75 - 0.775 - 0.8 - 0.825 - 0.85 - 0.875 0.9 - 0.925 - 0.95 - 0.975 - 1 x ln	At current If = 3 x I1 t1 = 3 - 12 - 24 - 36 - 48 - 72 - 108 - 144 s	_ (1)	t=k/l ²			
	Tolerance (2)	Release between 1.05 and 1.2 x I1	$\pm 10\%$ If $\le 6 \times In$ $\pm 20\%$ If $> 6 \times In$					
s	Selective short-circuit protection	12 = 1 - 1.5 - 2 - 2.5 - 3 - 3.5 - 4 - 5 6 - 7 - 8 - 8.5 - 9 - 9.5 - 10 x ln	At current If > 12 t2 = $0.1 - 0.2 - 0.3 - 0.4$ s	•	t=k			
	Tolerance (2)	$\pm 7\%$ If $\le 6 \times In$ $\pm 10\%$ If $> 6 \times In$	The best of the given: ± 10% or ± 40 ms					
		12 = 1 - 1.5 - 2 - 2.5 - 3 - 3.5 - 4 - 5 6 - 7 - 8 - 8.5 - 9 - 9.5 - 10 x ln	At current If = $10 \times In$ t2 = 0.1 - 0.2 - 0.3 - 0.4 s	•	t=k/l ²			
	Tolerance (2)	$\pm 7\%$ If $\le 6 \times \ln$ $\pm 10\%$ If $> 6 \times \ln$	$\pm 15\%$ If $\le 6 \times In$ $\pm 20\%$ If $> 6 \times In$					
	Instantaneous short-circuit protection	13 = 1.5 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 10 - 11 - 12 - 13 - 14 - 15 x ln	Instantaneous	•	t=k			
	Tolerance (2)	± 10%	≤ 30 ms					
G	Ground fault protection	14 = 0.2 - 0.3 - 0.4 - 0.6 - 0.8 - 0.9 - 1 x ln ⁽³⁾	At current If > 14 t4 = 0.1 - 0.2 - 0.4 s	•	t=k			
	Tolerance (2)	± 7%	The best of the given: ± 10% or ± 40 ms					
		14 = 0.2 - 0.3 - 0.4 - 0.6 - 0.8 - 0.9 - 1 x ln ⁽³⁾	At current $ f = 4.47 \times 14 f = 3.16 \times 14 f = 2 $		t=k/l ²			
	Tolerance (2)	± 7%	± 15%					

^{* =} referring to the electronics

In all cases not covered by the above hypotheses, the following tolerance values are valid:

	Trip threshold	Trip time
L	Release between 1.05 and 1.2 x l1	± 20%
S	± 10%	± 20%
Ī	± 15%	≤ 60ms
G	± 15%	± 20%
_		

Power supply

The unit does not require an external power supply either for protection functions or for alarm signaling functions. It is self-supplied by means of the current sensors installed on the circuit breaker. For it to operate, it is sufficient for the three phase to be loaded at 70 A for E1, E2 and E3, and 140 A for E4 and E6. An external power supply can be connected in order to activate additional features, and in particular for connection to external devices: HMI030 and PR021/K.

	PR121/P	
Auxiliary power supply (galvanically insulated)	24 V DC ± 20%	
Maximum ripple	5%	
Inrush current @ 24V	~10 A for 5 ms	_
Rated power @ 24V	~2 W	

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If = fault current

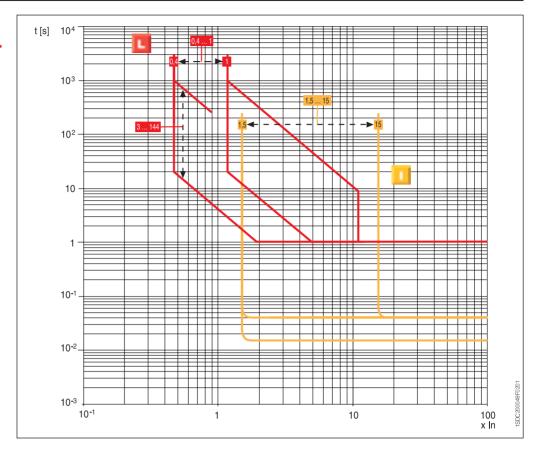
 $⁽¹⁾ The \, minimum \, trip \, time \, is \, 1 \, \, s, regardless \, of \, the \, type \, of \, curve \, set \, (self-protection)$

⁽²⁾ These tolerances are valid with the following hypotheses:

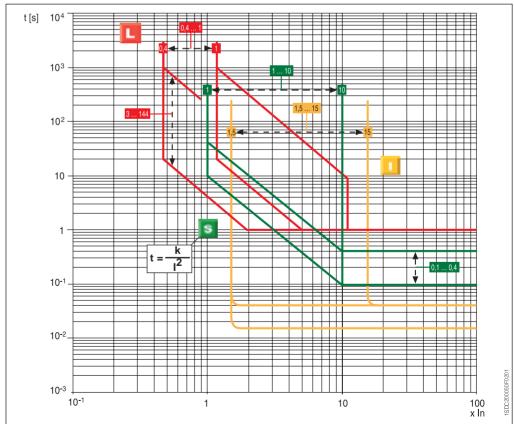
⁻ trip unit self supplied when running (without start-up)
- two-phase or three-phase power supply

⁽³⁾ The maximum value for G protection is 1200 A

Functions L-I



Functions L-S-I

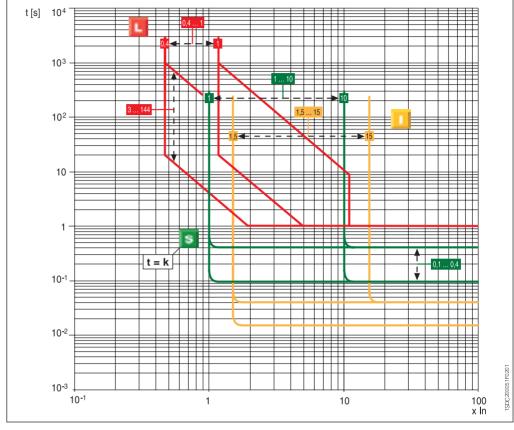


Threshold and trip times tolerances page 3/6



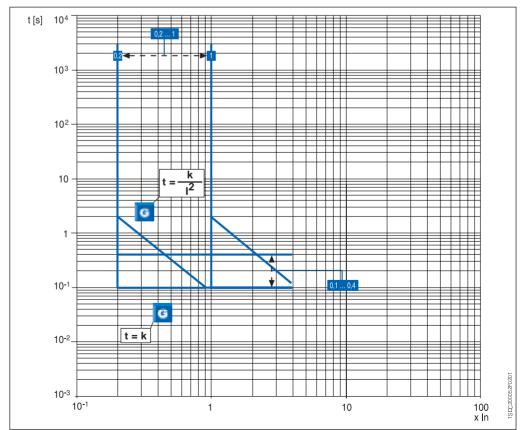
PR121/P

Functions L-S-I



Function G

Note: The maximum value for G protection is



Threshold and trip times tolerances page 3/6



Trip units and trip curves PR122/P

Characteristics

The PR122 trip unit is an advanced and flexible protection system based on a state-of-the art microprocessor and DSP technology. Fitted with the optional internal PR120/D-M dialogue unit, PR122/P turns into an intelligent protection, measurement and communication device, based on the Modbus® protocol. By means of the PR120/D-M, PR122/P can also be connected to the ABB EP010 Fieldbus plug adapter, which makes it possible to choose among several different networks, such as Profibus and DeviceNet (IEC only).

The new PR122/P is the result of ABB's experience in designing trip units.

The exhaustive range of settings makes this trip unit ideal for general use in any type of installation, from distribution to the protection of motors, transformers, drives and generators.

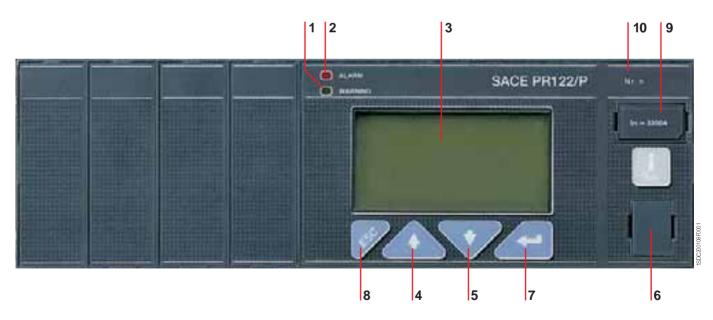
Access to information and programming using a keyboard and graphic liquid crystal display is extremely simple and intuitive. The interface is now common to PR122/P and PR123/P in order to give to the user maximum ease of use.

An integrated ammeter and many other additional features are provided over and above the protection functions. These additional functions can be further increased with addition on board of the dialogue, signaling, measurement, and wireless communication units.

Functions S and G can operate with a time delay independent of the current (t = k) or with an inverse time delay (constant specific let-through energy: $|^2t = k$), as required.

Protection against ground faults can also be obtained by connecting the PR122 trip unit to an external toroid located on the conductor that connects the transformer star centre to ground (homopolar toroid).

All the thresholds and trip curve delays of the protection functions are stored in special memories which retain the information even when no power is supplied.



Caption

- 1 LEDWarning indicator
- 2 Alarm LED
- 3 Rear-lit graphic display
- 4 Cursor UP button
- 5 Cursor DOWN button
- 6 Test connector for connecting or testing the trip unit by means of an external device (PR030/B battery unit, BT030 wireless communication unit and PR010/T unit)
- 7 ENTER button to confirm data or change pages
- **8** Button to exit submenus or cancel operations (ESC)
- 9 Rating plug
- **10** Serial number of protection trip unit



(1) When three-pole circuit breakers with external neutral current sensor are used, a

setting above 100% for the neutral does not

require any reduction in the L setting up to lu N

Trip units and trip curves

PR122/P

Operation, protection functions and self-test

Basic Protection functions

The PR122 trip unit offers the following protection functions (according to the version):

- overload (L)
- selective short circuit (S)
- instantaneous short circuit (I)
- ground fault (G)
- phase unbalance (U)
- self-protection against overtemperature (OT)
- thermal memory for functions L and S
- zone discrimination for functions S and G
- source ground return with external toroid

Setting the neutral

In PR122/P, and PR123/P as well, the neutral protection is 50% of the value set for phase protection in the standard version. The neutral protection can be excluded or set to

100% for E1, E2, E3, E4/f and E6/f. In installations where very high harmonics occur, the resulting current at the neutral can be higher than that of the phases. Therefore it is possible to set the neutral protection at 150% or 200% of the value set for the phases. In this case it is necessary to reduce the setting of protection L accordingly (1).

The table below lists the neutral settings for the various possible combinations between type of circuit breaker and the threshold |1 setting.

Start-up function

The start-up function allows protections S, I and G to operate with higher trip thresholds during the start-up phase. This avoids untimely tripping caused by the high inrush cur-

rents of certain loads (motors, transformers, lamps).

The start-up phase lasts from 0.1 s to 30 s, in steps of 0.05 s. It is automatically recognized by the PR122 trip unit as when the peak value of the maximum current exceeds start-up threshold set by user. A new start-up becomes possible after the current has fallen below the threshold set by user.

Adjustable neutral protection settings								
Threshold I1 settings (overload protection)								
Circuit breaker model	0.4 ≤ I1 ≤ 0.5	0.5 < I1 ≤ 0.66	0.66 < I1 ≤ 1(*)					
E1B-A / N-A	0-50-100-150-200%	0-50-100-150%	0-50-100%					
E2B-A / N-A / S-A / H-A	0-50-100-150-200%	0-50-100-150%	0-50-100%					
E3N-A / S-A / H-A / V-A / X-A	0-50-100-150-200%	0-50-100-150%	0-50-100%					
E4S-A / H-A / V-A / L-A	0-50-100%	0-50%	0-50%					
E4H-A/f	0-50-100-150-200%	0-50-100-150%	0-50-100%					
E6H-A / V-A / L-A / X-A	0-50-100%	0-50%	0-50%					
E6H-A/f / X-A/f	0-50-100-150-200%	0-50-100-150%	0-50-100%					

(*) The setting I1 = 1 indicates the maximum overload protection setting. The actual maximum setting allowable must take into account any derating based on temperature, the terminals used and the altitude (see the "Installations" chapter)

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Phase unbalance protection U

Protection function U against phase unbalance is used in those situations requiring particularly precise control over missing and/or unbalanced phase currents, giving only pre-alarm signaling. This function can be excluded.

Protection against over-temperature

The range of PR122 trip units allows the presence of abnormal temperatures, which could cause temporary or continuous malfunctions of the microprocessor, to be signalled to the user. The user has the following signals or commands available:

- lighting up of the "Warning" LED when the temperature is higher than 158 °F / 70 °C (temperature at which the microprocessor is still able to operate correctly)
- lighting up of the "Alarm" LED when the temperature is higher than 185 °F / 85 °C (temperature above which the microprocessor can no longer guarantee correct operation) and, when decided during the unit configuration stage, simultaneous opening of the circuit breaker with indication of the trip directly on the display, as for the other protections.

Zone discrimination for protections S and G

Zone discrimination is one of the most advanced methods for making co-ordination of the protections: by using this protection philosophy, it is possible to reduce the trip times of the protection closest to the fault in relation to the times foreseen by time discrimination, of which zone discrimination is an evolution.

Zone discrimination is applicable to protection functions S and G, even contemporarily and is

available as standard on the PR122.

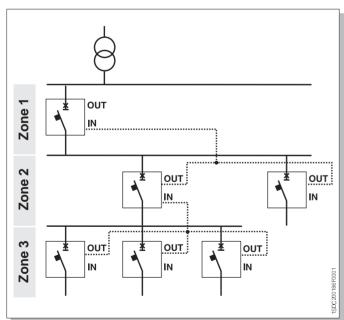
The word "zone" is used to refer to the part of an installation

between two circuit breakers in series (see picture beside). Protection is provided by connecting all of the zone discrimination outputs of the trip units belonging to the same zone together and taking this signal to the zone discrimination input of the trip unit immediately to the supply side.

Each circuit breaker that detects a fault communicates this to the circuit breaker on the supply side using a simple connection wire. Therefore the fault zone is the zone immediately to the load side of the circuit breaker that detects the fault, but does not receive any communication from those on the load side. This circuit breaker opens without waiting for the set time-delay.

ABB provides important calculation tools to facilitate the work of designers in coordinating protection devices, including the Slide rule kits, DOCWin and CAT software packages and updated coordination charts.

The zone discrimination function S and G can be activated or deactivated using the keyboard.





PR122/P

Self-diagnosis

The PR122 range of trip units contains an electronic circuit which periodically checks the continuity of internal connections (opening solenoid or each current sensor, including the Source Ground Return when present).

In the case of a malfunction an alarm message appears directly on the display. The alarm is highlighted by the alarm LED as well.

Test Functions

Once enabled from the menu, the "info/Test" pushbutton on the front of the trip unit allows correct operation of the chain consisting of the microprocessor, opening solenoid and circuit breaker tripping mechanism to be checked.

The control menu also includes the option of testing correct operation of the display, signaling LEDs, and electrical contacts of the PR120/K trip unit.

By means of the front multi-pin connector it is possible to apply a PR010/T Test unit which allows the functions of the PR121, PR122 and PR123 ranges of trip units to be tested and checked. Trip test can be carried out by using PR030/B when auxiliary power supply is not present.

User interface

The human-machine interface (HMI) of the device is made up of a wide graphic display, LEDs, and browsing pushbuttons. The interface is designed to provide maximum simplicity.

The language can be selected from among five available options: English, Italian, German, French and Spanish.

As in the previous generation of trip units, a password system is used to manage the "Read" or "Edit" modes. The default password, 0001, can be modified by the user.

The protection parameters (curves and trip thresholds) can be set directly via the HMI of the device. The parameters can only be changed when the trip unit is operating in "Edit" mode, but the information available and the parameter settings can be checked at any time in "Read" mode.

When a communication device (internal PR120/D-M and PR120/D-BT modules or external BT030 device) is connected, it is possible to set parameters simply by downloading them into the unit (by using the SD-Pocket software and a PDA or a notebook for PR120/D-BT and BT030). Parameterisation can then be carried out quickly and automatically in an error-free way by transferring data directly from DocWin.

Indicator LEDs

LEDs on the front panel of the trip unit are used to indicate all the pre-alarms ("WARNING") and alarms ("ALARM"). A message on the display always explicitly indicates the type of event concerned.

Example of events indicated by the "WARNING" LED:

- unbalance between phases;
- pre-alarm for overload (L1>90%);
- first temperature threshold exceeded (158 °F / 70 °C);
- contact wear beyond 80%;
- phase rotation reversed (with optional PR120/V)

Example of events indicated by the "ALARM" LED:

- overload (may begin from 1.05xl1<l<1.3xl1, in accordance with the standard IEC 60947-2);
- timing of function L;
- timing of function S;
- timing of function G;
- second temperature threshold exceeded (185 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ / 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$);
- contact wear 100%;
- timing of Reverse Power flow protection (with optional PR120/V);

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Data logger

By default PR122/P, as well as PR123, is provided with the Data Logger function, that automatically records in a wide memory buffer the instantaneous values of all the currents and voltages. Data can be easily downloaded from the unit by means of SD-Pocket or TestBus2 applications using a Bluetooth port and can be transferred to any personal computer for elaboration. The function freezes the recording whenever a trip occurs, so that a detailed analysis of faults can be easily performed. SD-Pocket and TestBus2 allow also reading and downloading of all the others trip information.

- Number of channels: 8
- Maximum sampling rate: 4800 Hz
- Maximum sampling time: 27 s (@ sampling rate 600 Hz)
- 64 events tracking

Trip information and opening data

In case a trip occurs PR122/P and PR123/P store all the needed information:

- Protection tripped
- Opening data (current)
- Time stamp (guaranteed with auxiliary supply or self-supply with power failure no longer than 48h)

By pushing the "info/Test" pushbutton the trip unit shows all these data directly on display. No auxiliary power supply is needed. The information is available to user for 48 hours with the circuit breaker open or without current flowing.

The information of the latest 20 trips are stored in memory.

If the information can be furthermore retrieved more than 48 hours later, it is sufficient to connect a PR030/B battery unit or a BT030 wireless communication unit.

Load control

Load control makes it possible to engage/disengage individual loads on the load side before the overload protection L is tripped, thereby avoiding unnecessary trips of the circuit breaker on the supply side. This is done by means of contactors or switches (externally wired to the trip unit), controlled by the PR122 by PR120/K internal contacts, or by PR021/K unit.

Two different Load Control schemes can be implemented:

- disconnection of two separate loads, with different current thresholds
- connection and disconnection of a load, with hysteresis

Current thresholds and trip times are smaller than those available for selection with protection L, so that load control can be used to prevent overload tripping.

Internal PR120/K or external PR021/K accessory unit is required for Load Control. The function is only active when an auxiliary power supply is present.



Trip units and trip curves PR122/P

PR120/V Measurement Module



This optional internal module, installed in PR122 (standard in PR123), allows the trip unit to measure the phase and neutral voltages and to process them in order to achieve a series of features, in terms of protection and measurement.

PR120/V does not normally require any external connection or Voltage Transformer, since it is connected internally to the lower terminals of Emax. When necessary, the connection of voltage pick-ups can be moved to any other points (i.e. upper terminals), by using the alternative connection located in the terminal box. The module is provided with a sealable switch for the dielectric test. PR120/V is able to energize the PR122 when line voltage input is above 85V. The use of Voltage Transformers is mandatory for rated voltages higher than 690V.

Voltage transformers shall have burdens equal to 10VA and accuracy class 0.5 or better.

Additional Protections with PR120/V:

- Undervoltage (UV) protection
- Overvoltage (OV) protection
- Residual voltage (RV) protection
- Reverse power (RP) protection
- Underfrequency (UF) protection
- Overfrequency (OF) protection
- Phase sequence (alarm only)

All the above indicated protections can be excluded, although it is possible to leave only the alarm active when required.

With the circuit breaker closed, these protections also operate when the trip unit is self-supplied. With the circuit breaker open, they operate when the auxiliary power supply (24V DC or PR120/V) is present: in this case the trip unit will indicate the "ALARM" status.

Voltage protections UV, OV, RV

The residual voltage protection RV identifies interruptions of the neutral (or of the grounding conductor in systems with grounding neutral) and faults that shift the star centre in systems with insulated neutral (e.g. large ground faults). The star centre shift is calculated as a vectorial sum of the phase voltages.

Reverse power protection RP

Reverse power protection is especially suitable for protecting large machines such as motors and generators. The PR122 with the PR120/V module can analyse the direction of the active power and open the circuit breaker if the direction is opposite to that of normal operation. The reverse power threshold and the trip time are adjustable.

Frequency protections UF, OF

The frequency protections detect the variation of network frequency above adjustable thresholds, generating an alarm or opening the circuit breaker. It is a protection typically needed in an isolated network, i.e. powered by a genset.

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Measurement function

The current measurement function (ammeter) is present on all versions of the PR122 unit. The display shows histograms showing the currents of the three phases and neutral on the main page. Furthermore, the most loaded phase current is indicated in numerical format. Ground fault current, where applicable, is shown on a dedicated page.

The latter current value takes on two different meanings depending on whether the external toroidal transformer for the "Source Ground Return" function or the internal transformer (residual type) is connected.

The ammeter can operate either with self-supply or with an auxiliary power supply voltage. In the latter case the display is rear-lit and the ammeter is active even at current levels lower than 160A.

Accuracy of the ammeter measurement chain (current sensor plus ammeter) is no more than 1.5% in the 30% - 120% current interval of In.

- Currents: three phases (L1, L2, L3), neutral (Ne) and ground fault;
- Instantaneous values of currents during a period of time (data logger);
- Maintenance: number of operations, percentage of contact wear, opening data storage (last 20 trips and 80 events).

When the optional PR120/V is connected the following additional measurement function are present:

- Voltage: phase-phase, phase-neutral and residual voltage
- Instantaneous values of voltages during a period of time (data logger);
- Power: active, reactive and apparent
- Power factor
- Frequency and peak factor
- Energy: active, reactive, apparent, counter

Versions available

The following versions are available:



PR122/P LI-LSI-LSIG



Trip units and trip curves PR122/P

Prot	ection func	tions and se	etting va	lues - PR122					
Function	on	Trip Threshold steps		Trip Time*	Time Step	Can be excluded	Relation t=f(I)		Zone discrimination
L	Overload protection Tolerance (2)	I1 = 0.41 x In Release between 1.05 and 1.2 x I1	0.01 x ln	At current If = 3 x I1 t1 = 3 s144 s ± 10% If ≤ 6 x In ± 20% If > 6 x In	3 s ⁽¹⁾	-	t=k/l ²	•	-
s	Selective short circuit protection Tolerance (2)	12 = 0.610 x In $\pm 7\% \text{ If } \le 6 \text{ x In}$ $\pm 10\% \text{ If } > 6 \text{ x In}$	0.1 x ln	At current If > I2 t2 = 0.05 s0.4 s (2) t2 sel = 0.04 s0.2 s The best of the two given: ± 10% or ± 40 ms	0.01 s 0.01 s	•	t=k	-	:
	Tolerance (2)	$12 = 0.610 \times In$ $\pm 7\% \text{ If } \le 6 \times In$ $\pm 10\% \text{ If } > 6 \times In$	0.1 x ln	At current If = 10 x In t2 = 0.05 s 0.4 s $\pm 15\% \text{ If } \le 6 \text{ x In}$ $\pm 20\% \text{ If } > 6 \text{ x In}$	0.01 s	•	t=k/l ²	•	-
	Instantaneous short circuit protection Tolerance (2)	I3 = 1.515 x In ± 10%	0.1 x ln	Instantaneous ≤ 30 ms	-		t=k	-	-
G	Ground fault protection Tolerance (2)	I4 = 0.21 x In (3) ±7%	0.02 x In	At current If > I4 t4 = 0.1 s0.4 s t4 sel = 0.04 s0.2 s The best of the two given: ± 10% or ± 40 ms	0.05 s 0.01 s	•	t=k	-	•
	Tolerance (2)	I4 = 0.21 x In ⁽³⁾ ± 7%	0.02 x ln	t4 = 0.1 s0.4 s ± 15%	0.05 s	•	t=k/l ²	-	-
o	Protection against overtemperature	may not be set	-	Instantaneous	_	-	temp=k	_	-
U	Phase unbalance protection Tolerance (2)	I6 = 2%90% ± 10%	1%	t6 = 0.5 s60 s The best of the two given: ± 20% or ± 100 ms	0.5 s	•	t=k	-	-

 $^{^{\}star}$ = referring to the electronics

In all cases not covered by the above hypotheses, the following tolerance values are valid:

	Trip threshold	Trip time	
L	Release between 1.05 and 1.2 x I1	± 20%	
S	± 10%	± 20%	
Ī	± 15%	≤ 60ms	
G	± 15%	± 20%	
Oth	ners	± 20%	

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II = fault current

(1) The minimum trip value is 1 s, regardless of the type of curve set (self-protection)

(2) These toler ances are valid with the following hypotheses:
- relay self-supplied when running and/or auxiliary power supply (without start-up)
- two-phase or three-phase power supply
- trip time set ≥ 100 ms

(3) The maximum value for G protection is 1200 A

Funct	ion	Trip threshold	Threshold steps	Trip Time*	Time Step	Can be excluded	Relation t=f(I)	Thermal memory	Zone discrimination
UV	Undervoltage protection Tolerance (1)	U8= 0.50.95 x Un ± 5%	0.01 x Un	At current U < U8 t8= 0.1 s5 s The best of the two given: ± 20% or ± 100 ms	0.1 s	•	t=k	-	-
ov	Overvoltage protection Tolerance (1)	U9= 1.051.2 x Un ± 5%	0.01 x Un	At current U > U9 t9= 0.1 s5 s The best of the two given: ± 20% or ± 100 ms	0.1 s		t=k	-	-
RV	Residual voltage protection Tolerance (1)	U10= 0.10.4 x Un ± 5%	0.05 x Un	At current U > U10 t10= 0.5 s30 s The best of the two given: ± 10% or ± 100 ms	0.5 s	•	t=k	-	-
RP	Reverse power protection Tolerance (1)	P11= -0.30.1 x P1 ± 10%	n0.02 x Pn	At current P < P11 t11= 0.5 s25 s The best of the two given: ± 10% or ± 100 ms	0.1 s	•	t=k	-	-
UF	Underfrequency protection Tolerance (1)	f12= 0.900.99 x fr ± 5%	0.01 x fn	At current f < f12 t9= 0.5 s3 s The best of the two given: ± 10% or ± 100 ms	0.1 s	•	t=k	-	-
OF	Overfrequency protection Tolerance (1)	f13= 1.011.10 x fr ± 5%	0.01 x fn	At current f > f13 t10= 0.5 s3 s The best of the two given: ± 10% or ± 100 ms	0.1 s	•	t=k	-	-

 $^{^* =} referring to the electronics$

Power supply

The PR122 trip unit does not normally require any external power supplies, being self-supplied from the current sensors (CS): to activate the protection and ammeter functions, it is sufficient for the three phases to be loaded at 70 A for E1, E2 and E3 and 140 A for E4 and E6.

For the display to come on, the three phases must have a current load higher than 160 A for E1, E2 and E3 and 320 A for E4 and E6.

The unit ensures fully self-supplied operation. When an auxiliary power supply is present, it is also possible to use the unit with the circuit breaker either open or closed with very low current flowing through.

It is also possible to use an auxiliary power supply provided by the PR030/B portable battery unit (always supplied), which allows the protection functions to be set when the trip unit is not self-supplied.

PR122/P stores and shows all the information needed after a trip (protection tripped, trip current, time, date). No auxiliary supply is required for this functionality.

	PR122/P	PR120/D-M	PR120/K	PR120/D-BT
Auxiliary power supply (galvanically insulated)	24 V DC ± 20%	from PR122/PR123	from PR122/PR123	from PR122/PR123
Maximum ripple	5%			
Inrush current @ 24V	~10 A for 5 ms			
Rated power @ 24V	~3 W	+1 W	+1 W	+1 W

Note:

PR120/V can give power supply to the trip unit when at least one line voltage is equal or higher to 85V RMS.

⁽¹⁾ These tolerances are valid with the following hypotheses:

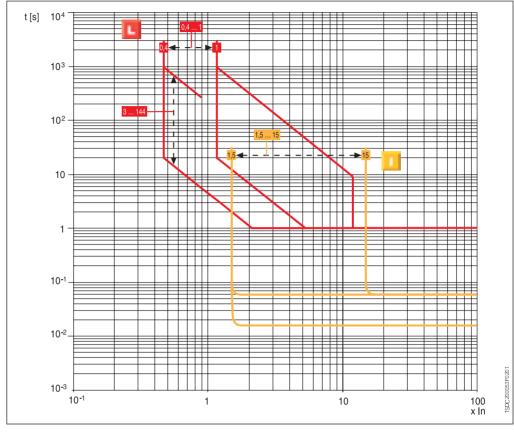
⁻ relay self-supplied when running and/or auxiliary power supply (without start-up)

⁻ two-phase or three-phase power supply

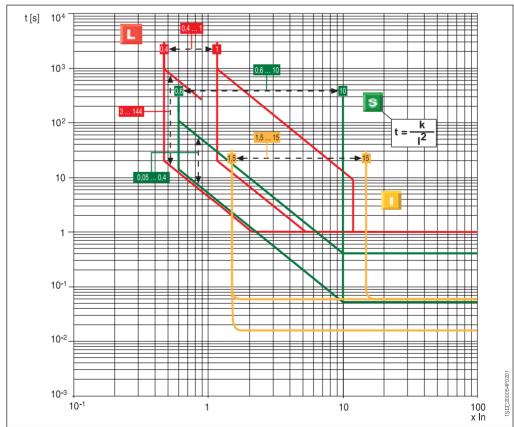


PR122/P

Functions L-I

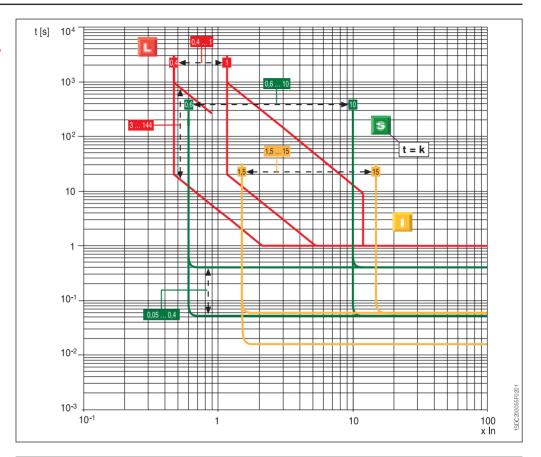


Functions L-S-I



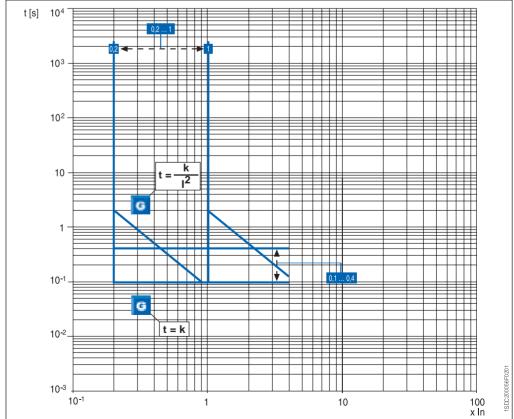
Threshold and trip times tolerances page 3/16

Functions L-S-I



Function G

Note: The maximum value for G protection is 1200A

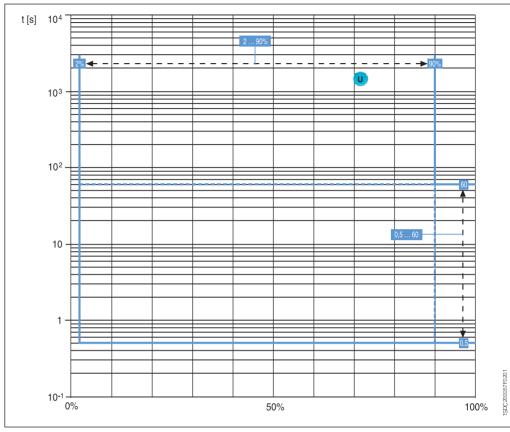


Threshold and trip times tolerances page 3/16

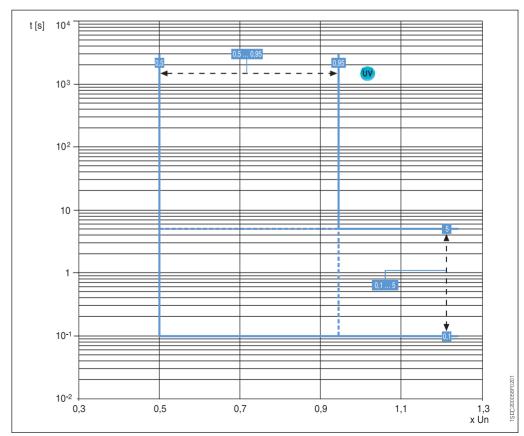


PR122/P

Function U

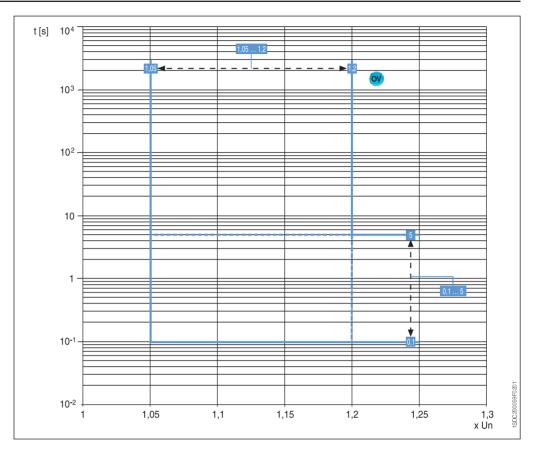


Function UV

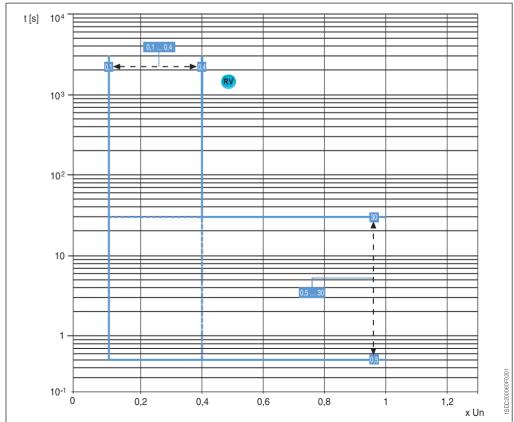


Threshold and trip times tolerances page 3/16

Function OV



Function RV

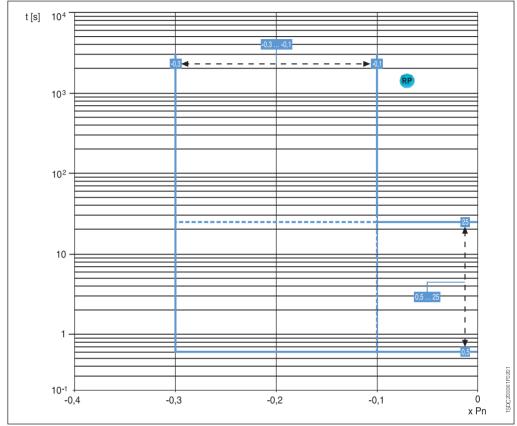


Threshold and trip times tolerances page 3/16



PR122/P

Function RP





Trip units and trip curves PR123/P

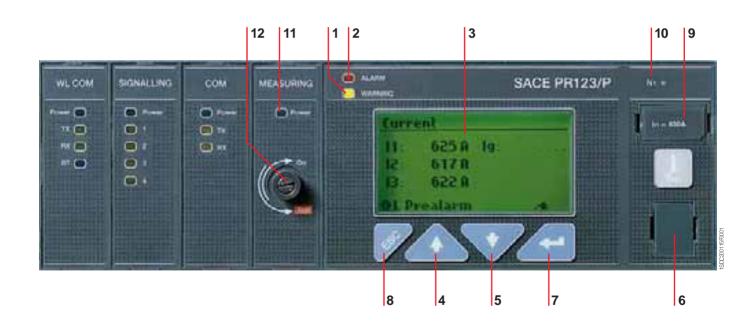
Characteristics

The PR123 protection trip unit completes the range of trip units available for the Emax family of circuit breakers.

It is a high-performance and extraordinarily versatile trip unit, capable of offering a complete set of functions for protection, measurement, signaling, data storage and control of the circuit breaker, and it represents the benchmark in low voltage protection units for circuit breakers.

The front interface of the unit, common to PR122/P, is extremely simple thanks to the aid of the liquid crystal graphics display. It can show diagrams, bar graphs, measurements and sine curves for the various electrical values.

PR123 integrates all the features offered by PR122/P plus a series of evolute functionalities. As well as PR122 it can be integrated with the additional features provided by internal modules and external accessories.



Caption

- 1 LED Warning indicator
- 2 Alarm LED
- 3 Rear-lit graphic display
- 4 Cursor UP button
- 5 Cursor DOWN button
- 6 Test connector for connecting or testing the trip unit by means of an external device (PR030/B battery unit, BT030 wireless communication unit and PR010/T unit)
- 7 ENTER button to confirm data or change pages
- 8 Button to exit submenus or cancel operations (ESC)
- 9 Rating plug
- **10** Serial number of protection trip unit
- 11 Power LED
- 12 Disconnector for voltage pickups



Trip units and trip curves PR123/P

Protection functions

The PR123 trip unit offers the following protection functions:

- overload (L)
- selective short circuit (S),
- instantaneous short circuit (I),
- ground fault with adjustable delay (G),
- directional short circuit with adjustable delay (D),
- phase unbalance (U),
- protection against over-temperature (OT),
- load control (K),
- undervoltage (UV),
- overvoltage (OV),
- residual voltage (RV)
- reverse power (RP)
- underfrequency (UF)
- overfrequency (OF),
- phase sequence (alarm only)

In addition to PR122/P features, the following improvements are available:

Overload protection L

With the PR123 unit, the overload protection L includes the option to adjust the slope of the protection curve. This adjustment allows perfect coordination with fuses or with medium-voltage protection systems.

Double selective short-circuit protection S

In addition to the standard S protection, PR123/P makes contemporarily available a second time-constant S protection (excludible) that allows two thresholds to be set independently achieving an accurate discrimination even under highly critical conditions.

Double ground fault protection G

While PR122/P the user must choose among the implementation of G protection through internal current sensors (calculating the vectorial sum of currents) or external toroid (direct ground fault current measuring), PR123/P offers the exclusive feature of the contemporaneous management of both the configuration, by means of two independent ground fault protections curves. The main application of this characteristic is simultaneous activation of restricted and unrestricted ground fault protection. See chapter 6 for details.

Directional short circuit protection with adjustable delay D

The protection works in a similar way to the fixed-time protection "S", with the added ability to recognize the direction of the phases current during the fault period.

With the information about the current direction it is possible to determine whether the fault is on the supply or load side of the circuit breaker. Particularly in ring distribution systems, with this protection you can disconnect just the portion of system where the fault has occurred, whilst keeping the rest of the installation running. If multiple PR122 or PR123 trip units are used, in the same system this protection can be associated with zone discrimination.

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Dual setting of protections

PR123/P can store an alternative set of all the protection parameters. This second set (set B) can replace, when needed, the default set (set A) by means of an external command. The command can be given typically when network configuration is modified, like when a parallel of incoming lines is closed or when an emergency source is present in the system, changing load capability and short circuit levels.

The set B can be activated by:

Note:

nower supply

The directional short circuit protection can be

disabled for an adjustable set time (t = k), and

can either be self-supplied or use the auxiliary

Directional protection is not available on 400A

- digital input provided with PR120/K module. For example It can be connected to an auxiliary contact of a bus-tie
- communication network, through PR120/D-M (i.e. when the changeover is scheduled);
- directly from user interface of PR123/P
- an adjustable time internal after closing of the circuit breaker.

Zone discrimination function

The zone discrimination function allows the fault area to be insulated by opening the circuit breakers closest to the fault, whilst leaving the rest of the installation running.

This is done by connecting the trip units together: the trip unit nearest the fault is tripped instantly, sending a block signal to the other trip units affected by the same fault

The zone discrimination function can be enabled if the fixed-time curve has been selected and an auxiliary power supply is present.

Zone discrimination can be applied with protections S and G or, alternatively, with protection D.

Measurement functions

The PR123 trip unit provides a complete set of measurements:

- Currents: three phases (L1, L2, L3), neutral (Ne) and ground fault
- Voltage: phase-phase, phase-neutral and residual voltage
- Power: active, reactive and apparent
- Power factor
- Frequency and peak factor
- Energy: active, reactive, apparent, counter
- Harmonics calculation: up to the 40^{th} harmonic (waveform and module of the harmonics displayed); up to the 35^{th} for frequency f=60Hz
- Maintenance: number of operations, percentage of contact wear, opening data storage.

The PR123 unit is able to provide the pattern of measurements for some values over an adjust-able period of time P, such as: mean active power, maximum active power, maximum current, maximum voltage and minimum voltage. The last 24 P periods (adjustable from 5 to 120 min.) are stored in a non-volatile memory and displayed in a bar graph.

Other Functions

PR123/P integrates all the features (in terms of protection, measurement, signaling and communication) described for PR122/P equipped with PR120/V.



Trip units and trip curves PR123/P

unctio	n	Trip threshold	Threshold steps	Trip Time*	Time Step	Can be excluded	Relation t=f(I)	Thermal memory	Zone discrimin
L	Overload protection Tolerance (2)	I1= 0.41 x In Release between 1.05 and 1.2 x I1	0.01 x ln	At current If= 3×11 $11 = 3 \times 144 \times 1$ $\pm 10\%$ If $\le 6 \times 10$ $\pm 20\%$ If $> 6 \times 10$	3 s ⁽¹⁾	-	t=k/l²	•	-
5	Selective short circui protection Tolerance (2)	t I2= 0.610 x In ± 7% If ≤ 4 x In ± 10% If > 4 x In	0.1 x ln	At current If > I2 t2= 0.05 s0.4 s The best of the two given: ± 10% or ± 40 ms	0.01s	-	t=k	-	•
	Tolerance (2)	12=0.610 x In $\pm 7\% \text{ If } \le 6 \text{ x In}$ $\pm 10\% \text{ If } > 6 \text{ x In}$	0.1 x ln	At current If= 10 x In t2=0.05 s 0.4 s $\pm 15\%$ If $\leq 6 \text{ x In}$ $\pm 20\%$ If $> 6 \text{ x In}$	0.01s	•	t=k/l²	•	-
S:	Selective short circuit protection Tolerance (2)	t 12= 0.610 x ln ± 7% f < 6 x ln ± 10% f > 6 x ln	0.1 x ln	At current If > I2 t2= 0.05 s0.4 s The best of the two given: ± 10% or ± 40 ms	0.01s	•	t=k	-	•
1	Instantaneous short circuit protection Tolerance (2)	t I3= 1.515 x In ± 10%	0.1 x ln	Instantaneous ≤ 30 ms	-	•	t=k	-	-
G	Ground fault protection Tolerance (2)	14= 0.21 x ln ⁽³⁾ ± 7%	0.02 x In	At current If > I4 t4= 0.1 s0.4 s t4 sel= 0.04 s0.2 s The best of the two given: ± 10% or ± 40 ms	0.05 s 0.01 s	•	t=k	-	:
	Tolerance (2)	I4= 0.21 x In ⁽³⁾ ± 7%	0.02 x In	t4= 0.1 s0.4 s ± 15%	0.05 s	•	t=k/l ²	_	_
D	Directional short circuit protection Tolerance (2)	I7= 0.610 x In ± 10%	0.1 x In	At current If > 17 t7= 0.20 s0.8 s The best of the two given: ± 10% or ± 40 ms	0.01 s	•	t=k	-	٠
U	Phase unbalance protection Tolerance (2)	I6= 2%90% ± 10%	1%	t6= 0.5 s60 s The best of the two given: ± 20% or ± 100 ms	0.5 s	•	t=k	-	-
OT	Protection against overtemperature	cannot be set	_	Instantaneous	_	-	temp=k	_	_
UV	Undervoltage protection Tolerance (2)	U8= 0.50.95 x Un ± 5%	0.01 x Un	At current U < U8 t8= 0.1 s5 s The best of the two given: ± 20% or ± 40 ms	0.1 s	•	t=k	-	-
ov	Overvoltage protection Tolerance (2)	U9= 1.051.2 x Un ± 5%	0.01 x Un	At current U > U9 t9= 0.1 s5 s The best of the two given: ± 20% or ± 40 ms	0.1 s	•	t=k	-	-
RV	Residual voltage protection Tolerance (2)	U10= 0.10.4 x Un ± 5%	0.05 Un	At current U > U10 t10= 0.5 s30 s The best of the two given: ± 10% or ± 100 ms	0.5 s	•	t=k	-	-

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Function		Trip threshold	Threshold steps	Trip Time*	Time Step	Can be excluded	Relation t=f(I)	Thermal	Zone discrimin
		tillesiloid	steps	Time	Step	excluded	t=1(i)	memory	uisciiiiiii
RP	Reverse power protection	P11= -0.30.1 x Pn	0.02 Pn	At current P < P11 t11= 0.5 s25 s	0.1 s		t=k	-	-
	Tolerance (2)	± 10%		The best of the two given: ± 10% or ± 100 ms					
UF	Underfrequency protection	f12 = 0.900.99 x fn	0.01 fn	At current f < f12 t9= 0.5 s3 s	0.1 s		t=k	_	_
	Tolerance (2)	± 5%		The best of the two given: ± 10% or ± 100 ms					
OF	Overfrequency protection	f13 = 1.011.10 x fn	0.01 fn	At current f > f13 t10= 0.5 s3 s	0.1 s		t=k	_	_
	Tolerance (2)	± 5%		The best of the two given: ± 10% or ± 100 ms					

^{* =} referring to the electronics

If = fault current

- (1) The minimum trip value is 1 s, regardless of the type of curve set (self-protection) (2) These tolerances are valid with the following hypotheses:

 - self-powered relay when running and/or auxiliary power supply (without start-up)
 - two- or three-phase power supply trip time set ≥ 100 ms
- (3) The maximum value for G protection is 1200 A

In all cases not covered by the above hypotheses, the following tolerance values are valid:

	Trip threshold	Trip time
L	Release between 1.05 and 1.2 x I1	± 20%
S	± 10%	± 20%
I	± 15%	≤ 60ms
G	± 15%	± 20%
Oth	ners	± 20%

Power supply

The PR123 trip unit does not normally require any external power supplies, being self-supplied from the current sensors (CS): to activate the protection and ammeter functions, it is sufficient for the three phases to have a current load higher than 70 A for E1, E2 and E3 and 140 A for E4 and E6. For the display to come on, at least one phase must have a current load higher than 160 A for E1, E2 and E3 and 320 A for E4 and E6.

The unit ensures fully self-supplied operation. When an auxiliary power supply is present, it is also possible to use the unit with the circuit breaker either open or closed with very low current

It is also possible to use an auxiliary power supply provided by the PR030/B portable battery unit (always supplied), which allows the protection functions to be set when the trip unit is not selfsupplied.

PR123/P stores and shows all the information needed after a trip (protection tripped, trip current, time, date). No auxiliary supply is required for this functionality.

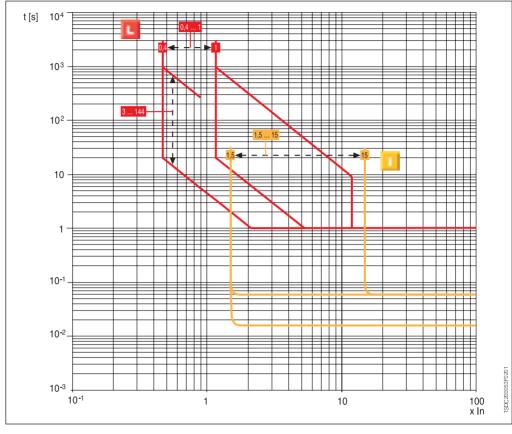
	PR123/P	PR120/D-M	PR120/K	PR120/D-BT
Auxiliary power supply (galvanically insulated)	24 V DC ± 20%	from PR122/PR123	from PR122/PR123	from PR122/PR123
Maximum ripple	5%			
Inrush current @ 24V	~10 A for 5 ms			
Rated power @ 24V	~3 W	+1 W	+1 W	+1 W

PR120/V can give power supply to the trip unit when at least one line voltage is equal or higher to 85V RMS.

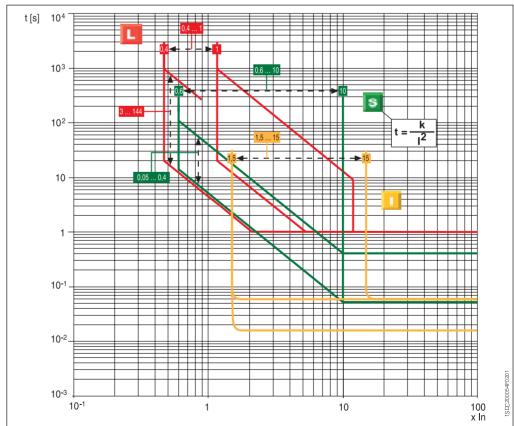


PR123/P

Functions L-I

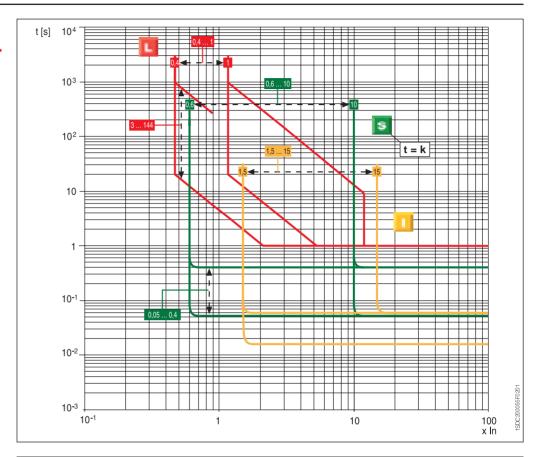


Functions L-S-I



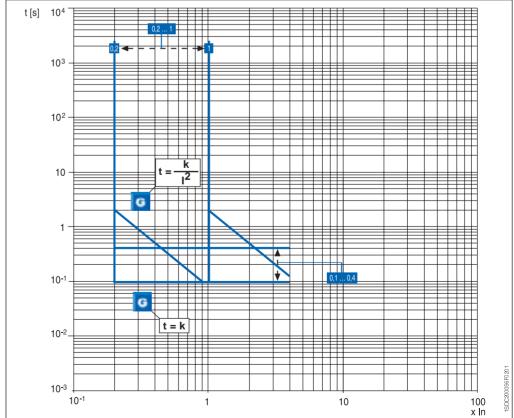
Threshold and trip times tolerances page 3/26

Functions L-S-I



Function G

Note: The maximum value for G protection is 1200A

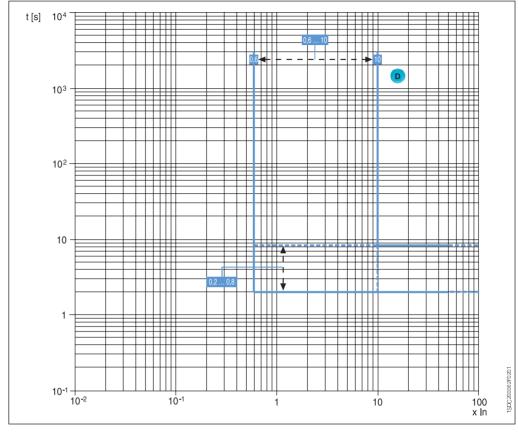


Threshold and trip times tolerances page 3/26

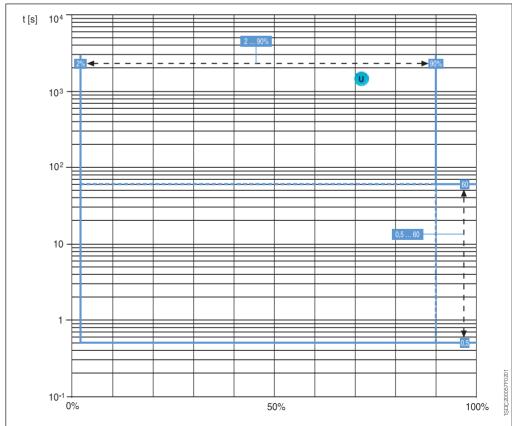


PR123/P

Function D

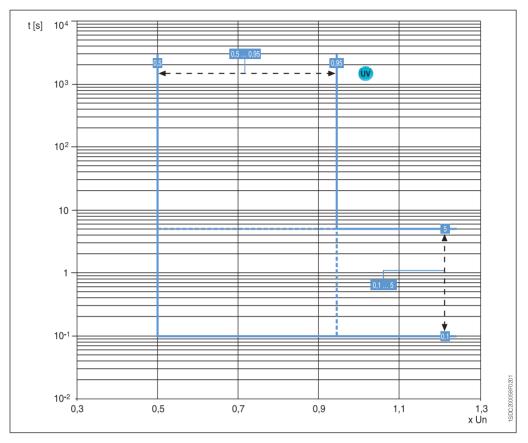


Function U

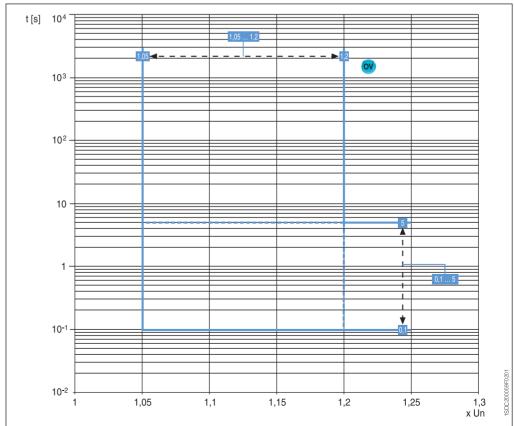


Threshold and trip times tolerances page 3/26

Function UV



Function OV

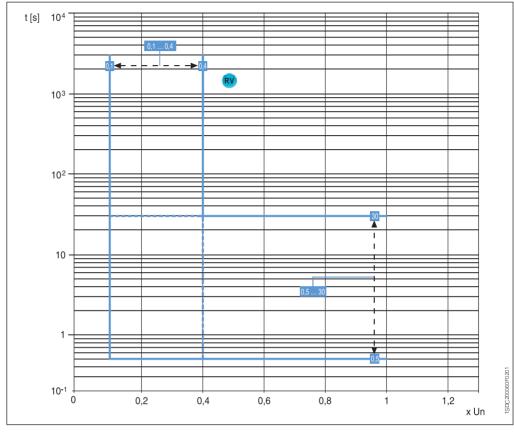


Threshold and trip times tolerances page 3/26

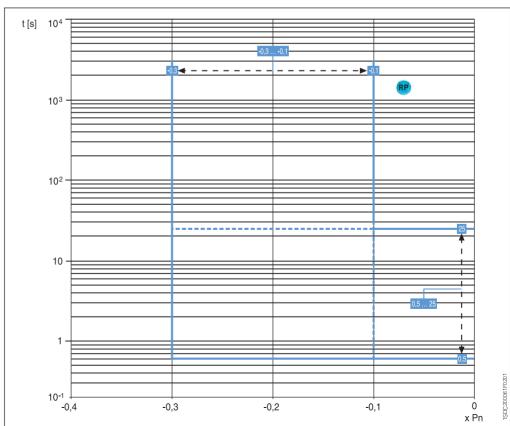


PR123/P

Function RV



Function RP



Threshold and trip times tolerances page 3/26



Accessories for trip units

Optional modules

PR122 and PR123 can be enriched with additional internal modules, increasing the capacity of the trip unit and making these units highly versatile.

Electrical signaling contacts: PR120/K Internal Module

This unit, internally connected to PR122/P and PR123/P, allows the remote signaling of alarms and trips of the circuit breaker.

Four independent power relays provided on the PR120/K module enable electrical signaling of the following:

- timing for protections L, S, G (and UV, OV, RV, RP, D, U, OF, UF where applicable);
- protections L, S, I, G, OT, (and UV, OV, RV, RP, D, U, OF, UF where applicable) tripped and other events:
- in addition, by using an external device (PR010/T, BT030, PR120/D-BT), the contacts can be freely configured in association with any possible event or alarm.

PR120/K can also be used as actuator for the Load control function.

In addition the unit can be provided with a digital input signal, enabling the following functions:

- activation of alternative set of parameter (PR123/P only);
- external trip command
- trip reset of the trip unit
- reset of PR120/K power relays

When the digital input is required the power relays have a common connection (see circuit diagrams Chapter 6).

This latest kind of connection must be specified in the order when required together with the circuit breaker. When PR120/K is ordered as loose accessory both of the configurations are possible.

The auxiliary 24V DC power supply is needed for the unit (shown by a green Power LED). Four yellow LEDs show the status of each output relay.

The use of Voltage Transformers is mandatory for rated voltages higher than 690V.

Specifications of the	signaling relays	
Type		Monostable STDP
Maximum switching power	r	
(resistive load)		100 W/1250 VA
Maximum switching voltage	је	130 V DC/250 V AC
Maximum switching curre	nt	5 A
Breaking capacity (resisti	ve load)	
	@ 30V DC	3.3 A
	@ 250V AC	5 A
Contact/coil insulation		2000 V eff (1 min@ 50 Hz)

PR120/V Measurement Module



This optional internal module can be added to PR122, and it is supplied as standard in PR123. It measures and processes the phase and neutral voltages, are transferring these values to the protection trip unit by means of its internal bus in order to achieve a series of protection and measurement features. It can be connected at any time to PR122/P, which recognizes it automatically without the need of any configuration.

PR122 does not normally require any external connection or Voltage Transformer, since it is connected internally to the lower terminals of Emax. When necessary, the connection of voltage pick-ups can be moved to any other points (i.e. upper terminals), by using the alternative connection located in the terminal box.

When ordered as a loose accessory, PR122 is provided with all the possible connections, internal or through the terminal box.

The module is provided with a Power LED and a sealable switch for the dielectric test.

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Accessories for trip units

PR120/D-M Communication Module

PR120/D-M communication module is the solution for connecting Emax to a Modbus network, allowing the remote supervision and control of the circuit breaker.

It is suitable for PR122/P and PR123/P trip units. As for PR120/V this module can be added at any time to the protection trip unit and its presence is automatically recognized. When ordered separately from the circuit breakers it is supplied complete of all the accessories needed for its installation, such as precabled auxiliary switches and cables for signaling the circuit breaker status (springs, position inserted). Refer to circuit diagram page **6**/9 for details about connections.

The list of available functions can be found on page 3/38.

It is provided with three LEDS on the front side:

- Power LED
- Rx/Tx LEDs

PR120/D-BT Wireless Communication Module

PR120/D-BT is the innovative wireless communication module, based on Bluetooth standard. It allows the communication among the PR122/P and PR123/P Protection trip units and a PDA or a Notebook with a Bluetooth port. This device is dedicated to the use with SD-Pocket application (see in the following the features of this application).

The module can be powered by means of te 24V DC auxiliary supply or by means of PR030/B battery unit.



- Power LED
- Rx/Tx LEDs
- Bluetooth LED, showing the activity of Bluetooth communication

PR120/D-BT can be connected at any time to the protection trip unit.

BT030 Communication Unit

BT030 is a device to be connected on Test connector of PR121/P, PR122/P and PR123/P. It allows Bluetooth communication among the Protection trip unit and a PDA or a Notebook with a Bluetooth port. BT030 can also be used with Tmax circuit breakers equipped with PR222DS/PD. This device is dedicated to the use with SD-Pocket application.

BT030 can provide the power supply needed to energize itself and the protection trip unit by means of a Li-ion rechargeable battery.

PR030/B power supply unit

This accessory, always supplied with the PR122 and PR123 range of trip units, makes it possible to read and configure the parameters of the unit whatever the status of the circuit breaker (open-closed, in test isolated or racked-in position, with/without auxiliary power supply).

PR030/B is also needed for reading trip data if the trip occurred more than 48 hours earlier and the trip unit was no longer powered.

An internal electronic circuit supplies the unit for approximately 3 consecutive hours for the sole purpose of reading and configuring data.

In relation to the amount of use, battery life decreases if the PR030/B accessory is also used to perform the Trip test & Auto test.

Interface from front of HMI030 panel

This accessory, suitable for all protection trip units, is designed for the installation on the front side of the switchboard. It consists of a graphic display where all the measurements and alarms/events of the trip unit are shown. The user can browse the measurements by using the navigation pushbuttons, similarly to PR122/P and PR123/P. Thanks to the high precision level, the same of the protection trip units, the device can replace the traditional instrumentation, without the need for current/voltage transformers. The unit requires only a 24 V DC power supply. In fact HMl030 is connected directly to the protection trip unit via a serial line.



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PR010/T configuration test unit

The PR010/T unit is an instrument capable of performing the functions of testing, programming and reading parameters for the trip units equipping Emax low voltage air circuit breakers. In particular, the test function involves the following units:

- PR121 (all versions)
- PR122 (all versions)
- PR123 (all versions)

whereas the parameter programming and reading functions regard the range of PR122 and PR123 trip units.

All of the functions mentioned can be carried out "on board" by connecting the SACE PR010/T unit to the front multi-pin connector on the various protection units. Special interfacing cables supplied with the unit must be used for this connection.

The human-machine interface takes the form of a touchpad and multi-line alphanumeric display.

The unit also has two LEDs to indicate, respectively:

- POWER-ON and STAND BY
- battery charge state.

Two different types of test are available: automatic (for PR121, PR122 and PR123) and manual. By connection to a PC (using the floppy-disc supplied by ABB), it is also possible to upgrade the software of the PR010/T unit and adapt the test unit to the development of new products.

It is also possible to store the most important test results in the unit itself, and to send a report to the personal computer with the following information:

- type of protection tested
- threshold selected
- curve selected
- phase tested
- test current
- estimated trip time
- measured trip time
- test results.

At least 5 complete tests can be stored in the memory. The report downloaded onto a PC allows creation of an archive of tests carried out on the installation.

In automatic mode, the PR010/T unit is capable of testing the following with the PR122 range:

- protection functions L, S, I,
- G protection function with internal transformer,
- G protection function with toroid on the transformer star centre,
- monitoring of correct microprocessor operation.

The unit can also test the following protections of PR122 equipped with PR120/V:

- overvoltage protection function OV.
- undervoltage protection function UV,
- residual voltage protection function RV,
- phase unbalance protection function U.

The PR010/T unit is portable and runs on rechargeable batteries and/or with an external power supply (always supplied) with a rated voltage of 100-240V AC/12V DC.

The standard version of the PR010/T unit includes:

- PR010/T test unit complete with rechargeable batteries
- TT1 test unit
- 100 240V AC/12V DC external power supply with cord
- cables to connect the unit and connector
- cable to connect the unit and computer (RS232 serial)
- user manual and floppy-disc containing application software
- plastic bag.

ABB 3/35



Accessories for trip units

PR021/K signaling unit

The PR021/K signaling unit can convert the digital signals supplied by the PR121, PR122 and PR123 trip unit into electrical signals, via normally open electrical contacts (potential free).

The unit is connected to the protection trip unit by means of a dedicated serial line through which all of the information about the activation status of the protection functions flows. The corresponding power contacts are closed based on this information.

The following signals/contacts are available:

- overload pre-alarm L (the alarm signal remains active throughout the overload, until the trip unit is tripped)
- timing and tripping of any protections (the trip signals of the protections remain active during the timing phase, and after the trip unit has tripped)
- protection | tripped
- timing and overtemperature threshold exceeded (T>185 °F / 85 °C)
- two load control contacts (connection and disconnection of a load, or disconnection of two loads)
- trip unit tripped
- dialogue fault on a serial line (connecting the protection and signaling units)
- phase unbalance

Setting a dip-switch allows up to seven signal contacts to be freely configured in PR122-PR123, including: directional protection D tripped, under- and overvoltage UV and OV tripped, reverse power RP tripped, and others.

Two contacts available on the PR021/K unit (load control) can pilot a circuit breaker shunt trip and closing coil. These contacts allow various applications, including load control, alarms, signals and electrical locks.

Pressing the Reset pushbutton resets the status of all signals.

The unit also contains ten LEDs to visually signal the following information:

- "Power ON": auxiliary power supply present
- "TX (Int Bus)": flashing synchronized with dialogue with the Internal Bus
- eight LEDs associated with the signaling contacts.

The table below lists the characteristics of the signaling contacts available in the PR021/K unit.

Auxiliary power supply Maximum ripple	24 V DC ± 20% 5%	
Rated power @ 24 V	4.4 W	

Specifications of the	signaling relay	/s
Туре		Monostable STDP
Maximum switching power (resistive load)		100 W/1250 VA
Maximum switching voltag	е	130 V DC/250 V AC
Maximum switching currer	nt	5 A
Breaking capacity (resistiv	/e load)	
	@ 30V DC	3.3 A
	@ 250V AC	5 A
Contact/coil insulation		2000 V eff (1 min@ 50 Hz)

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Communication devices and systems

Industrial networking and ABB SACE Emax

In addition to providing flexible and safe protection of power installations, ABB SACE Emax electronic trip units have an extended range of communication features, which opens the way for connection of circuit breakers to the world of industrial communication. PR122 and PR123 electronic trip units can be fitted with communication modules, which make it possible to exchange data and information with other industrial electronic devices by means of a network.

The basic communication protocol implemented is Modbus RTU, a well-known standard of widespread use in industrial automation and power distribution equipment. A Modbus RTU communication interface can be connected immediately and exchange data with the wide range of industrial devices featuring the same protocol.

ABB products featuring the Modbus RTU protocol include:

- · low voltage circuit breakers such as Emax,
- · Medium Voltage protection devices
- · sensors,
- · automation I/O systems,
- power meters and other measurement devices,
- · intelligent devices such as PLCs.
- operator interfaces
- · supervision and control systems.

And if other communication protocols are required, the ABB Fieldbus Plug system is also available: intelligent field bus protocols such as Profibus-DP and DeviceNet thus become immediately available.

The power of industrial networking

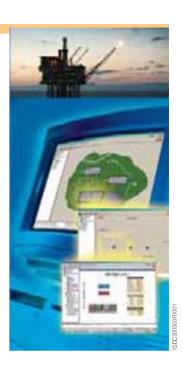
The communication network can be used to read all information available in the protection trip unit, from any location connected to the bus and in real time:

- · circuit breaker status: closed, open, opened by protection release trip
- all values measured by the protection trip unit: RMS currents, voltages, power, power factor and so on
- alarms and prealarms from protection trip unit, e.g., overload protection alarm (timing to trip or prealarm warning)
- fault currents in case of circuit breaker opening on a protection trip unit
- number of operations performed by the circuit breaker, with indication of the number of trips per protection type (short-circuit, overload, etc.)
- complete settings of the protection trip unit
- estimate of the residual life of circuit breaker contacts, calculated on the basis of interrupted currents

Remote control of circuit breakers is possible: commands to open, close and reset alarms can be issued to the circuit breaker and protection trip unit. Close commands are executed only after a security check (e.g., that there are no diagnostic alarms active on the trip unit).

It is also possible to change the settings of the protection trip unit remotely by means of the communication bus. All remote commands can be disabled by a "local" configuration feature, for safety of operators and installation.

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Communication devices and systems

Circuit breakers with communication can easily be integrated with automation and supervision systems. Typical applications include:

- supervision of the installation with continuous data logging (values of currents, voltage, power) and event logging (alarms, faults, trip logs). Supervision can be limited to low voltage devices or include medium voltage and possibly other kinds of industrial apparatus
- predictive maintenance, based on number of operations of each circuit breaker, interrupted currents and estimate of residual equipment life
- load shedding and demand side management under control of PLC, DCS or computers.

Communication products for ABB SACE Emax

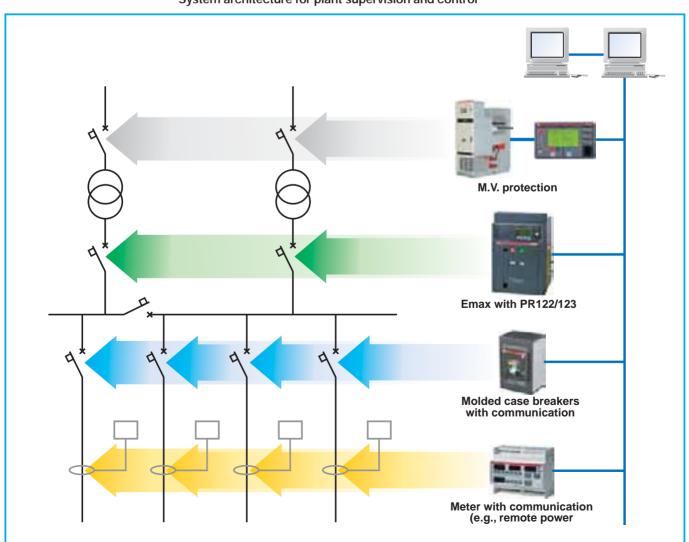
ABB SACE has developed a complete series of accessories for the Emax family of electronic trip

- PR120/D-M communication module
- EP010 FBP.

Furthermore, a new generation of software dedicated to installation, configuration, supervision and control of protection trip units and circuit breakers is now available:

- SD-Pocket
- SD-TestBus2

System architecture for plant supervision and control



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PR120/D-M

PR120/D-M is the new communication module for PR122/P and PR123/P protection trip units. It is designed to allow easy integration of the Emax circuit breakers in a Modbus network. The Modbus RTU protocol is of widespread use in the power as well as the automation industry. It is based on a master/slave architecture, with a bandwidth of up to 19200 Kbytes/sec. A standard Modbus network is easily wired up and configured by means of an RS485 physical layer. ABB SACE trip units work as slaves in the field bus network.

All information required for simple integration of PR120/D-M in an industrial communication system are available on the ABB Web page.

BT030

BT030 is a device to be connected to the Test connector of PR121/P, PR122/P and PR123/P. It allows Bluetooth communication between the Protection trip unit and a PDA or a Notebook with a Bluetooth port.

This device is dedicated to use with SD-Pocket and SD-TestBus2 applications.

It can provide the auxiliary supply needed to energize the protection trip unit by means of rechargeable batteries.



EP 010 - FBP

EP 010 – FBP is the Fieldbus Plug interface between the Emax protection trip units and the ABB Fieldbus Plug system, allowing connection of Emax Circuit breakers to a Profibus, DeviceNet, or AS-I field bus network.

EP 010 - FBP can be connected to the new Emax PR122 and PR123 protection trip units (the PR120/D dialogue module is required).

The ABB Fieldbus Plug concept is the latest development in industrial communication systems. All devices feature a standard connection socket, to which a set of interchangeable "smart" connectors can be plugged. Each connector is fitted with advanced electronics implementing the communication interface towards the selected field bus. Selecting a communication system is made as easy as selecting and connecting a plug. Communication systems currently available are Profibus-DP, DeviceNet and AS-i. More are being developed.

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Communication devices and systems

Measurement, signalling and available data functions

Details about functions available on PR122/P, PR123/P trip units with PR120/D-M and EP010 – FBP are listed in the table below:

PR122/P + PR120/D-M	PR123/P + PR120/D-M	PR122/P + PR120/D-M and EP 010	PR123/P + PR120/D-M and EP 010
Modbus RTU	Modbus RTU	FBP	FBP
RS-485	RS-485	Profibus-DP or	Profibus-DP or DeviceNet cable
19200 bps	19200 bps	115 kbps	115 kbps
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	Modbus RTU RS-485 19200 bps	Modbus RTU RS-485 RS-485 RS-485 19200 bps 19200 bps 19200 bps 19200 bps 19200 bps 19200 bps 19200 bps 19200 bps 19200 bps 19200 bps 19200 bps 19200 bps 19200 bps 19200 bps	Modbus RTU

(1) with PR120/V

SD-Pocket

SD-Pocket is an application designed to connect the new protection trip units to a PDA or to a personal computer. This means it is now possible to use wireless communication to:

- configure the protection threshold function
- monitor measurement functions, including reading of data recorded in data logger (PR122/ PR123)
- verify the status of the circuit breaker (i.e. number of operations, trip data, according to the trip unit connected).

SD-Pocket application scenarios include:

- during start-up of switchgear, with rapid and error-free transfer of the protection parameters to the trip units (also using the dedicated exchange file directly from Docwin);
- during normal installation service, gathering information on the circuit breaker and load conditions (last trip information, runtime currents, and other information).

To use all these functions, it is sufficient to have a PDA with MS Windows Mobile 2003 and BT interface or a personal computer with MS Windows2000 OS and new PR120/D-BT or PR030/B Bluetooth interface devices.

SD-Pocket is freeware and it can be downloaded from the BOL website (http://bol.it.abb.com). Its use does not require the presence of dialogue units for the trip units.

SD-TestBus2

SD-TestBus2 is the commissioning and diagnostic software of ABB SACE for all Modbus RTU devices.

It can be used during system startup, or to troubleshoot an installed network.

SD-TestBus2 automatically scans the RS-485 bus, detects all connected devices and checks their communication settings. All possible combination of device address, parity and baud rate are che-cked.

A click on "scan" is enough to spot devices which are not responding, wrong addresses, misconfigu-red parity bits, and so on. This function is not limited to ABB SACE devices: all standard Modbus RTU devices are detected and their configuration is displayed.

After the scan, the software displays warning messages about potential problems and configuration errors, allowing complete diagnosis of a field bus network.

When ABB SACE's circuit breakers are detected, additional functions can be used to check

wirings, send open/ close/reset commands, and retrieve diagnostic information.

This user-friendly tool makes commissioning of Modbus networks a breeze.

SD-TestBus2 can also communicate though a Bluetooth adapter (widcomm compatible) with all the ABB SACE devices equipped with BT030 wireless communi-cation unit. SD-TestBus2 is freeware and can be downloaded from ABB SACE's website (http://www.abb.com).

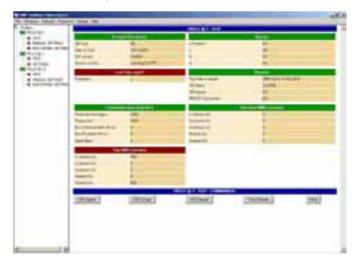
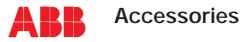


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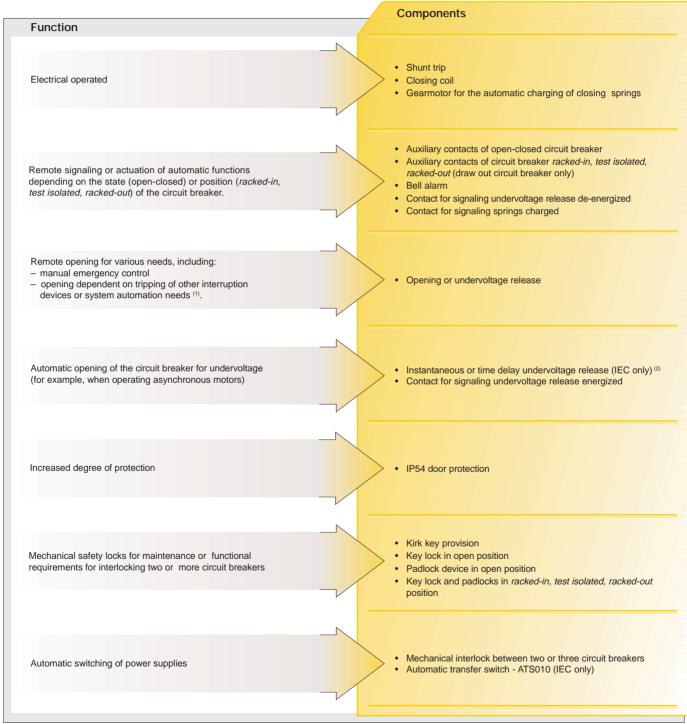
Contents

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Functions of the accessories

The following table lists a few functions that can be obtained by selecting the appropriate accessories. Several of the functions listed can be needed at the same time depending on how the circuit breaker is used. See the related section for a detailed description of the individual accessories.



- (1) Examples:
 - circuit breakers on Low Voltage side of parallel transformers that must open
 - automatically when the Medium Voltage side device opens.
 - automatic opening for control by external relay (undervoltage, residual current, etc.).
- (2) The time-delay device is recommended when unwanted operation due to temporary voltage drops, is to be avoided (for functional or safety reasons).

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Accessories supplied as standard

The following standard accessories are supplied depending on the circuit breaker version:

Fixed circuit breaker:

- flange for switchboard compartment door
- support for service releases
- four auxiliary contacts for electrical signaling of circuit breaker open/closed (they are not supplied with the switch version)
- mechanical indication of trip (*)
- terminal box for connecting outgoing auxiliaries
- horizontal rear terminals
- lifting plate

Note:

(*) not supplied with the switch version

Draw out circuit breaker:

- flange for switchboard compartment door
- support for service releases
- four auxiliary contacts for electrical signaling of circuit breaker open/closed
- mechanical indication of trip (*)
- sliding contacts for connecting outgoing auxiliaries
- horizontal rear terminals
- anti-insertion lock for circuit breakers with different continuous current ratings
- racking-out crank handle
- lifting plate
- anti-racking-out device when springs are charged (fail safe)

Note

(*) not supplied with the switch version



Accessories supplied on request

All the accessories

Circuit breaker

- 1a) Shunt trip/closing coil (YO/YC) and second shunt trip (YO2)
- 1b) SOR test unit (IEC only)
- 2a) Undervoltage release (YU)
- 2b) Time-delay device for undervoltage release (D) (IEC only)
- 3) Gearmotor for the automatic charging of the closing springs (M)
- 4a) Bell alarm
- 4b) Bell alarm with remote reset command
- 5a) Electrical signaling of circuit breaker open/closed (1)
- 5b) External supplementary electrical signaling of circuit breaker open/closed
- 5c) Electrical signaling of circuit breaker racked-in/test isolated/racked-out
- 5d) Contact signaling closing springs charged
- 5e) Contact signaling undervoltage release de-energized (C. Aux YU)
- 6a) External current sensors for neutral conductor outside circuit breaker
- 6b) Homopolar toroid for the main power supply grounding conductor (star center of the transformer)
- 7) Mechanical operation counter
- 8a) Lock in open position: key
- 8b) Lock in open position: padlocks
- 8c) Circuit breaker lock in racked-in/test isolated/racked-out position
- 8d) Accessories for lock in test isolated/racked-out position
- 8e) Padlock device for safety shutter
- 8f) Mechanical lock for compartment door
- 8g) Anti-racking-out device when the springs are charged (FAIL SAFE)
- 9a) Protection for opening and closing pushbuttons
- 9b) IP54 door protection
- 10) Mechanical interlock
- 11) Controller for Automatic Transfer Switch ATS010 (IEC only)

CAPTION

- Accessory on request on fixed circuit breaker or moving part
- Accessory on request on cradle
- Accessory on request on moving part

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Circuit breakers		Switches (MS)	
Fixed Dra	aw out	Fixed Drav	w out
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	Fixed Dra		Fixed Draw out Fixed Draw The state of the

(1) For automatic circuit breakers, four auxiliary contacts are included as standard.



Shunt trip and closing coils

(1) The minimum impulse current must be 100 ms

(2) If the shunt trip is permanently connected to the power supply, wait at least 30 ms before sending the command to the closing coil.





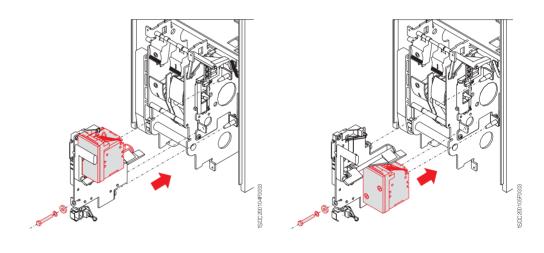
1a) Shunt trip/closing coil (YO/YC) and second shunt trip (YO2)

They allow the remote control of the circuit breaker. The accessory is the same and the function depends on the installation position on the circuit breaker. It can be used for either of these applications.

Given the characteristics of the circuit breaker operating mechanism, opening (with the circuit breaker closed) is always possible, while closing is only possible when the closing springs are charged. The release can operate with either direct current or alternating current. This release can be operated by a pulse ⁽¹⁾, or with a permanent signal ⁽²⁾. For safety reasons, Emax can be equipped with a second shunt trip, mounted on a special support in alternative to the UVR.

If the closing coil is powered with a continuous signal, the presence of the anti-pumping device requires after an opening operation to momentarily de-energize the closing coil.

Reference figure in circuit diagrams: YO (4) - YC (2) - YO2 (8)



Characteristics			
Power supply (Un):	24 V DC	125-127 V AC/DC	
	30 V AC/DC	220-240 V AC/DC	
	48 V AC/DC	250 V AC/DC	
	60 V AC/DC	380-400 V AC	
	110-120 V AC/DC	440-480 V AC	
Operating limits:	(YO-YO2): 70% 1	(YO-YO2): 70% 110% Un	
	(YC): 85% 110%	Un	
Inrush power (Ps):	DC = 200 W		
Inrush time ~100 ms	AC = 200 VA		
Continuous power (Pc):	DC = 5 W		
	AC = 5 VA		
Opening time (YO- YO2):	(max) 60 ms		
Closing time (YC)	(max) 80 ms		
Insulation voltage:	2500 V 50 Hz (for 1	min)	

4/6 ABB

Textures and the second second

1b) SOR Test Unit (IEC only)

Under particularly severe operating conditions or simply for remote control of the circuit breaker, the shunt trip is widely used as an accessory for the Emax series of power circuit breakers.

The right working of all functions of this accessory is a necessary condition to guarantee a high level of safety in the installation: this means there is the need to have a device available which cyclically checks correct operation of the release, signaling any malfunctions.

The SOR control and monitoring Test Unit ensures continuity of shunt trips with a rated operating voltage between 24 V and 250 V (AC and DC), as well as the functions of the opening coil electronic circuit.

Continuity is checked cyclically with an interval of 20s between tests.

The unit has LEDs on the front, which provide the following information:

- POWER ON: power supply present
- YO TESTING: test in progress
- TEST FAILED: signal following a failed test or lack of auxiliary power supply
- ALARM: signal following three failed tests.

Two relays with one change-over are also available, which allow remote signaling of the following two events:

- failure of a test (resetting takes place automatically when the alarm stops)
- failure of three tests (resetting only occurs by pressing the manual RESET on the front of the unit)

Characteristics	
Auxiliary power	24 V 250 V AC/DC
Maximum interrupted current	6 A
Maximum interrupted voltage	250V AC



Undervoltage release



2a) Undervoltage release (YU)

The undervoltage release opens the circuit breaker when there is a significant voltage drop in the power supply. It can be used also to open the circuit breaker (using normally closed pushbuttons), as a lock in closing position. The power supply is therefore obtained on the supply side of the circuit breaker or from an independent source. The circuit breaker can be closed only when the release is energized. The release can operate with either direct current or alternating current.

When the voltage drops down below the 10% of the rated voltage, the UVR trips the breaker.

The circuit breaker can be closed with voltage higher than of 85%.

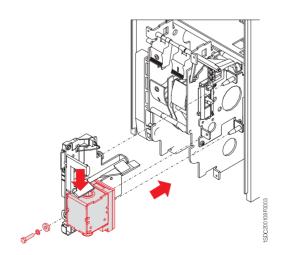
It can be fitted with a contact to signal when the undervoltage release is energized (C. aux YU; see accessory 5e).

Reference figure in circuit diagrams: YU (6)

Note

With the undervoltage release, the use of the anti-racking-out device is not allowed.

Characteristics		
Power supply (Un):	24 V DC	125-127 V AC/DC
	30 V AC/DC	220-240 V AC/DC
	48 V AC/DC	250 V AC
	60 V AC/DC	380-400 V AC
	110-120 V AC/DC	440-480 V AC
Inrush power (Ps):	DC = 200 W	
	AC = 200 VA	
Continuous power (Pc):	DC = 5 W	
	AC = 5 VA	
Opening time (YU)	30 ms	
Insulation voltage:	2500 V 50 Hz (for 1	min)



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2b) Time-delay device for undervoltage release (D) (IEC only)



The undervoltage release can be combined with an electronic time-delay device mounted outside the circuit breaker. Use of the delayed undervoltage release is recommended to prevent tripping when the power supply network can be subject to brief voltage drops.

The time-delay device must be used with an undervoltage release with the same operating voltage.

Reference figure in circuit diagrams: YU +D (7)

Characteristics	
Power supply (D):	24-30 V DC
	48 V AC/DC
	60 V AC/DC
	110-127 V AC/DC
	220-250 V AC/DC
Adjustable opening time (YU+D):	0.5-1-1.5-2-3 s



Gearmotor for the automatic charging of closing springs



3) Gearmotor for the automatic charging of closing springs (M)

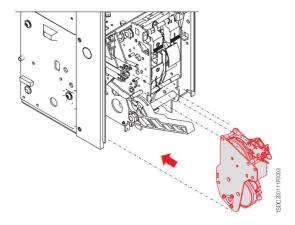
This accessory automatically charges the closing springs of the circuit breaker operating mechanism. The gearmotor immediately recharges the closing springs after closing the circuit breaker.

The closing springs can, however, be charged manually (using the relative operating lever) in the event of a power supply failure or during maintenance.

It is always supplied with a limit switch for signaling that the closing springs are charged (see accessory 5d).

Reference figure in circuit diagrams: M (1)

Characteristics		
Power supply	24-30 V AC/DC	
	48-60 V AC/DC	
	100-130 V AC/DC	
	220-250 V AC/DC	
Operating limits:	85%110% Un	
Inrush power (Ps):	DC = 500 W	
	AC = 500 VA	
Rated power (Pn):	DC = 200 W	
	AC = 200 VA	
Inrush time	0.2 s	
Charging time:	4-5 s	
Insulation voltage:	2500 V 50 Hz (for 1 min)	



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Bell alarm

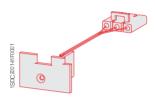
4) Bell alarm

The following signals are available after the trip unit tripped.

4a) Bell alarm

Allows the local (mechanical accessory supplied as standard) and remote signaling (electrical by means of changeover switch) that the circuit breaker is open following operation of the trip units. The mechanical signaling pushbutton must be rearmed to reclose the circuit breaker.

Reference figure in circuit diagrams: S51 (13)



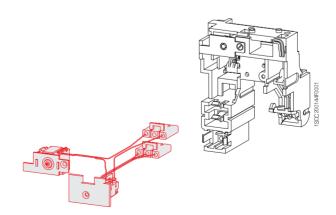
4b) Bell alarm with remote reset command

Allows the local (mechanical accessory supplied as standard) and remote signaling (electrical by means of changeover switch) that the circuit breaker is open following operation of the trip units. With this accessory, it is possible to reset the mechanical signaling pushbutton via an electrical coil from remote command, with allows the circuit breaker to be reset.

Reference figure in circuit diagrams: S51 (14)

Available reset coils 24-30 V AC/DC

110-130 V AC/DC 220-240 V AC/DC





Auxiliary Contacts

5) Auxiliary contacts

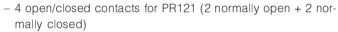
Auxiliary contacts are available installed on the circuit breaker, which enable signaling of the circuit breaker status.

Characteristics		
Un	In max	Т
125 V DC	0.3 A	10 ms
250 V DC	0.15 A	
Un	In max	cosφ
250 V AC	15 A	0.3

The versions available are as follows:

5a-5b) Electrical signaling of circuit breaker open/closed

It is possible to have electrical signaling of the status (open/closed) of the circuit breaker using 4, 10 or 15 auxiliary contacts. The auxiliary contacts have the following configurations:

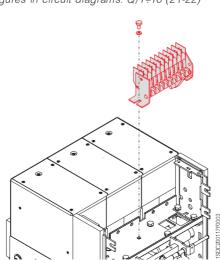


- 4 open/closed contacts for PR122/PR123 (2 normally open + 2 normally closed + 2 dedicated to trip unit)
- 10 open/closed contacts for PR121 (5 normally open + 5 normally closed)
- 10 open/closed contacts for PR122/PR123 (5 normally open
 + 5 normally closed + 2 dedicated to trip unit)
- 15 supplementary open/closed contacts for installation outside the circuit breaker.

The standard configuration NO/NC described above can be modified by the user by repositioning the faston connector on the microswitch.

When 10 open/closed contacts for PR122/PR123 are required, the zone discrimination and PR120/K unit are not available.

Reference figures in circuit diagrams: Q/1÷10 (21-22)





5c) Electrical signaling of circuit breaker racked-in/test isolated/racked-out



In addition to mechanical signaling of the circuit breaker position, it is also possible to have a remote signal using 5 or 10 auxiliary contacts which are installed into the cradle.

The auxiliary contacts take on the following configurations:

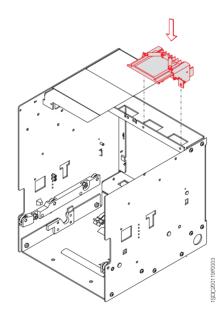
- 5 contacts: 2 contacts for racked-in signal, 2 contacts for racked-out signal, and 1 contact to signal the test isolated position (main power isolated, but sliding contacts connected).
- 10 contacts: 4 contacts for racked-in signal, 4 contacts for racked-out signal, and 2 contacts to signal the test isolated position (main power isolated, but sliding contacts connected).

Reference figures in circuit diagrams:

S75I (31-32)

S75T (31-32)

S75E (31-32)





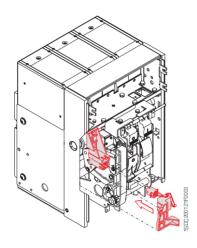
Auxiliary Contacts



5d) Contact signaling closing springs charged

A microswitch allows remote signaling of the status of the closing springs (always supplied with the spring charging geared motor).

Reference figure in circuit diagrams: S33 M/2 (11)

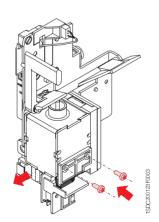


5e) Contact signaling undervoltage release de-energized (C. Aux YU)

The undervoltage releases can be fitted with a contact for signaling remotely the status of the undervoltage release.

Reference figure in circuit diagrams: (12)





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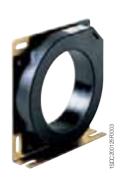
Current sensors and operation counters



6a) External current sensors for neutral conductor outside circuit breaker

For three-pole circuit breakers only, this allows protection of the neutral by connection to the trip unit.

Reference figure in circuit diagrams: UI/N (see page 6/8)



6b) Homopolar toroid for the main power supply grounding conductor (star center of the transformer)

PR122 and PR123 electronic trip units can be used in combination with an external toroid located on the conductor, which connects the star center of the MV/LV transformer (homopolar transformer) to ground. In this case, the ground protection is defined as Source Ground Return.

Through to different combinations of its terminals (see chapter 6), the In of the same toroid can be set at 100 A, 250 A, 400 A, 800 A

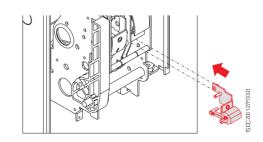
Reference figure in circuit diagrams: UI/O (see page 6/8)



7) Mechanical operation counter

This is connected to the operating mechanism by means of a simple lever mechanism, and indicates the number of mechanical operations carried out by the circuit breaker.

The count is shown on the front of the circuit breaker.





Mechanical locks

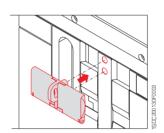
8) Mechanical locks

8a-8b) Lock in open position

Several different mechanisms are available which allow the circuit breaker to be locked in the open position.

These devices can be controlled by:

- Key (8a): a special circular lock with different keys (for a single circuit breaker) or the same keys (for several circuit breakers).
- Padlocks (8b): up to 3 padlocks (not supplied): Ø 4 mm or 8 mm (heavy duty version)
- Provision for Kirk key



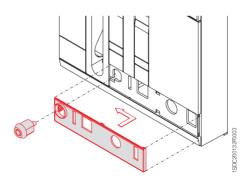




8c) Circuit breaker lock in racked-in/test isolated/rackedout position

It is available a key lock (with same of different keys) or a padlock device (up to 3 padlock with a max \emptyset of 4 mm and up to 2 padlocks with \emptyset 6 mm or 8 mm for heavy duty versions). It is only available for draw out circuit breakers, to be installed on the moving part.





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8d) Accessories for lock in test isolated/racked-out position

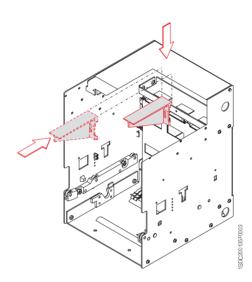
In addition to the circuit breaker lock in racked-in/test isolated/racked-out position, this allows the circuit breaker to be locked only in the racked-out or test isolated positions.

It is only available for draw out circuit breakers, to be installed on the moving part.

8e) Padlock device for safety shutter

Allows the shutters into the cradle to be padlocked in the closed position.







8f) Mechanical lock for compartment door

Locks the compartment door from being opened when the circuit breaker is closed (and circuit breaker racked-in for draw out circuit breakers) and prevents the circuit breaker from closing when the compartment door is open.

8g) Anti-racking-out device when the springs are charged (FAIL SAFE)

Note

This accessory, always supplied with the draw out version circuit breaker, is an alternative to the undervoltage release.

Prevents the moving part of the draw out version circuit breaker from being racked out of the cradle when the springs are charged.

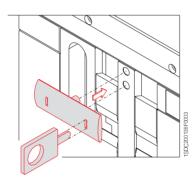


Transparent protective covers



9a) Protection for opening and closing pushbuttons

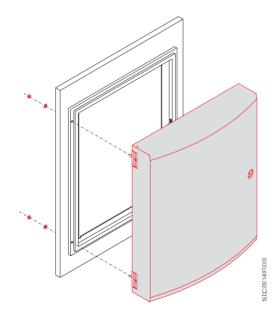
These protections are fitted on the opening and closing pushbuttons, preventing the relative circuit breaker operations unless a special tool is used.





it is fitted with a key lock.





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Interlock between circuit breakers



10) Mechanical interlock

This mechanism creates a mechanical interlock between two or three circuit breakers (even different models and in any fixed/draw out version) using flexible cables. The electrical diagram for electrical switching by means of a relay (to be provided by the customer) is supplied with the mechanical interlock. The circuit breakers can be installed vertically or horizontally.

Four types of mechanical interlocks are available:

Type A: between 2 circuit breakers (power supply + emergency power supply)

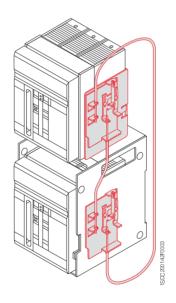
Type B: between 3 circuit breakers (2 power supplies + emergency power supply)

Type C: between 3 circuit breakers (2 power supplies + bus-tie)

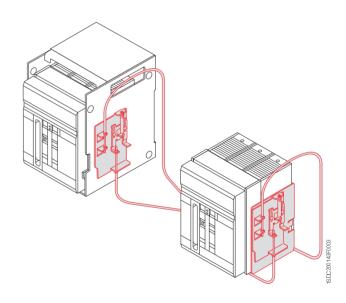
Type D: between 3 circuit breakers (3 power supplies/one single closed circuit breaker)

Note

See the chapters "Overall dimensions" and "Circuit diagrams" for information about dimensions (fixed and draw out versions) and settings.





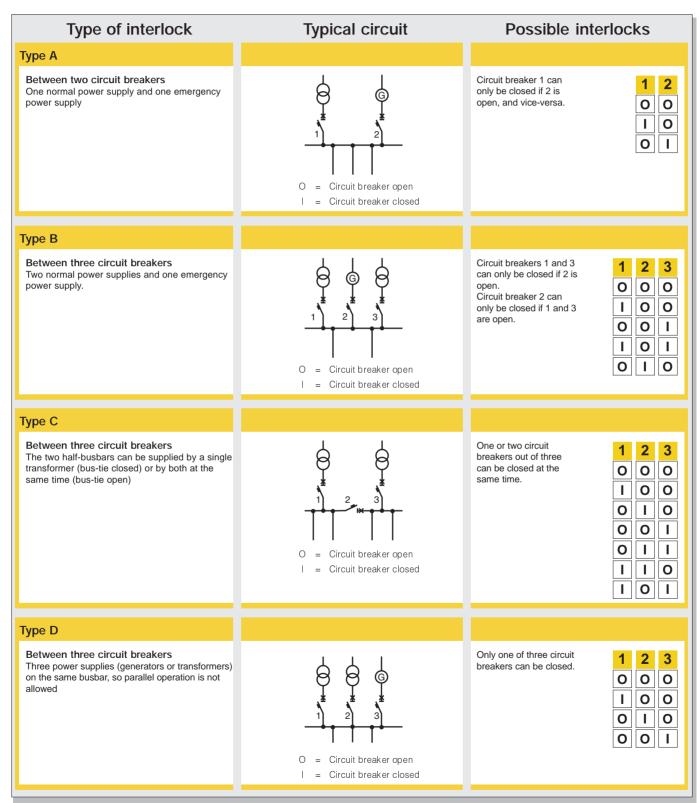


Horizontal interlock



Interlock between circuit breakers

The possible mechanical interlocks are shown below, depending on whether 2 or 3 circuit breakers (any model in any version) are used in the switching system.



The emergency power supply is usually installed to take over from the normal power supply in two instances:

- to supply safety services for people (e.g., hospital installations);
- to supply parts of installations which are essential for requirements other than safety (e.g., continuous-cycle industrial plants).

The range of accessories for Emax circuit breakers includes solutions for a wide variety of different plant engineering requirements.

See the specific regulations regarding protections against overcurrents, direct and indirect contacts, and provisions to improve the reiliability and safety of emergency circuits.

Switching from the normal to the emergency power supply can be carried out manually (locally or by remote control) or automatically.

To this end, the circuit breakers used for switching must be fitted with the accessories required to allow electric remote control and to provide the electrical and mechanical interlocks required by the switching logic.

These include:

- the shunt trip
- the closing coil
- the motor control
- the auxiliary contacts.

Switching can be automated by means of special electronic-controll, to be installed by the customer (diagrams provided by ABB).



Controller for Automatic Transfer Switch - ATS010 (IEC only)



11) Controller for Automatic Transfer Switch - ATS010 (IEC only)

The ATS010 controller is the new network-unit switching device offered by ABB. It is based on microprocessor technology in compliance with the major electromagnetic compatibility and environmental standards (EN 50178, EN 50081-2, EN 50082-2, IEC 68-2-1, IEC 68-2-2, IEC 68-2-3).

The device is able to manage the entire switching procedure between the normal line and emergency line circuit breakers automatically, allowing great flexibility of settings.

In case of fault in the normal line voltage, in accordance with the delays set, the normal line circuit breaker is opened, the generator started and the emergency line circuit breaker closed. Similarly, when the normal line returns to range, the reverse switching procedure is automatically controlled.

It is especially suited for use in all emergency power supply systems requiring a solution that is ready to install, easy to use and reliable.

Some of the main applications include: power supply for UPS (Uninterrupted Power Supply) units, operating theatres and primary hospital services, emergency power supply for civilian buildings, airports, hotels, data banks and telecommunication systems, and power supply of industrial lines for continuous processes.

The switching system consists of the ATS010 unit connected to two motor-driven and mechanically interlocked circuit breakers. Any of the circuit breakers in the Emax series can be used.

The built-in main sensor of the ATS010 device makes it possible to detect faults in the main voltage. The three inputs can be directly connected to the three phases of the normal power supply line for networks with rated voltage up to 500V AC. Networks with a higher voltage require the insertion of potential transformers (PT), setting a rated voltage for the device that matches their secondary voltage (typically 100V).

Two change-over contacts for each circuit breaker allow direct connection to the shunt trip and closing coils. The circuit breaker connection is completed by wiring the status contacts: Open/Closed, Relay tripped, Racked-in (for draw out/plug-in circuit breakers).

For this reason, apart from the mechanical interlock accessories, the following are provided on each circuit breaker connected to the ATS010 unit:

- spring charging motor,
- opening and closing coil,
- open/closed contact,
- racked-in contact (for draw out versions),
- signal and mechanical lock for protection relay tripped.

The ATS010 device is designed to ensure extremely high reliability for the system it controls. It contains various safety systems intrinsically related to software and hardware operation.

For software safety, a special logic prevents undesired operations, while a constantly operative watchdog system points out any microprocessor malfunctions by means of a LED on the front of the device.

Hardware safety allows integration of an electrical interlock by means of a power relay, making the use of an external electrical interlocking system superfluous. The manual selector on the front of the device can also control the entire switching procedure, even in the event of a microprocessor fault, by working electromechanically on the control relays.

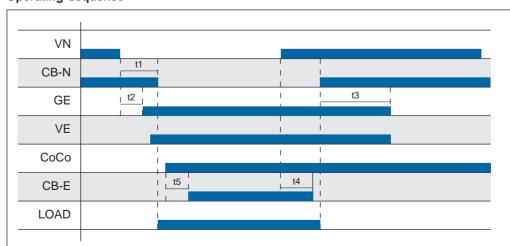
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24V DC ± 20% 48V DC ± 10% (maximum ripple ± 5%)
5W at 24V DC 10W at 48V DC
1.8W at 24V DC 4.5W at 48V DC
-25 °C+70 °C
90% without condensation
-25 °C+80 °C
IP54 (front panel)
144 x 144 x 85
0.8

Setting range for thresholds and times		
Minimum voltage	Un Min	-5%30% Un
Maximum voltage	Un Max	+5%+30% Un
Fixed frequency thresholds		10%+10% fn
t1: opening delay of the normal line circuit breaker		
due to network error (CB-N)		032 s
t2: generator start-up	delay due to network error	032 s
t3: stopping delay of the generator		0254 s
t4: switching delay due to network stop		0254 s
t5: closing delay of the	emergency line circuit breaker	
after detecting the gen	erator voltage (CB-E)	032 s

Rated voltage settings available 100, 115, 120, 208, 220, 230, 240, 277, 347, 380, 400, 415, 440, 480, 500 V

Operating sequence



Caption

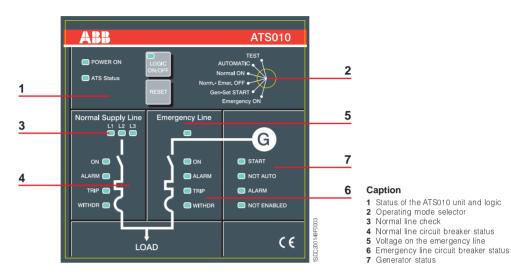
ABB

VN Main voltage
CB-N Normal line circuit breaker closed
GE Generator
VE Emergency line voltage
CoCo Enable switching to emergency line
CB-E Emergency line circuit breaker
closed
LOAD Disconnection of lower priority
connected loads

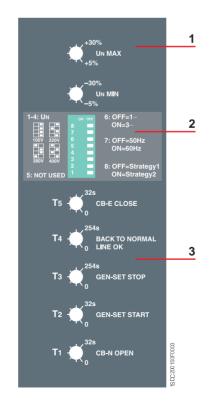


Controller for Automatic Transfer Switch -ATS010 (IEC only)

Front panel



Side panel settings



Caption

- 1 Selectors to set the under- and overvoltage thresholds
- 2 Dip-switches to set:
 - -rated voltage
 -normal single-phase or three-phase line
 - -mains frequency
- switching strategy

 3 Switching delay time settings for 11... t5



Spare parts

Spare parts

The following spare parts are available:

- front shields and escutcheon plate
- opening solenoid for PR121, PR122 and PR123 trip units
- arcing chamber
- closing springs
- plier isolation contact for the cradle of the draw out circuit breaker
- grounding sliding contact (for draw out version)
- shutters for cradle
- complete pole
- operating mechanism
- connection cables between releases and current transformers
- transparent protective cover for releases
- PR130/B power supply unit
- toolbox
- battery for PR130/B power supply unit
- front escutcheon plate for Ronis key lock

For further details, request a copy of the ABB spare parts catalog







Contents

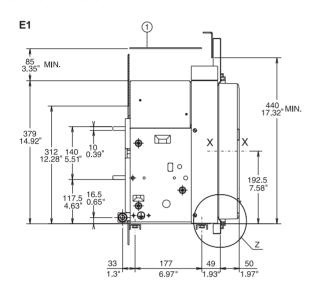
Fixed circuit breaker	5 /2
Draw out circuit breaker	5 /7
Installation in switchboard	5 /15
Mechanical interlock	5 /16
Circuit breaker accessories	5/18

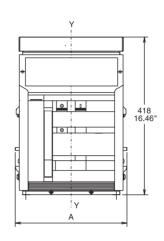


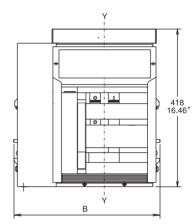
Fixed circuit breaker

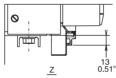
Basic version [mm/in]

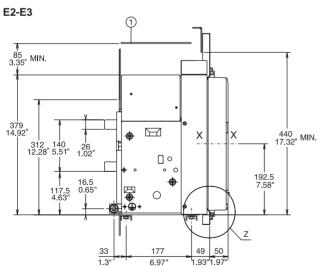
with horizontal rear terminals

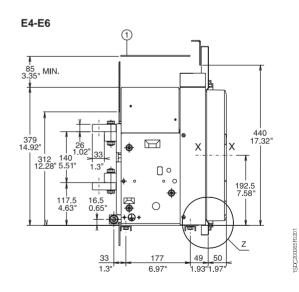












Caption

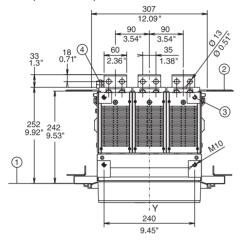
1 Insulating wall or insulated metal wall

	A 3 Poles	B 4 Poles	
E1-A	296/11.65"	386/15.2"	
E2-A	296/11.65"	386/15.2"	
E3-A	404/15.91''	530/20.87''	
E4-A	566/22.28''	656/25.83"	
E6-A	782/30.79"	908/35.75"	

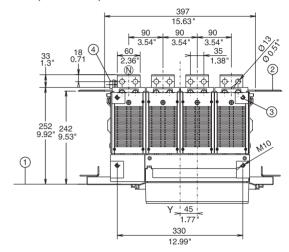
5/2 ABB

5

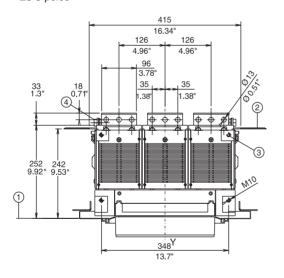
E1 3 poles / E2 3 poles



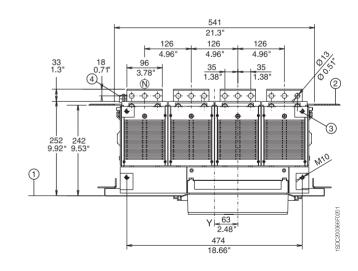
E1 4 poles / E2 4 poles



E3 3 poles



E3 4 poles



Caption

- 1 Inside edge of compartment
- 2 Segregation (when provided)
- (3) M10 mounting holes for circuit breaker (included in the supply)
- 4 1x M12 screw for earthing (included in the supply)



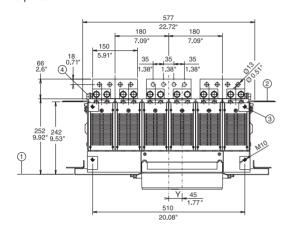
Fixed circuit breaker

Basic version

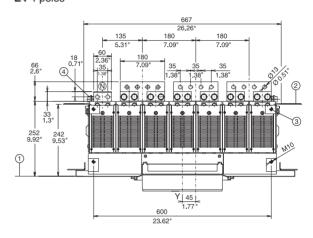
[mm/in]

with horizontal rear terminals

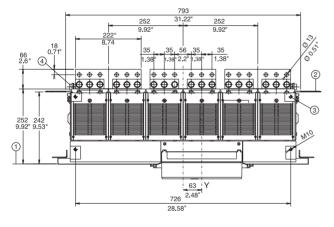
E4 3 poles



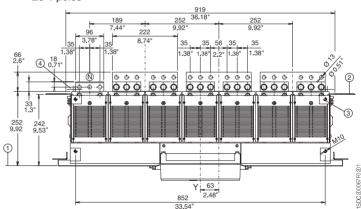
E4 4 poles











Caption

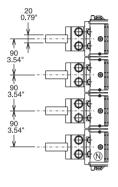
- 1) Inside edge of compartment
- 2 Segregation (when provided)
- M10 mounting holes for circuit breaker (included in the supply)
- 4 1x M12 screw for earthing (included in the supply)

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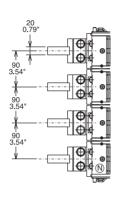
Basic version [mm/in]

with vertical rear terminals

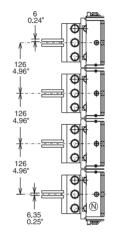
E1



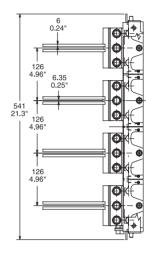
E2



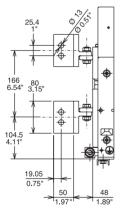
E3 800÷2000 A



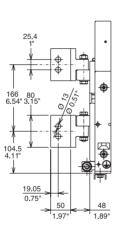
E3X-A 800÷2000 A



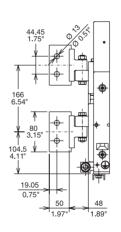
E1



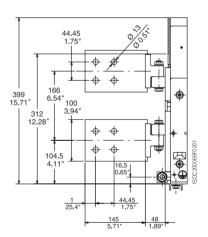
E2



E3 800÷2000 A



E3X-A 800÷2000 A



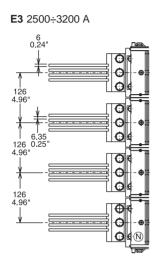


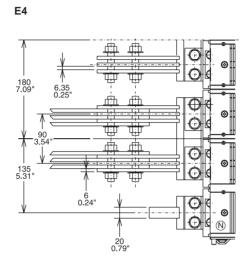
Fixed circuit breaker

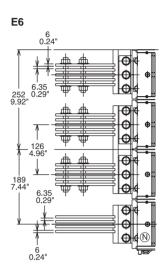
Basic version

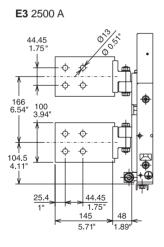
[mm/in]

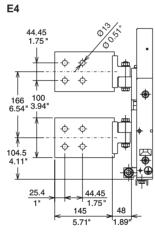
with vertical rear terminals

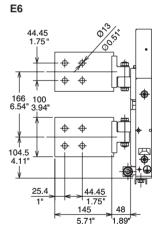


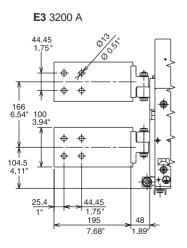


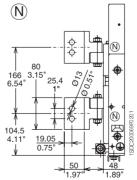












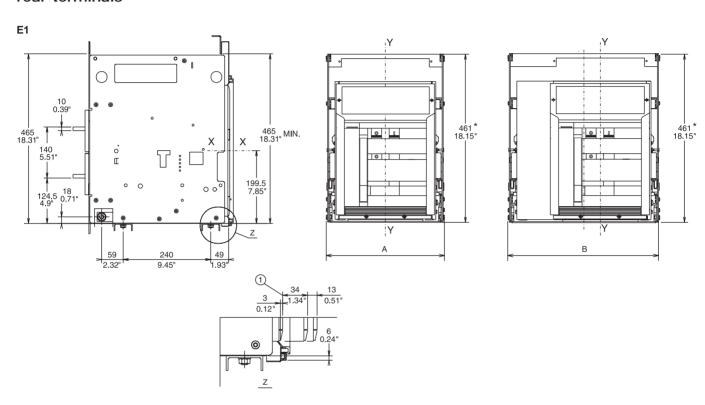
5/6 ABB

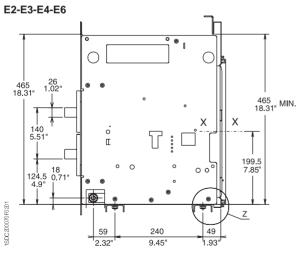


Draw out circuit breaker

Basic version [mm/in]

with horizontal rear terminals





	A 3 Poles	B 4 Poles	
E1-A	324/12.76"	414/16.3"	
E2-A	324/12.76"	414/16.3''	
E3-A	432/17.01"	558/21.97''	
E4-A	594/23.39"	684/26.93"	
E6-A	810/31.89"	936/36.85"	

Caption

- ① Distance from connected for testing to isolated
- * for E3X-A: 481 / 18.94"

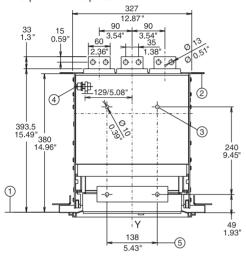


Draw out circuit breaker

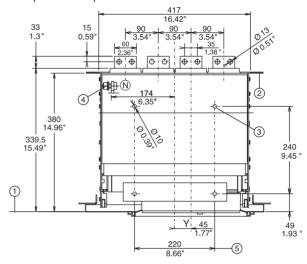
Basic version [mm/in]

with horizontal rear terminals

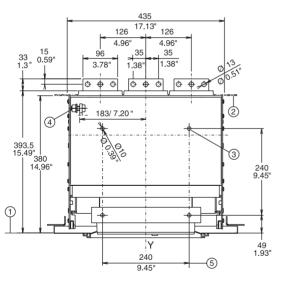
E1 3 poles / E2 3 poles



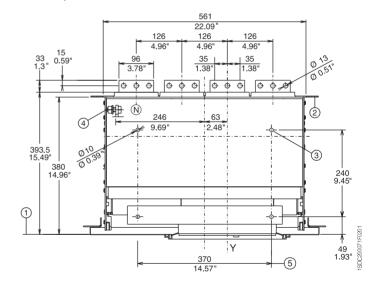
E1 4 poles / E2 4 poles



E3 3 poles



E3 4 poles

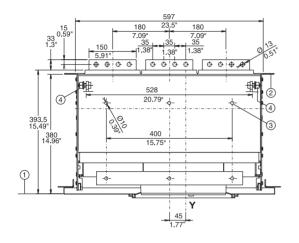


Caption

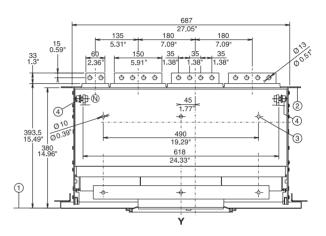
- 1 Inside edge of compartment
- (2) Segregation (when provided)
- (3) M8 mounting holes for circuit breaker (included in the supply)
- 4 1x M12 screws for earthing (included in the supply)
- (5) 4 holes for mounting fixed part (standard)

5/8 ABB

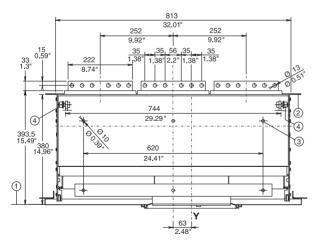
E4 3 poles



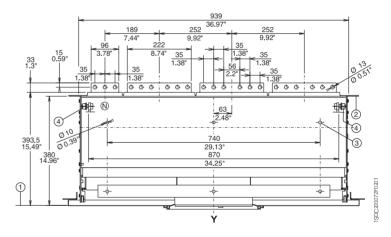
E4 4 poles



E6 3 poles



E6 4 poles



Caption

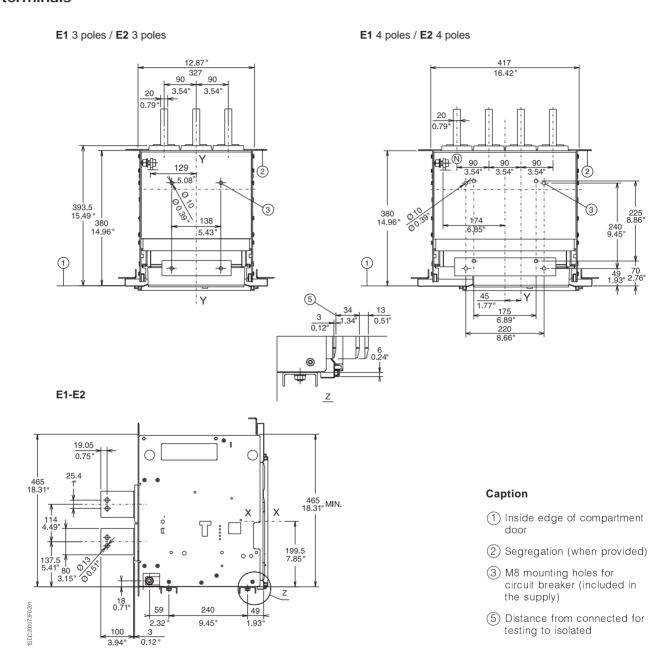
- 1 Inside edge of compartment
- 2 Segregation (when provided)
- (3) M8 mounting holes for circuit breaker (included in the supply)
- (4) 1x M12 screw for earthing (included in the supply)



Draw out circuit breaker

Basic version [mm/in]

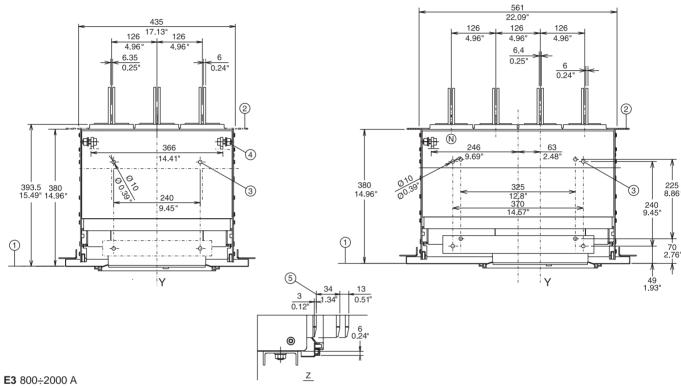
with vertical rear terminals

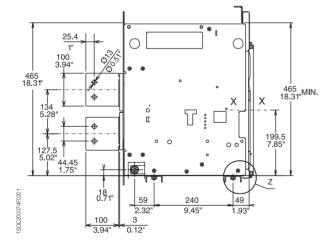


5/10 ABB

E3 3 poles 800÷2000 A

E3 4 poles 800÷2000 A





Caption

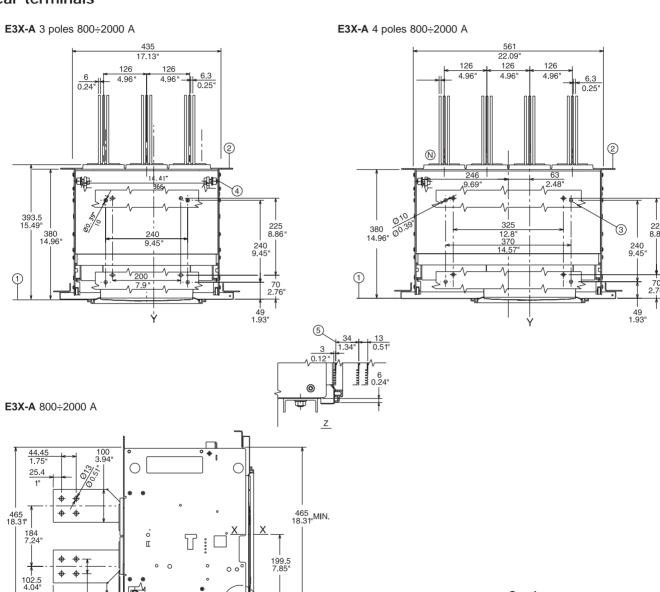
- (1) Inside edge of compartment
- 2 Segregation (when provided)
- (3) M8 mounting holes for circuit breaker (included in the supply)
- (4) 2x M12 screws for earthing (included in the supply)
- (5) Distance from connected for testing to isolated



Draw out circuit breaker

Basic version [mm/in]

with vertical rear terminals



Caption

- 1 Inside edge of compartment door
- ② Segregation (when provided)
- (3) M8 mounting holes for circuit breaker (included in the supply)
- 4 2x M12 screws for earthing (included in the supply)
- (5) Distance from connected for testing to isolated

5/12

44.45 1.75"

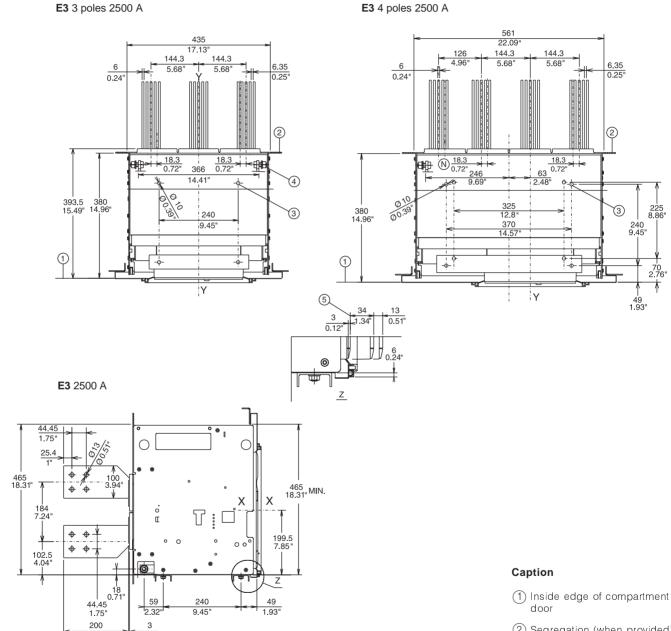
200 7.87

0.12"

240

9.45

1.93"



- 2 Segregation (when provided)
- (3) M8 mounting holes for circuit breaker (included in the supply)
- 4 2x M12 screws for earthing (included in the supply)
- (5) Distance from connected for testing to isolated

ABB **5**/13

7.87

0.12"

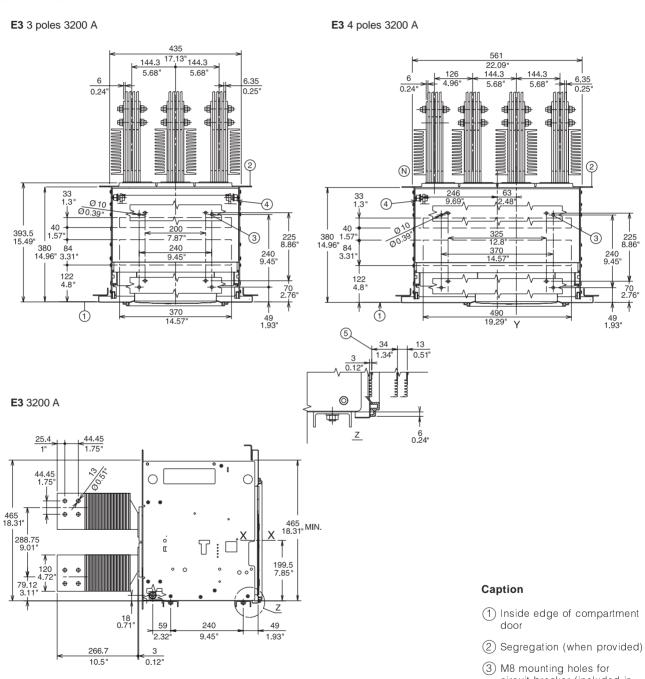


Draw out circuit breaker

Basic version

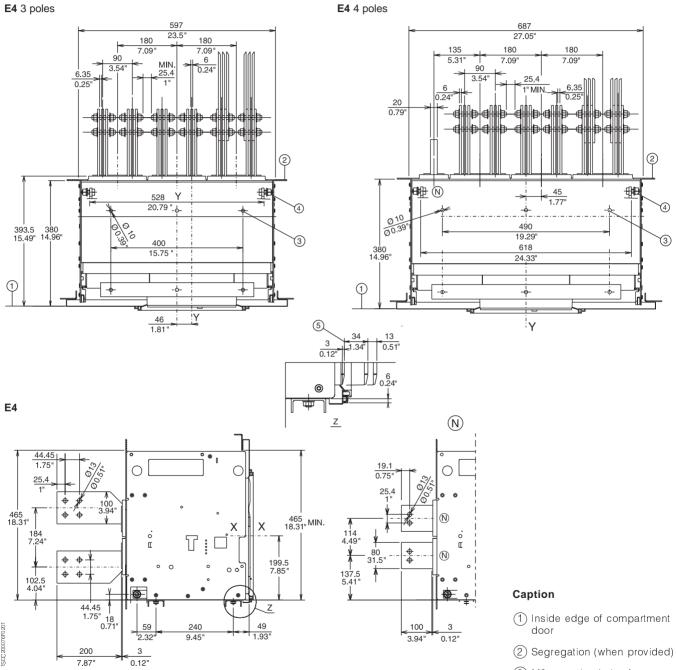
[mm/in]

with vertical rear terminals



- ③ M8 mounting holes for circuit breaker (included in the supply)
- (4) 2x M12 screws for earthing (included in the supply)
- (5) Distance from connected for testing to isolated

5/14



- M8 mounting holes for circuit breaker (included in the supply)
- (4) 2x M12 screws for earthing (included in the supply)
- (5) Distance from connected for testing to isolated





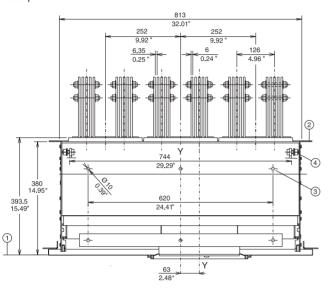
Draw out circuit breaker

Basic version

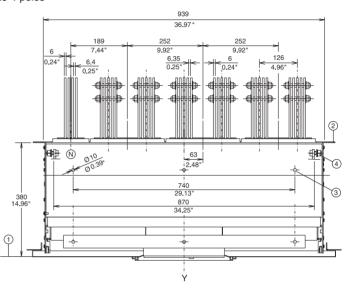
[mm/in]

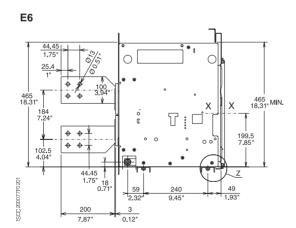
with vertical rear terminals

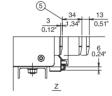
E6 3 poles



E6 4 poles







Caption

- 1 Inside edge of compartment
- 2 Segregation (when provided)
- (3) M8 mounting holes for circuit breaker (included in the supply)
- 4 2x M12 screws for earthing (included in the supply)
- (5) Distance from connected for testing to isolated

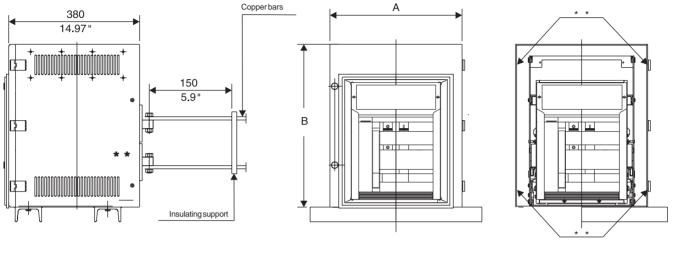
5/16 ABB



Installation in switchboard

[mm/in]

Dimensions of compartment



 A
 B

 E1-A
 400/15.76'
 490/19.31'
 500/19.70'

 E2-A
 400/15.76'
 490/19.31'
 500/19.70'

 E3N-A/S-A
 500/19.70'
 630/24.82'
 500/19.70'

 E3H-A/V-A/X-A
 500/19.70'
 630/24.82'
 850/33.49'*

 E4S-A/H-A
 700/27.58'
 790/31.13'
 500/19.70'

 E4V-A/L-A
 700/27.58'
 790/31.13'
 850/33.49'

 E4H-A/f
 880/34.67'
 500/19.70'

 E6H-A
 1000/39.40'
 1130/44.52'
 500/19.70'

 E6V-A/L-A/X-A
 1000/39.40'
 1130/44.52'
 850/33.49'

 E6H-A/f
 1260/49.65'
 850/33.49'

Drilling of compartment door

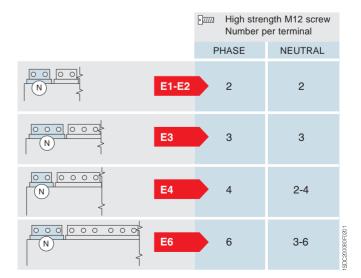
* 500/19.70' for E3V-A up to 100kA @ 480V

316/12.44" 306/12.05" 100/3.94", 100/3.94" Y
05/0.2"

X
X
374 384
14.72" 15.12"

150/5.91"

168.5/6.63" Tightening torque for fastening screws Nm 20 - 177 lb/in Tightening torque for main terminals Nm 70 - 620 lb/in Tightening torque for earthing screw Nm 70 - 620 lb/in



^{**} Suitable for continuous operation at 100% rating in a minimum cubicle space (see the table), with a ventilation of 48 (12x4) sq. in. side bottom and side top.



Mechanical interlock

Interlock assembly

[mm/in]

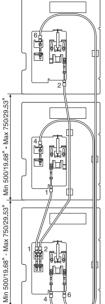
Type A

Horizontal Vertical

500/19.68" - Max 750/29.53"

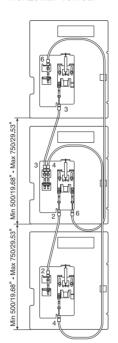
Horizontal Vertical

Type B (emergency interlock below)



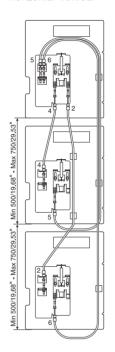
Type B

(emergency interlock in the middle) Horizontal Vertical



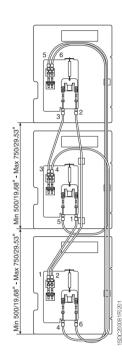
Type B

(emergency interlock above) Horizontal Vertical



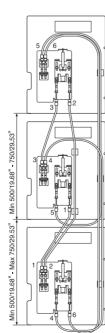
Type C

Horizontal Vertical



Type D

Horizontal Vertical



Horizontal interlocks

Maximum distance between two interlocks: 1200/ 47.28" from one interlock to the other. The cables pass under the cradles, following the same connection diagram shown for vertical circuit breakers

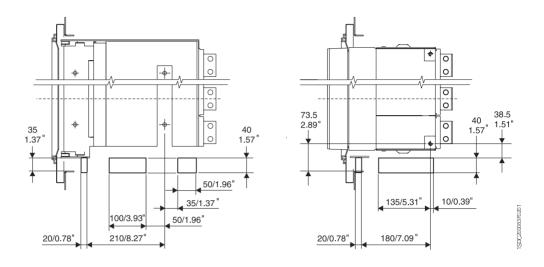


Take up the excess cable by making it go through only one complete turn or an omega as shown in the

When fitting interlocks between two circuit breakers, it is necessary to make suitable holes (through the switchboard) in the mounting surface for fixed circuit breakers or for the cradle of draw out circuit breakers, in order to pass the flexible cables through, respecting the measure-ments shown in the figures on page 5/17. For vertical interlocks, align the right-hand sides vertically and reduce the bends in the flexible cables to a minimum (minimum radius R. 70 mm / 2.76 in). All the angle values of the bends which the cable passes through added together must not exceed 720° .

5/18 ABB

Through-holes for flexible cables for mechanical interlocks





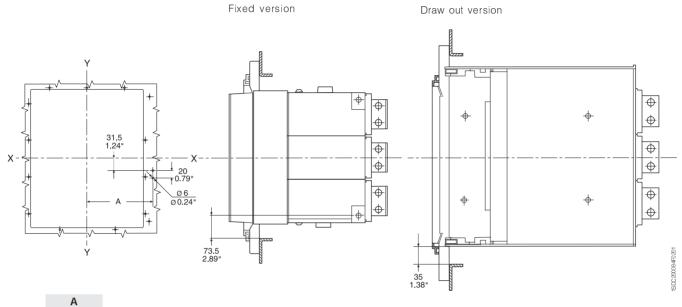
Circuit breaker accessories

Mechanical [mm/in]

compartment door lock

Drilling in compartment door

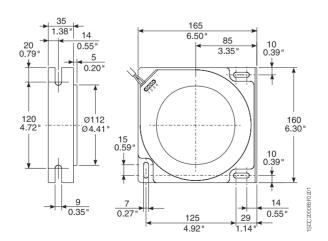
Minimum distance between circuit breaker and switchboard wall



	3 Poles	4 Poles
E1	180	180
E2	180	180
E3	234	234
E4	270	360
E6	360	486

Homopolar toroid

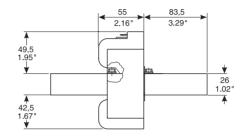
(IEC only)



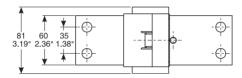
5/20 ABB

Current sensor [mm/in]

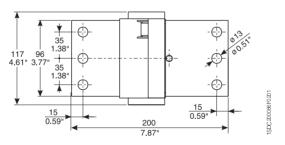
for the external neutral



E1 - E2 - E4



E3 - E6





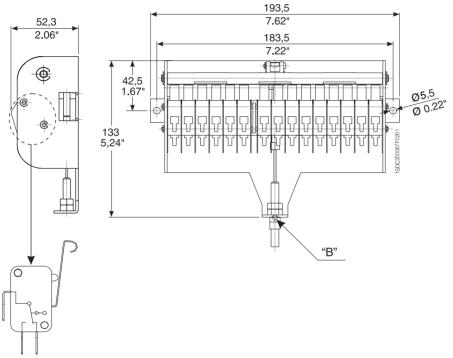
Circuit breaker accessories

Electrical signaling

[mm/in]

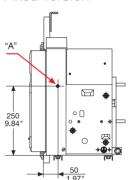
of circuit breaker open/closed

15 supplementary auxiliary contacts

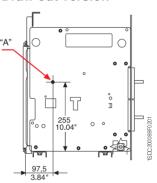


A flexible cable 650 mm / 25.59 in long is available from point "A" to point "B".

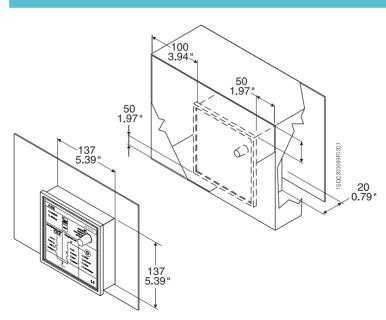
Fixed version



Draw out version



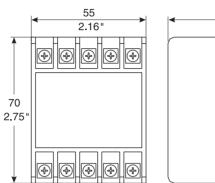
ATS010 (IEC only)

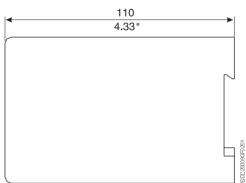


5/22 ABB

Electronic [mm/in]

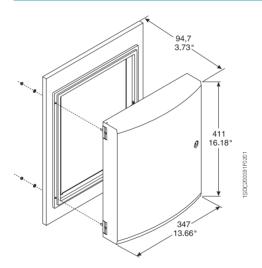
time-delay device (IEC only)





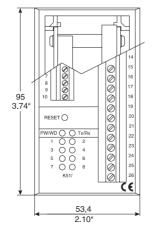
IP54 Protective

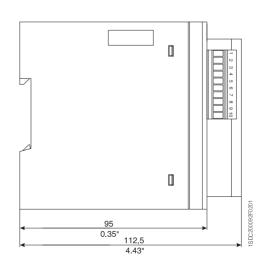
cover

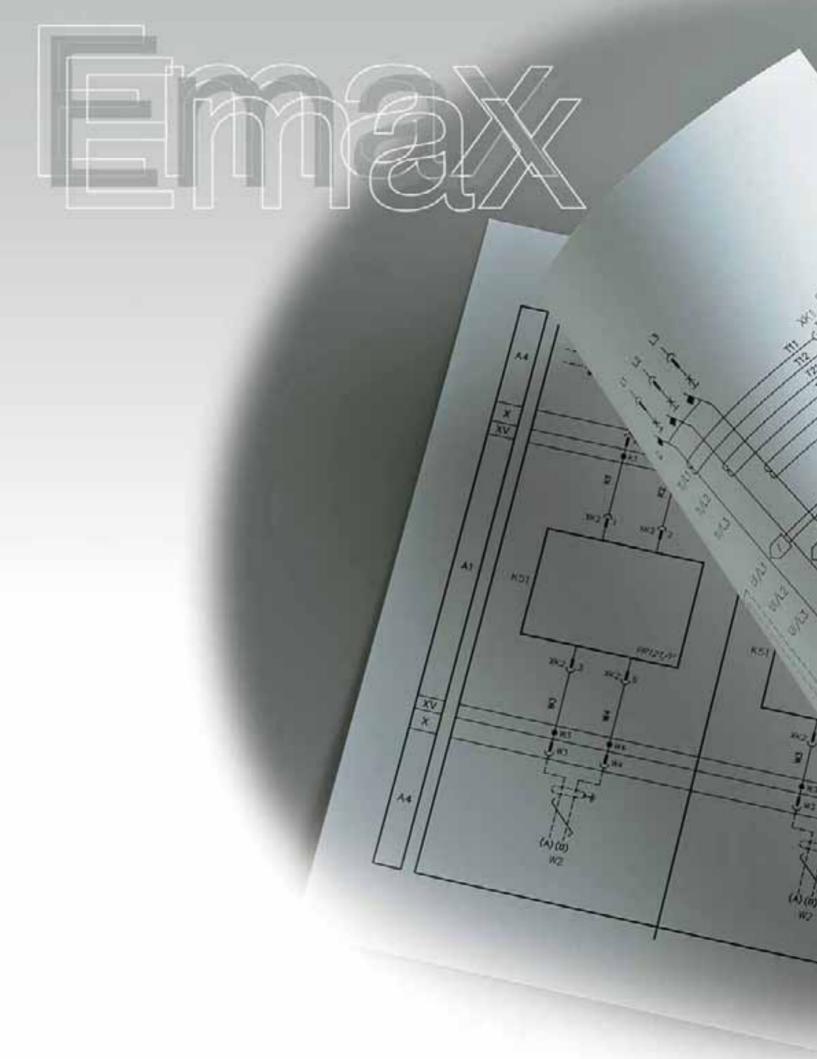


PR021/K Unit

(IEC only)











Contents

Reading Information - circuit breakers	6/2
Reading information - ATS010 unit	6 /6
Circuit diagram symbols (IEC 60617 and CEI 3-14 3-26 Standards)	6/7
Circuit diagrams	
Circuit breakers	6/ 8
Electrical accessories	6 /9
Automatic transfer switch - ATS010 (IEC only)	6 /1

ABB **6**/1



Reading information - circuit breakers

Warning

Before installing the circuit breaker, carefully read notes F and O on the circuit diagrams.

Operating status shown

The circuit diagram is shown under the following conditions:

- draw out circuit breaker, open and racked-in
- circuits de-energized
- trip units not tripped
- motor operator with springs discharged.

Versions

Though the diagram shows a circuit breaker in draw out version, it can be applied to a fixed version circuit breaker as well

Fixed version

The control circuits are fitted between terminals XV (connector X is not supplied).

With this version, the applications indicated in figures 31 and 32 cannot be provided

Draw out version

The control circuits are fitted between the poles of connector X (terminal box XV is not supplied).

Version without overcurrent trip unit

With this version, the applications indicated in figures 13, 14, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47 cannot be provided.

Version with PR121/P electronic trip unit

With this version, the applications indicated in figures 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47 cannot be provided.

Version with PR122/P electronic trip unit

With this version, the applications indicated in figure 41 cannot be provided.

Version with PR123/P electronic trip unit

With this version, the applications indicated in figure 41 cannot be provided.

Caption

	= Circuit diagram figure number
*	= See note indicated by letter
A1	= Circuit breaker accessories
А3	= Accessories applied to the cradle of the circuit breaker (for draw out version only)
A4	= Example switchgear and connections for control and signaling, outside the circuit breaker
AY	= SOR TEST UNIT control/monitoring Unit (see note R)
D	= Electronic time-delay device of the undervoltage release, outside the circuit breaker
F1	= Delayed-trip fuse
K51	 PR121/P, PR122/P, PR123/P electronic trip unit with the following protection functions (see note G): L overload protection with inverse long time-delay trip - setting I1
	- S short-circuit protection with inverse or definite short time-delay trip - setting I2
	- I short-circuit protection with instantaneous time-delay trip - setting I3
	- G ground fault protection with inverse short time-delay trip - setting I4
K51/18	= Contacts of the PR021/K signaling unit.
K51/GZin (DBin)	 Zone discrimination: input for protection G or "reverse" direction input for protection D (only with Uaux. and PR122/P or PR123/P trip unit)
K51/GZout (DBout)	 Zone discrimination: output for protection G or "reverse" direction output for protection D (only with Uaux. and PR122/P or PR123/P trip unit)
K51/IN1	 Digital programmable input (available only with Uaux and PR122/P or PR123/P trip unit with indicator module PR120/K)
K51/P1P4	 Programmable electrical signaling (available only with Uaux and PR122/P or PR123/P trip unit with indicator module PR120/K)
K51/SZin (DFin)	 Zone discrimination: input for protection S or "direct" input for protection D (only with Uaux. and PR122/P or PR123/P trip unit)
K51/SZout (DFout)	= Zone discrimination: output for protection S or "direct" output for protection D (only with Uaux. and PR122/P or PR123/P trip unit)
K51/YC K51/YO	= Closing control from PR122/P or PR123/P electronic trip unit with communication module PR120/D-M = Opening control from PR122/P or PR123/P electronic trip unit with communication module PR120/D-M
	·

6/2 ABB

Μ = Motor for charging the closing springs Ω = Circuit breaker Q/1...27 = Circuit breaker auxiliary contacts = Limit contacts for spring-charging motor S33M/1 S43 = Switch for setting remote/local control S51 = Contact for electrical signaling of circuit breaker open due to tripping of the overcurrent trip unit. The circuit breaker may be closed only after pressing the reset pushbutton, or after energizing the coil for electrical reset (if available) S75E/1...4 = Contacts for electrical signaling of circuit breaker in racked-out position (only with draw out circuit breakers) S75I/1...4 = Contacts for electrical signaling of circuit breaker in racked-in position (only with draw out circuit breakers) S75T/1..4 = Contacts for electrical signaling of circuit breaker in test isolated position (only with draw out circuit breakers) = Pushbutton or contact for closing the circuit breaker SO = Pushbutton or contact for opening the circuit breaker SO1 = Pushbutton or contact for opening the circuit breaker with delayed trip SO₂ = Pushbutton or contact for opening the circuit breaker with instantaneous trip = Pushbutton or contact for electrical circuit breaker reset SR TI/L1 = Current transformer located on phase L1 = Current transformer located on phase L2 TI/L2 TI/L3 = Current transformer located on phase L3 Uaux. = Auxiliary power supply voltage (see note F) UI/L1 = Current sensor (Rogowski coil) located on phase L1 UI/L2 = Current sensor (Rogowski coil) located on phase L2 = Current sensor (Rogowski coil) located on phase L3 UI/L3 UI/N = Current sensor (Rogowski coil) located on neutral UI/O = Current sensor (Rogowski coil) located on the conductor connecting to ground the star point of the MV/LV transformer (see note G) W1 = Serial interface with control system (external bus): EIA RS485 interface (see note E) W2 = Serial interface with the accessories of PR121/P, PR122/P and PR123/P trip units (internal bus) Χ = Delivery connector for auxiliary circuits of draw out version circuit breaker X1...X7 = Connectors for the accessories of the circuit breaker = Delivery terminal box for the position contacts of the draw out circuit breaker (located on the ΧF cradle of the circuit breaker) = Connector for power circuits of PR121/P, PR122/P, and PR123/P trip units. XK1 XK2 - XK3 = Connectors for auxiliary circuits of PR121/P, PR122/P and PR123/P trip units. XK4 = Connector signaling open/close contact. = Connector for PR120/V module. XK5 XO = Connector for YO1 trip unit ΧV = Delivery terminal box for the auxiliary circuits of the fixed circuit breaker YC = Closing coil YΩ = Shunt trip YO1 = Shunt trip

ABB 6/3

= Second shunt trip (see note Q)

= Coil to electrically reset the circuit breaker

= Undervoltage release (see notes B and Q)

YO2

ΥR

ΥU



Reading information - circuit breakers

Description of figures

- Fig. 1 = Motor circuit to charge the closing springs
- Fig. 2 = Closing coil circuit.
- Fig. 4 = Shunt trip.
- Fig. 6 = Instantaneous undervoltage release (see notes B and Q).
- Fig. 7 = Undervoltage release with electronic time-delay device, outside the circuit breaker (see notes B and Q)
- Fig. 8 = Second shunt trip unit (see note Q)
- Fig. 11 = Contact for electrical signaling of springs charged.
- Fig. 12 = Contact for electrical signaling of undervoltage release energized (see notes B and S).
- Fig. 13 = Contact for electrical signaling of circuit breaker open due to tripping of the overcurrent trip unit.

 The circuit breaker may be closed only after pressing the reset pushbutton.
- Fig. 14 = Contact for electrical signaling of circuit breaker open due to tripping of the overcurrent trip unit and electrical reset coil. The circuit breaker may be closed only after pressing the reset pushbutton or energizing the coil.
- Fig. 21 = First set of circuit breaker auxiliary contacts.
- Fig. 22 = Second set of circuit breaker auxiliary contacts.
- Fig. 23 = Third set of supplementary auxiliary contacts outside the circuit breaker.
- Fig. 31 = First set of contacts for electrical signaling of circuit breaker in racked-in, test isolated, racked-out position.
- Fig. 32 = Second set of contacts for electrical signaling of circuit breaker in racked-in, test isolated, racked-out position.
- Fig. 41 = Auxiliary circuits of PR121/P trip units (see note F).
- Fig. 42 = Auxiliary circuits of PR122/P and PR123/P trip units (see notes F, N and V)
- Fig. 43 = Circuits of the measuring module PR120/V of the PR122/P and PR123/P trip units internally connected to the circuit breaker (optional for the trip unit PR122/P; see notes T and U).
- Fig. 44 = Circuits of the measuring module PR120/V of the PR122/P and PR123/P trip units externally connected to the circuit breaker (optional for the trip unit PR122/P; see notes O and U).
- Fig. 45 = Circuits of the communication module PR120/D-M of the PR122/P and PR123/P trip units (optional; see
- Fig. 46 = Circuits of the indicator module PR120/K of the PR122/P and PR123/P trip units connection 1 (optional; see note V).
- Fig. 47 = Circuits of the indicator module PR120/K of the PR122/P and PR123/P trip units connection 2 (optional; see note V).
- Fig. 61 = SOR TEST UNIT control/monitoring unit (see note R).
- Fig. 62 = Circuit of the signaling module PR021/K

Incompatibilities

The circuits indicated in the following figures cannot be supplied simultaneously on the same circuit breaker:

- 6 7 8
- 13 14
- 22 46 47
- 43 44

6/4 ABB

Notes

- A) The circuit breaker is only fitted with the accessories specified in the ABB order acknowledgement. Please contact your local sales organisation.
- B) The undervoltage release is supplied for operation using a power supply branched on the supply side of the circuit breaker or from an independent source. The circuit breaker can only close when the trip unit is energized (there is a mechanical lock on closing). If the same power supply is used for the closing coil and undervoltage release and the circuit breaker is required to close automatically when the auxiliary power supply comes back on, a 30 ms delay must be introduced between the undervoltage release accept signal and the energizing of the closing coil. This may be achieved using an external circuit comprising a permanent make contact, the contact shown in fig. 12 and a time-delay relay.
- E) For the EIA RS485 serial interface connection see document ITSCE RH0298 regarding MODBUS communica-
- F) The auxiliary voltage Uaux allows actuation of all operations of the PR121/P, PR122/P and PR123/P trip units. Having requested a Uaux insulated from ground, one must use "galvanically separated converters" in compliance with IEC 60950 (UL 1950) or equivalent standards that ensure a common mode current or leakage current (see IEC 478/1, CEI 22/3) not greater than 3.5 mA, IEC 60364-41 and CEI 64-8.
- G) Ground fault protection is available with the PR122/P and PR123/P trip units by means of a current sensor located on the conductor connecting to ground the star center of the MV/LV transformer. The connections between terminals 1 and 2 (or 3) of current transformer UI/O and poles T7 and T8 of the X (or XV) connector must be made with a two-pole shielded and stranded cable (see user manual), no more than 15 m long. The shield must be grounded on the circuit breaker side and current sensor side.
- N) With PR122/P and PR123/P trip units, the connections to the zone discrimination inputs and outputs must be made with a two-pole shielded and stranded cable (see user manual), no more than 300 m long. The shield must be grounded on the discrimination input side.
- O) Systems with rated voltage of less than 100V or greater than 690V require the use of an insulation voltage transformer to connect to the busbars (connect according to the insertion diagrams provided in the manual).
- P) With PR122/P and PR123/P trip units with communication module PR120/D-M, the power supply for coils YO and YC must not be taken from the main power supply. The coils can be controlled directly from contacts K51/YO and K51/ YC with maximum voltages of 110-120 V DC and 240-250 V AC.
- Q) The second shunt trip may be installed as an alternative to the undervoltage release.
- R) The SORTEST UNIT + shunt trip (YO) is guaranteed to operate starting at 75% of the Uaux of the shunt trip itself. While the YO power supply contact is closing (short-circuit on terminals 4 and 5), the SORTEST UNIT is unable to detect the opening coil status. Consequently:
 - for continuously powered opening coil, the TEST FAILED and ALARM signals will be activated
 - if the coil opening command is of the pulsing type, the TEST FAILED signal may appear at the same time. In this case, the TEST FAILED signal is actually an alarm signal only if it remains lit for more than 20s.
- S) Also available in the version with normally-closed contact
- T) The connection between pin 1 of the connector XK5 to the internal neutral conductor is provided by four-pole circuit breakers, while pin 1 of the connector XK5 is connected to pin T1 of the connector X (or XV) by means of three-pole circuit breakers.
- U) The measuring module PR120/V is always supplied with relay PR123/P.
- V) If fig. 22 is present (second set of auxiliary contacts) simultaneously as PR122/P or PR123/P trip unit, the contacts for the zone discrimination in fig. 42 (K51/Zin, K51/Zout, K51/Gzin and K51/Gzout) are not wired. In addition, the indicator module PR120/K in figures 46 and 47 cannot be supplied.

ABB **6**/5



Reading information - ATS010 unit

Operating status shown of the ATS010 unit

The circuit diagram is for the following conditions:

- circuit breakers open and racked-in #
- generator not under alarm
- closing springs discharged
- trip units not tripped *
- ATS010 not powered
- generator in automatic mode and not started
- generator switching enabled
- circuits de-energized
- logic enabled by means of special input (terminal 47)
- # This diagram shows draw out circuit breakers, but is also valid for fixed version circuit breakers: the auxiliary circuits of the circuit breakers are not headed to connector X but to terminal box XV; also connect terminal 17 to 20 and terminal 35 to 38 on the ATS010 device.
- ★ This diagram shows circuit breakers with trip units, but is also valid for circuit breakers without trip units: connect terminal 18 to 20 and terminal 35 to 37 of the ATS010 device.
- @This diagram shows four-pole circuit breakers but is also valid for two-pole circuit breakers: use only terminals 26 and 24 (phase and neutral) for the voltage connection of the normal power supply to the ATS010 device; also use the Q61/2 two-pole rather than four-pole auxiliary protection circuit breaker.

Caption

A1 = Circuit breaker applications

A = ATS010 device for automatic switching of two circuit breakers

F1 = Delayed-trip fuse

K1 = Auxiliary contact for emergency power supply voltage present

K2 = Auxiliary contact for normal supply voltage present
K51/Q1 = Overcurrent relay of the emergency power supply line *
K51/Q2 = Overcurrent relay of the normal power supply line *

M = Motor for charging the closing springs
Q/1 = Auxiliary contact of the circuit breaker
Q1 = Emergency power supply line circuit breaker
Q = Normal power supply line circuit breaker

Q61/1-2 = Thermomagnetic circuit breakers for isolating and protecting the auxiliary circuits @

S11...S16 = Signal contacts for the inputs of the ATS010 device

S33M/1 = Limit contact of the closing springs

= Contact for the electrical signaling of circuit breaker open due to trip unit tripped *
= Contact for the electrical signaling of draw out circuit breaker racked-in #

TI/ ... = Current transformers for the trip unit power supply

X = Connector for the auxiliary circuits of the draw out circuit breaker

XF = Delivery terminal box for the position contacts of the draw out circuit breaker
 XV = Delivery terminal box for the auxiliary circuits of the fixed version circuit breaker

YC = Closing coilYO = Shunt trip

Note

A) For the auxiliary circuits of the circuit breakers, see the circuit diagram of the circuit breaker/accessory.

The applications shown in the following figures are required: 1 - 2 - 4 - 13 (only if the trip unit is supplied) - 21 - 31 (only for draw out circuit breakers).

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Circuit diagram symbols (IEC 60617 and CEI 3-14 ... 3-26 Standards)

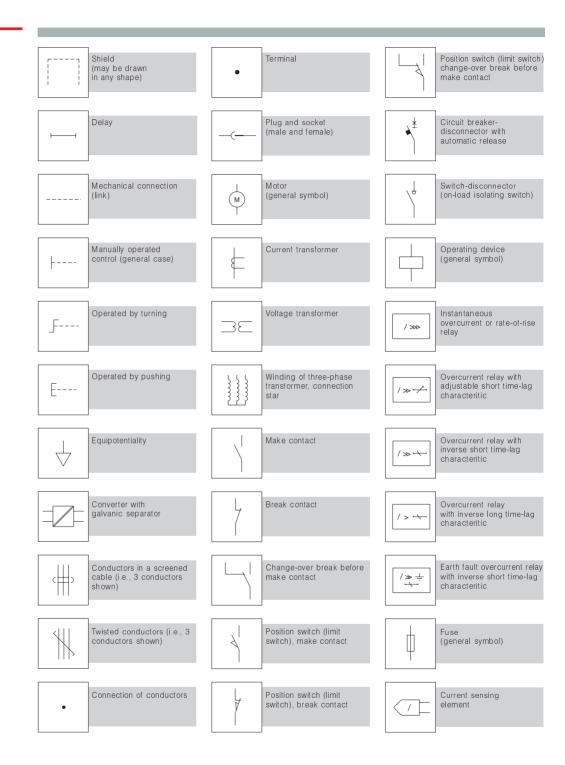
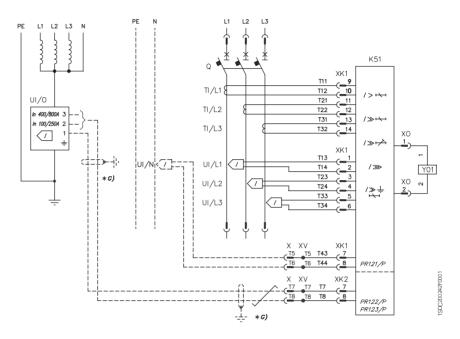


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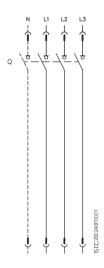


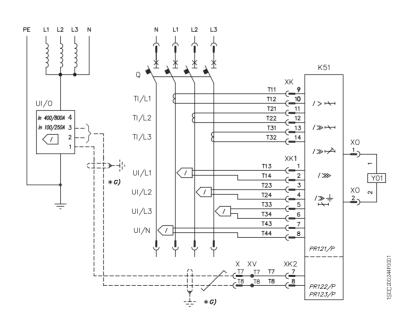
Circuit breakers

Operating status



Three-pole circuit breaker with PR121/P, PR122/P or PR123/P electronic trip unit





Three- or four-pole switch

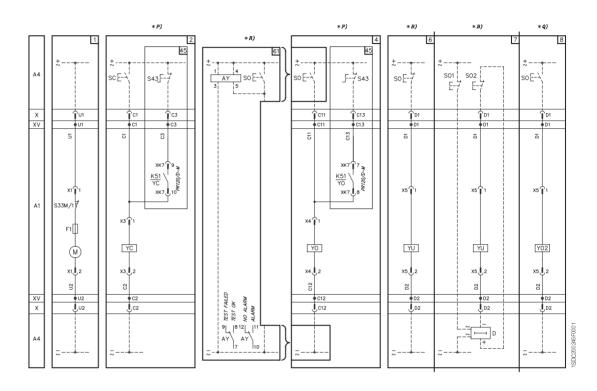
Four-pole circuit breaker with PR121/P, PR22/P or PR123P electronic trip unit

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Electrical accessories

Motor operator, shunt trip, closing coil and undervoltage release



Signaling contacts

		*B) *S)			,	**/)
	11	12	13	‡ -	21	22
A4				SRE-		
Х	137	₽ D13	1 96 1 98	1 96 1 98 1 R1	↑13 ↑11 ↑23 ↑21	↑33-K13 ↑31-K15 ↑43-K9 ↑41-K11 ↑53-K5 ↑51-K7
XV	• 37	● D13	96 98	96 98 R1	• 13 • 11 • 23 • 21	♦ 33-K13 ♦ 31-K15 ♦ 43-K9 ♦ 41-K11 ♦ 53-K5 ♦ 51-K7
	37	013	96 86	88 12	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	33-Kt3 31-Kt5 43-K9 41-Kt1 41-Kt1 53-K5
A1	X2 1 1	x6	X7 2 3 S51	X7 1 2 1 3 5 5 5 1 \	0/1\ 0/2\ 0/3\ 0/4\	0/5\ 0/67 0/7\ 0/87 0/9\ 0/107
	X2 Ů 2	X6.	X7. Ū 1	X71 YR		112 (6 (4 (10 (6 (17 (17 (17 (17 (17 (17 (17 (17 (17 (17
	8	410	υ ₀	8 22	t 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	34-K12 32-K14 44-K8 52-K6
XV	9 38	● D14	95	●95 ●R2	•14 •12 •24 •22	●34-K12 ●32-K14 ●44-K8 ●42-K10 ●54-K4 ●52-K6
Х	38	 D14	95		U14 U12 U24 U22	Ů 34-K12 Ů 32-K14 Ů 44-K8 Ů 42-K10 Ů 54-K4 Ů 52-K6
A4			·			

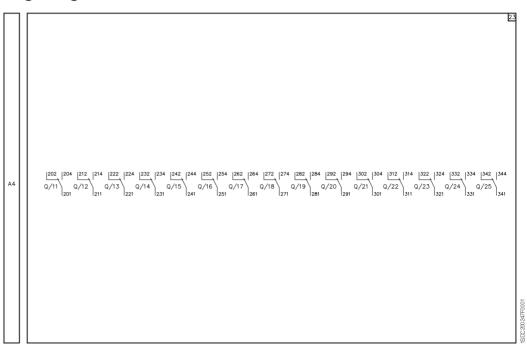
ABB

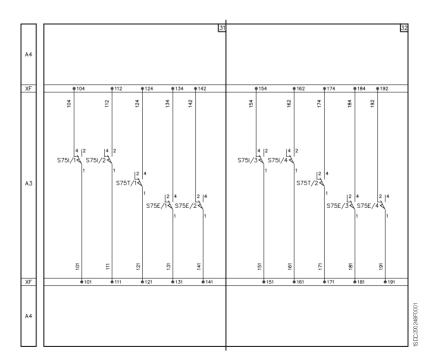




Electrical accessories

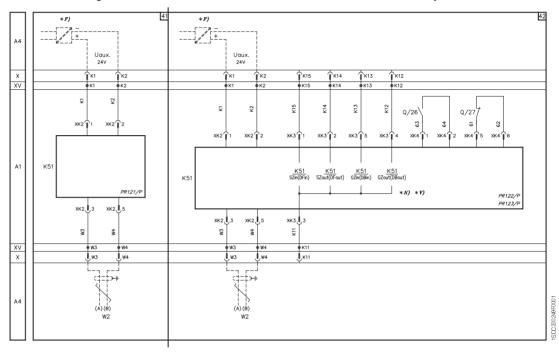
Signaling contacts





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Auxiliary circuits of the PR121, PR122 and PR123 trip units



Measuring module PR120/V

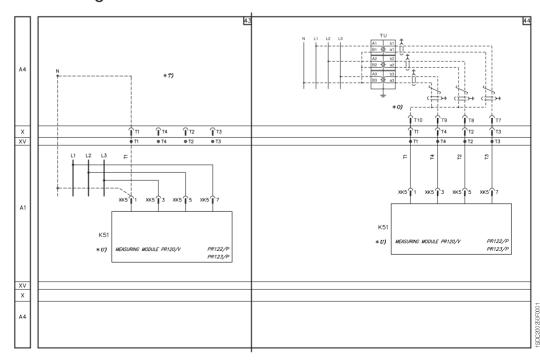
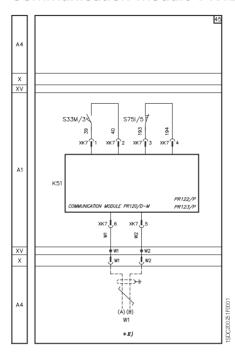


ABB **6/11**

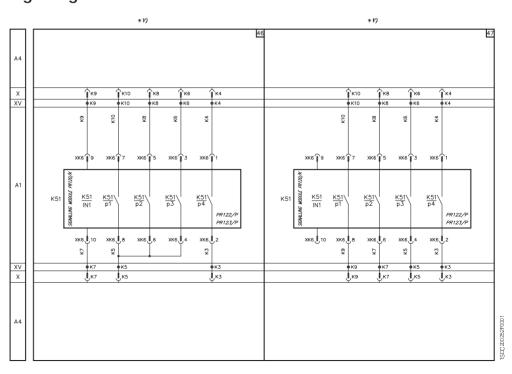


Electrical accessories

Communication module PR120/D-M



Signaling module PR120/K



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PR021/K Signaling unit

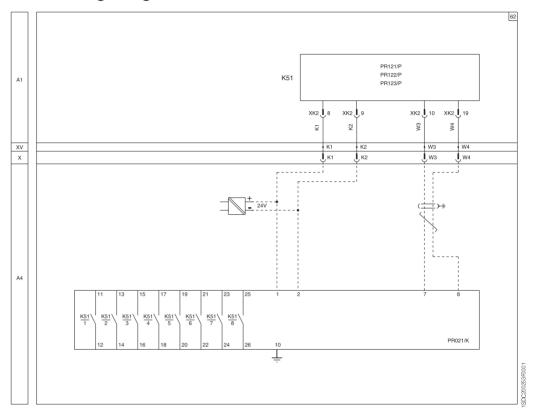
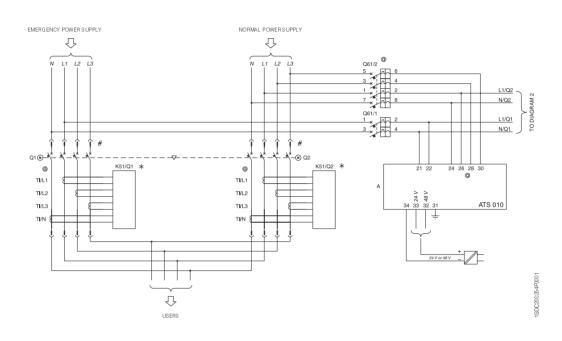


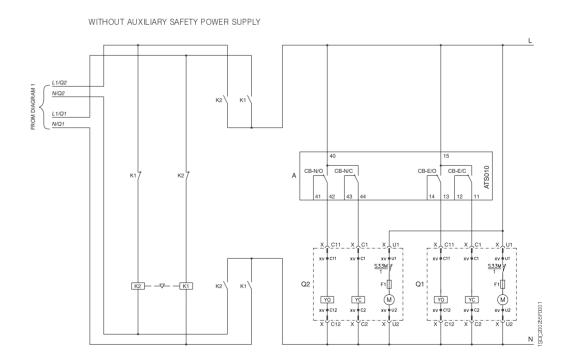
ABB **6**/13



Circuit diagrams

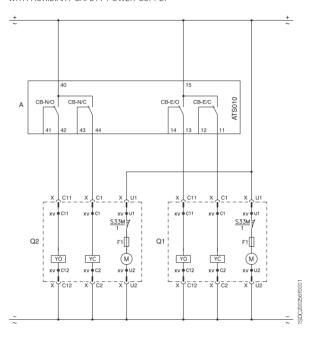
Automatic transfer switch ATS010 (IEC only)





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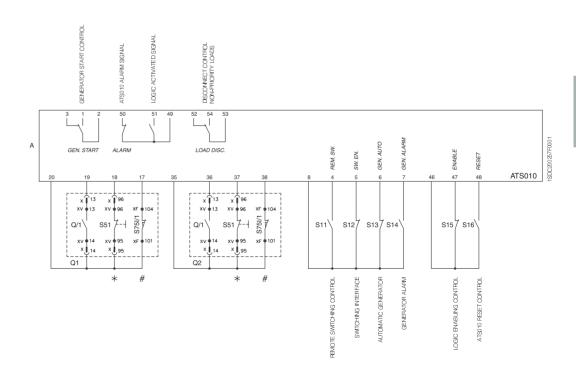


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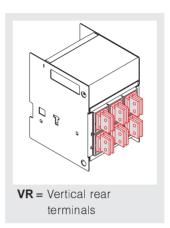


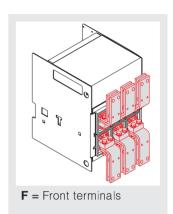


General information

Abbreviations used in switchgear descriptions







The figures obove provide some indications for terminal selection

F Fixed

W Draw out

MP Moving part for draw out circuit breakers

FP Cradle for draw out circuit breakers

PR121/P Trip unit (LI, LSI, LSIG functions)
PR122/P PR122/P Trip unit (LSI, LSIG functions)
PR123/P Trip unit (LSIG functions)

Functions:

- L Protection against overload with long inverse time-delay trip
- **S** Selective protection against short-circuit with short inverse or definite time-delay trip
- I Protection against instantaneous short-circuit with adjustable trip current threshold
- **G** Protection against ground faults

AC AC applications

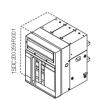
DC DC applications

/MS Switch

7/2 ABB



Emax automatic circuit breakers







1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 4 Poles 1SDA.....R1

3 Poles

1SDA.....R1 4 Poles

3 Poles 4 Poles

E1B-A 08

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 42 kA Short time current = 42 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	057207	057208	057219	057220				
LSI	057211	057212	057223	057224	057231	057232		
LSIG	057215	057216	057227	057228	057235	057236		

E1N-A 08

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 50 kA Short time current = 50 kA

Fixed (F) LI

HR = Horizontal rear terminals 060915 060916 060927 060928 LSI 060919 060939 060940 060920 060931 060932 LSIG 060923 060924 060935 060936 060943 060944

E1B-A 12

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 42 kA Short time current = 42 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals							
LI	057239	057240	057251	057252			
LSI	057243	057244	057255	057256	057263	057264	
LSIG	057247	057248	057259	057260	057267	057268	

E1N-A 12

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 50 kA Short time current = 50 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	060947	060948	060959	060960				
LSI	060951	060952	060963	060964	060971	060972		
LSIG	060955	060956	060967	060968	060975	060976		





Emax automatic circuit breakers



E1B-A 08

Draw out (W) - MP



Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 42 kA Short time current = 42 kA

MP = Moving part								
LI	057209	057210	057221	057222				
LSI	057213	057214	057225	057226	057233	057234		
LSIG	057217	057218	057229	057230	057237	057238		

E1N-A 08

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 50 kA Short time current = 50 kA

MP = Moving part							
LI	060917	060918	060929	060930			
LSI	060921	060922	060933	060934	060941	060942	
LSIG	060925	060926	060937	060938	060945	060946	

E1B-A 12

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 42 kA Short time current = 42 kA

MP = Moving part							
LI	057241	057242	057253	057254			
LSI	057245	057246	057257	057258	057265	057266	-
LSIG	057249	057250	057261	057262	057269	057270	

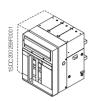
E1N-A 12

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 50 kA Short time current = 50 kA

MP = Moving part							
LI	060949	060950	060961	060962			
LSI	060953	060954	060965	060966	060973	060974	
LSIG	060957	060958	060969	060970	060977	060978	







4 Poles





PR121/P

PR122/P

PR123/P

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 1SDA.....R1 4 Poles 3 Poles

4 Poles

E2N-A 08

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 50 kA Short time current = 50 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	060691	060692	060703	060704				
LSI	060695	060696	060707	060708	060715	060716		
LSIG	060699	060700	060711	060712	060719	060720		

E2S-A 08

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

Fixed (F)

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	061011	061012	061023	061024				
LSI	061015	061016	061027	061028	061035	061036		
LSIG	061019	061020	061031	061032	061039	061040		

E2H-A 08

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

Fixed (F)

HR = Horizontal rear terminals							
LI	061075	061076	061087	061088			
LSI	061079	061080	061091	061092	061099	061100	
LSIG	061083	061084	061095	061096	061103	061104	

E2N-A 12

Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 50 kA Short time current = 50 kA

Fixed (F)

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	057303	057304	057315	057316				
LSI	057307	057308	057319	057320	057327	057328		
LSIG	057311	057312	057323	057324	057331	057332		

E2S-A 12

Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

Fixed (F)

HK = H	HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	060979	060980	060991	060992					
LSI	060983	060984	060995	060996	061003	061004			
LSIG	060987	060988	060999	061000	061007	061008			

E2H-A 12

Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

Fixed (F)

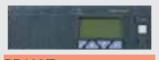
HR = Horizontal rear terminals									
LI	061107	061108	061119	061120					
LSI	061111	061112	061123	061124	061131	061132			
LSIG	061115	061116	061127	061128	061135	061136			

 Cradles
 page 7/39
 Extra codes
 page 7/39



Emax automatic circuit breakers







PR121/P

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 4 Poles PR122/P

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 4 Poles PR123/P

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles

4 Poles

E2B-A 16

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 1600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 42 kA Short time current = 42 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	057271	057272	057283	057284	•	•		
LSI	057275	057276	057287	057288	057295	057296		
I SIC	057270	057290	057201	057202	057200	057300		

E2N-A 16

Frame size = 1600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 50 kA Short time current = 50 kA

Fixed (F)

HR = Horizontal rear terminals LI 057335 057336 057347 057348 LSI 057339 057340 057351 057352 057359 057360 LSIG 057343 057344 057355 057356 057363 057364

E2S-A 16

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 1600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

HR = H	HR = Horizontal rear terminals									
LI	061043	061044	061055	061056						
LSI	061047	061048	061059	061060	061067	061068				
LSIG	061051	061052	061063	061064	061071	061072				

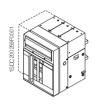
E2H-A 16

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 1600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	061139	061140	061151	061152				
LSI	061143	061144	061155	061156	061163	061164		
LSIG	061147	061148	061159	061160	061167	061168		







4 Poles





PR121/P

PR122/P

PR123/P

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 1SDA.....R1 4 Poles 3 Poles

4 Poles

E2N-A 08

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 50 kA Short time current = 50 kA

MP = Moving part									
LI	060693	060694	060705	060706					
LSI	060697	060698	060709	060710	060717	060718			
LSIG	060701	060702	060713	060714	060721	060722			

E2S-A 08

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

Draw out (W) - MP

MP = Moving part								
LI	061013	061014	061025	061026				
LSI	061017	061018	061029	061030	061037	061038		
LSIG	061021	061022	061033	061034	061041	061042		

E2H-A 08

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = Moving part									
LI	061077	061078	061089	061090					
LSI	061081	061082	061093	061094	061101	061102			
LSIG	061085	061086	061097	061098	061105	061106			

E2N-A 12

Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 50 kA Short time current = 50 kA

Draw out (W) - MP

MP = Moving part									
LI	057305	057306	057317	057318					
LSI	057309	057310	057321	057322	057329	057330			
LSIG	057313	057314	057325	057326	057333	057334			

E2S-A 12

Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

Draw out (W) - MP

MP = Moving part									
LI	060981	060982	060993	060994					
LSI	060985	060986	060997	060998	061005	061006			
LSIG	060989	060990	061001	061002	061009	061010			

E2H-A 12

Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

Draw out (W) - MP

MP = Moving part									
LI	061109	061110	061121	061122					
LSI	061113	061114	061125	061126	061133	061134			
LSIG	061117	061118	061129	061130	061137	061138			

Cradles page 7/36	Terminals page 7/39	Extra codes page 7/39



Emax automatic circuit breakers



E2B-A 16

Draw out (W) - MP



Frame size = 1600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 42 kA Short time current = 42 kA

MP = Moving part									
LI	057273	057274	057285	057286					
LSI	057277	057278	057289	057290	057297	057298			
LSIG	057281	057282	057293	057294	057301	057302			

E2N-A 16

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 1600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 50 kA Short time current = 50 kA

MP = Moving part								
LI	057337	057338	057349	057350				
LSI	057341	057342	057353	057354	057361	057362		
LSIG	057345	057346	057357	057358	057365	057366		

E2S-A 16

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 1600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = Moving part								
LI	061045	061046	061057	061058				
LSI	061049	061050	061061	061062	061069	061070		
LSIG	061053	061054	061065	061066	061073	061074		

E2H-A 16

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 1600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = Moving part							
LI	061141	061142	061153	061154			
LSI	061145	061146	061157	061158	061165	061166	
LSIG	061149	061150	061161	061162	061169	061170	











PR121/P

/P

PR122/P 1SDA.....R1

3 Poles

PR123/P

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles

4 Poles

4 Poles

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles

4 Poles

E3S-A 08

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals									
LI	060755	060756	060767	060768					
LSI	060759	060760	060771	060772	060779	060780			
LSIG	060763	060764	060775	060776	060783	060784			

E3H-A 08

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	060787	060788	060799	060800				
LSI	060791	060792	060803	060804	060811	060812		
LSIG	060795	060796	060807	060808	060815	060816		

E3V-A 08

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 125 kA Short time current = 85 kA

HR = H	HR = Horizontal rear terminals									
LI	060851	060852	060863	060864						
LSI	060855	060856	060867	060868	060875	060876				
LSIG	060859	060860	060871	060872	060879	060880				

E3X-A 08

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 200 kA Short time current = 14 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals							
LI	063911	063913	063923	063925			
LSI	063915	063917	063927	063929	063935	063937	
LSIG	063919	063921	063931	063933	063939	063941	

Fixed (F)

E3S-A 12 Fixed (F) Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	057431	057432	057443	057444				
LSI	057435	057436	057447	057448	057455	057456		
LSIG	057439	057440	057451	057452	057459	057460		

E3H-A 12

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

HK = H	HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	057559	057560	057571	057572					
LSI	057563	057564	057575	057576	057583	057584			
LSIG	057567	057568	057579	057580	057587	057588			
LSIG	057567	057568	057579	057580	057587		057588		

E3V-A 12

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 125 kA Short time current = 85 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals 057687 057688 057699 057700 057712 LSI 057691 057703 057711 057692 057704 LSIG 057695 057696 057707 057708 057715 057716

Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 200 kA Short time current = 14 kA

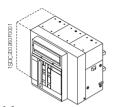
E3X-A 12 Fixed (F)

HR = H	HR = Horizontal rear terminals									
LI	063943	063945	063955	063957						
LSI	063947	063949	063959	063961	063967	063969				
LSIG	063951	063953	063963	063965	063971	063973				

 Cradles
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 Extra codes
 page 7/39



Emax automatic circuit breakers









1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 4 Poles

PR122/P 1SDA.....R1

3 Poles

4 Poles

1SDA.....R1

4 Poles 3 Poles

E3S-A 16

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 1600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals									
LI	057463	057464	057475	057476					
LSI	057467	057468	057479	057480	057487	057488			
LSIG	057471	057472	057483	057484	057491	057492			

E3H-A 16

Fixed (F)

HR = Horizontal rear terminals

057591 057592 057603 057604 LSI 057595 057596 057607 057608 057615 057616 LSIG 057599 057600 057611 057612 057619 057620

Frame size = 1600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

E3V-A 16

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 1600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 125 kA Short time current = 85 kA

HR = H	lorizontal rear t	erminals					
LI	057719	057720	057731	057732			
LSI	057723	057724	057735	057736	057743	057744	
LSIG	057727	057728	057739	057740	057747	057748	

E3X-A 16

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 1600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 200 kA Short time current = 14 kA

HK = H	orizontai rear t	erminais					
LI	063975	063977	063987	063989			
LSI	063979	063981	063991	063993	063999	064001	
LSIG	063983	063985	063995	063997	064003	064005	

E3N-A 20

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 2000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 50 kA Short time current = 50 kA

HR = H	orizontal rear t	erminals					
LI	057367	057368	057379	057380			
LSI	057371	057372	057383	057384	057391	057392	
LSIG	057375	057376	057387	057388	057395	057396	

E3S-A 20

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 2000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

HR = H	orizontal rear t	erminals					
LI	057495	057496	057507	057508			
LSI	057499	057500	057511	057512	057519	057520	
LSIG	057503	057504	057515	057516	057523	057524	

E3H-A 20

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 2000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals							
LI	057623	057624	057635	057636			
LSI	057627	057628	057639	057640	057647	057648	
LSIG	057631	057632	057643	057644	057651	057652	

E3V-A 20

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 2000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 125 kA Short time current = 85 kA

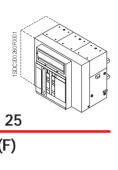
HR = H	lorizontal rear t	erminals					
LI	057751	057752	057763	057764			
LSI	057755	057756	057767	057768	057775	057776	
LSIG	057759	057760	057771	057772	057779	057780	

E3X-A 20

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 2000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 200 kA Short time current = 14 kA

HR = H	orizontal rear to	erminals					Т
LI	064007	064009	064019	064021			_
LSI	064011	064013	064023	064025	064031	064033	
LSIG	064015	064017	064027	064029	064035	064037	
							_
Cradle	s	page 7/36	Terminals	page 7/39	Extra codes	page 7/ 39	









1SDA.....R1 3 Poles

4 Poles

1SDA.....R1

3 Poles

4 Poles

FIX 123/1

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles

4 Poles

E3N-A 25

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 2500 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 50 kA Short time current = 50 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals									
LI	057399	057400	057411	057412					
LSI	057403	057404	057415	057416	057423	057424			
LSIG	057407	057408	057419	057420	057427	057428			

E3S-A 25

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 2500 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

HR = H	HR = Horizontal rear terminals									
LI	057527	057528	057539	057540						
LSI	057531	057532	057543	057544	057551	057552				
LSIG	057535	057536	057547	057548	057555	057556				

E3H-A 25

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 2500 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals									
LI	057655	057656	057667	057668					
LSI	057659	057660	057671	057672	057679	057680			
LSIG	057663	057664	057675	057676	057683	057684			

E3V-A 25

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 2500 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 125 kA Short time current = 85 kA

HR = Ho	HR = Horizontal rear terminals									
LI	057783	057784	057795	057796						
LSI	057787	057788	057799	057800	057807	057808				
LSIG	057791	057792	057803	057804	057811	057812				

E3S-A 32

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 3200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

VR = Ve	VR = Vertical rear terminals									
LI	060723	060724	060735	060736						
LSI	060727	060728	060739	060740	060747	060748				
LSIG	060731	060732	060743	060744	060751	060752				

E3H-A 32

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 3200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

VR = V	VR = Vertical rear terminals							
LI	060819	060820	060831	060832				
LSI	060823	060824	060835	060836	060843	060844		
LSIG	060827	060828	060839	060840	060847	060848		

E3V-A 32

Frame size = 3200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 125 kA Short time current = 85 kA

_			/ - \
- 1	xe	\sim	(H)
	VC	u	. ,

VR = Vertical rear terminals								
LI 060883 060884 060895 060896								
LSI	060887	060888	060899	060900	060907	060908		
LSIG	060891	060892	060903	060904	060911	060912		

Cradles page 7/36	Terminals page 7/39	Extra codes page 7/39



Emax automatic circuit breakers







1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 4 Poles PR122/P

1SDA.....R1 4 Poles 3 Poles

PR123/P

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles

4 Poles

E3S-A 08

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = M	MP = Moving part									
LI	060757	060758	060769	060770						
LSI	060761	060762	060773	060774	060781	060782				
LSIG	060765	060766	060777	060778	060785	060786				

E3H-A 08

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = Moving part								
LI	060789	060790	060801	060802				
LSI	060793	060794	060805	060806	060813	060814		
LSIG	060797	060798	060809	060810	060817	060818		

E3V-A 08

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 125 kA Short time current = 85 kA

MP = Moving part									
LI	060853	060854	060865	060866					
LSI	060857	060858	060869	060870	060877	060878			
LSIG	060861	060862	060873	060874	060881	060882			

E3X-A 08

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 800 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 200 kA Short time current = 14 kA

MP = Mo	MP = Moving part								
LI	063912	063914	063924	063926					
LSI	063916	063918	063928	063930	063936	063938			
LSIG	063920	063922	063932	063934	063940	063942			

E3S-A 12

Draw out (W) - MP

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = Moving part									
LI	057433	057434	057445	057446					
LSI	057437	057438	057449	057450	057457	057458			
LSIG	057441	057442	057453	057454	057461	057462			

E3H-A 12

Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = M	MP = Moving part								
LI	057561	057562	057573	057574					
LSI	057565	057566	057577	057578	057585	057586			
LSIG	057569	057570	057581	057582	057589	057590			

E3V-A 12

Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 125 kA Short time current = 85 kA

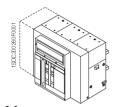
Draw out (W) - MP	MP = Moving part							
Draw out (w) - wir	LI	057689	057690	057701	057702			
	LSI	057693	057694	057705	057706	057713	057714	
	LSIG	057697	057698	057709	057710	057717	057718	

E3X-A 12

Draw out (W) - MP

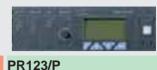
Frame size = 1200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 200 kA Short time current = 14 kA

MP = Moving part								
LI	063944	063946	063956	063958				
LSI	063948	063950	063960	063962	063968	063970		
LSIG	063952	063954	063964	063966	063972	063974		









PR121/P

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles

4 Poles

PR122/P

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 4 Poles 1604

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles

4 Poles

E3S-A 16

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 1600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = Moving part										
LI	057465	057466	057477	057478						
LSI	057469	057470	057481	057482	057489	057490				
ISIG	057473	057474	057485	057486	057/03	057494				

E3H-A 16

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 1600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = N	MP = Moving part									
LI	057593	057594	057605	057606						
LSI	057597	057598	057609	057610	057617	057618				
LSIG	057601	057602	057613	057614	057621	057622				

E3V-A 16

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 1600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 125 kA Short time current = 85 kA

MP = Mc	MP = Moving part									
LI	057721	057722	057733	057734						
LSI	057725	057726	057737	057738	057745	057746				
LSIG	057729	057730	057741	057742	057749	057750				

E3X-A 16

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 1600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 200 kA Short time current = 14 kA

MP = N	loving part						
LI	063976	063978	063988	063990			
LSI	063980	063982	063992	063994	064000	064002	
LSIG	063984	063986	063996	063998	064004	064006	

E3N-A 20

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 2000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 50 kA Short time current = 50 kA

MP = M	loving part						
LI	057369	057370	057381	057382			
LSI	057373	057374	057385	057386	057393	057394	
LSIG	057377	057378	057389	057390	057397	057398	

E3S-A 20

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 2000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = M	MP = Moving part									
LI	057497	057498	057509	057510						
LSI	057501	057502	057513	057514	057521	057522				
LSIG	057505	057506	057517	057518	057525	057526				

E3H-A 20

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 2000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = M	loving part						
LI	057625	057626	057637	057638			
LSI	057629	057630	057641	057642	057649	057650	
LSIG	057633	057634	057645	057646	057653	057654	

E3V-A 20

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 2000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 125 kA Short time current = 85 kA

MP = M	loving part						
LI	057753	057754	057765	057766			
LSI	057757	057758	057769	057770	057777	057778	
LSIG	057761	057762	057773	057774	057781	057782	

E3X-A 20

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 2000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 200 kA Short time current = 14 kA

MP = M	MP = Moving part									
LI	064008	064010	064020	064022						
LSI	064012	064014	064024	064026	064032	064034				
LSIG	064016	064018	064028	064030	064036	064038				
Cradle	25	page 7/36	Terminals	page 7/39	Extra codes	page 7/39				

ABB **7**/13



Emax automatic circuit breakers



E3N-A 25

Draw out (W) - MP



Frame size = 2500 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 50 kA Short time current = 50 kA

MP = M	MP = Moving part								
LI	057401	057402	057413	057414					
LSI	057405	057406	057417	057418	057425	057426			
LSIG	057409	057410	057421	057422	057429	057430			

E3S-A 25

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 2500 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = M	MP = Moving part									
LI	057529	057530	057541	057542						
LSI	057533	057534	057545	057546	057553	057554				
LSIG	057537	057538	057549	057550	057557	057558				

E3H-A 25

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 2500 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = N	MP = Moving part									
LI	057657	057658	057669	057670						
LSI	057661	057662	057673	057674	057681	057682				
LSIG	057665	057666	057677	057678	057685	057686				

E3V-A 25

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 2500 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 125 kA Short time current = 85 kA

MP = Mo	MP = Moving part							
LI	057785	057786	057797	057798				
LSI	057789	057790	057801	057802	057809	057810	-	
LSIG	057793	057794	057805	057806	057813	057814		

E3S-A 32

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = Moving part								
LI	060725	060726	060737	060738				
LSI	060729	060730	060741	060742	060749	060750		
LSIG	060733	060734	060745	060746	060753	060754		

E3H-A 32

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = Moving part							
LI	060821	060822	060833	060834			
LSI	060825	060826	060837	060838	060845	060846	
LSIG	060829	060830	060841	060842	060849	060850	

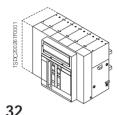
E3V-A 32

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 125 kA Short time current = 85 kA

MP = Moving part							
LI	060885	060886	060897	060898			
LSI	060889	060890	060901	060902	060909	060910	
LSIG	060893	060894	060905	060906	060913	060914	

Cradles page 7/36 Terminals page 7/39 Extra codes page 7/39









PR121/P

3 Poles

1SDA.....R1

4 Poles

PR122/P

3 Poles

1 4 Poles

PR123/P

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 4 Poles

E4S-A 32

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 3200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	057815	057816	057827	057828				
LSI	057819	057820	057831	057832	057839	057840		
LSIG	057823	057824	057835	057836	057843	057844		

E4H-A 32

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 3200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 85 kA

HR = H	HR = Horizontal rear terminals							
LI	057879	057880	057891	057892				
LSI	057883	057884	057895	057896	057903	057904		
LSIG	057887	057888	057899	057900	057907	057908		

E4V-A 32

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 3200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 100 kA Short time current = 100 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	057943	057944	057955	057956				
LSI	057947	057948	057959	057960	057967	057968		
LSIG	057951	057952	057963	057964	057971	057972		

E4L-A 32

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 3200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 150 kA Short time current = 100 kA

HR = H	R = Horizontal rear terminals						
LI	061171	061172	061183	061184			
LSI	061175	061176	061187	061188	061195	061196	
LSIG	061179	061180	061191	061192	061199	061200	

E4S-A 36

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 3600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	057847	057848	057859	057860				
LSI	057851	057852	057863	057864	057871	057872		
LSIG	057855	057856	057867	057868	057875	057876		

E4H-A 36

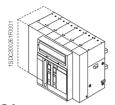
Fixed (F)

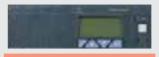
Frame size = 3600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 85 kA

HR = H	orizontal rear t	erminals					
LI	057911	057912	057923	057924			
LSI	057915	057916	057927	057928	057935	057936	
LSIG	057919	057920	057931	057932	057939	057940	

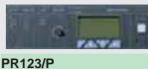


Emax automatic circuit breakers





4 Poles



PR121/F

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 4 Poles PR122/P

1SDA.....R1

3 Poles

1SDA

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles

4 Poles

E4V-A 36

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 3600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 100 kA Short time current = 100 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	057975	057976	057987	057988				
LSI	057979	057980	057991	057992	057999	058000		
LSIG	057983	057984	057995	057996	058003	058004		

E4L-A 36

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 3600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 150 kA Short time current = 100 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	061203	061204	061215	061216				
LSI	061207	061208	061219	061220	061227	061228		
LSIG	061211	061212	061223	061224	061231	061232		

E4S-A 32

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = Moving part									
LI	057817	057818	057829	057830					
LSI	057821	057822	057833	057834	057841	057842			
LSIG	057825	057826	057837	057838	057845	057846			

E4H-A 32

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 85 kA

MP = Moving part								
LI	057881	057882	057893	057894				
LSI	057885	057886	057897	057898	057905	057906		
LSIG	057889	057890	057901	057902	057909	057910		

E4V-A 32

Frame size = 3200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 100 kA Short time current = 100 kA

Draw out (W) - MP

MP = M	loving part						
LI	057945	057946	057957	057958			
LSI	057949	057950	057961	057962	057969	057970	
LSIG	057953	057954	057965	057966	057973	057974	

E4L-A 32

Frame size = 3200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 150 kA Short time current = 100 kA

Draw out (W) - MP

- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
061173	061174	061185	061186			
061177	061178	061189	061190	061197	061198	
061181	061182	061193	061194	061201	061202	
	061177	061173 061174 061177 061178	061173 061174 061185 061177 061178 061189	061173 061174 061185 061186 061177 061178 061189 061190	061173 061174 061185 061186 061177 061178 061189 061190 061197	061173 061174 061185 061186 061177 061178 061189 061190 061197 061198

ı	Cradles page 7/36	Terminals page 7/39	Extra codes page 7/39
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E4S-A 36

Draw out (W) - MP

PR121/P PR122/P PR123/P 1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 4 Poles 3 Poles 4 Poles 3 Poles 4 Poles

Frame size = 3600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 65 kA Short time current = 65 kA

MP = Moving part								
LI	057849	057850	057861	057862				
LSI	057853	057854	057865	057866	057873	057874		
LSIG	057857	057858	057869	057870	057877	057878		

E4H-A 36

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 85 kA

MP = Moving part						
LI	057913	057914	057925	057926		
LSI	057917	057918	057929	057930	057937	057938
LSIG	057921	057922	057933	057934	057941	057942

E4V-A 36

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 100 kA Short time current = 100 kA

MP = Moving part								
LI	057977	057978	057989	057990				
LSI	057981	057982	057993	057994	058001	058002		
LSIG	057985	057986	057997	057998	058005	058006		

E4L-A 36

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 150 kA Short time current = 100 kA

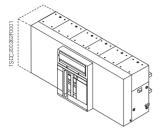
MP = Moving part							
LI	061205	061206	061217	061218			
LSI	061209	061210	061221	061223	061229	061230	
LSIG	061213	061214	061225	061226	061233	061234	

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ABB **7**/17



Emax automatic circuit breakers



E6H-A 40

Fixed (F)

Fixed (F)

Fixed (F)

Fixed (F)

Fixed (F)

Fixed (F)



Frame size = 4000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 100 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	058007	058008	058019	058020				
LSI	058011	058012	058023	058024	058031	058032		
LSIG	058015	058016	058027	058028	058035	058036		

Frame size = 4000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 125 kA Short time current = 100 kA E6V-A 40

HR = H	HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	058071	058072	058083	058084					
LSI	058075	058076	058087	058088	058095	058096			
LSIG	058079	058080	058091	058092	058099	058100			

Frame size = 4000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 150 kA Short time current = 100 kA E6L-A 40

HR = H	lorizontal rear t	erminals					
LI	061267	061268	061279	061280			
LSI	061271	061272	061283	061284	061291	061292	
LSIG	061275	061276	061287	061288	061295	061296	

Frame size = 4000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 200 kA Short time current = 100 kA E6X-A 40

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	064039	064041	064051	064053				
LSI	064043	064045	064055	064057	064063	064065		
LSIG	064047	064049	064059	064061	064067	064069		

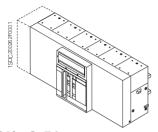
Frame size = 5000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 100 kA E6H-A 50

HR = H	orizontal rear to	erminals					
LI	058039	058040	058051	058052			
LSI	058043	058044	058055	058056	058063	058064	
LSIG	058047	058048	058059	058060	058067	058068	

Frame size = 5000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 125 kA Short time current = 100 kA E6V-A 50

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	058103	058104	058115	058116				
LSI	058107	058108	058119	058120	058127	058128		
LSIG	058111	058112	058123	058124	058131	058132		











PR121/P

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles

4 Poles

PR122/P 1SDA.....R1 3 Poles

4 Poles

PR123/P

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles

4 Poles

E6L-A 50

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 5000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 150 kA Short time current = 100 kA

HR = H	HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	061299	061300	061311	061312					
LSI	061303	061304	061315	061316	061323	061324			
LSIG	061307	061308	061319	061320	061327	061328			

E6X-A 50

Fixed (F)

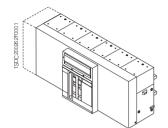
Frame size = 5000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 200 kA Short time current = 100 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals								
LI	064071	064073	064083	064085				
LSI	064075	064077	064087	064089	064095	064097		
LSIG	064079	064081	064091	064093	064099	064101		

ABB **7**/19



Emax automatic circuit breakers



E6H-A 40

Draw out (W) - MP



Frame size = 4000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 100 kA

MP = Moving part									
LI	058009	058010	058021	058022					
LSI	058013	058014	058025	058026	058033	058034			
LSIG	058017	058018	058029	058030	058037	058038			

E6V-A 40

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 4000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 125 kA Short time current = 100 kA

MP = M	MP = Moving part								
LI	058073	058074	058085	058086					
LSI	058077	058078	058089	058090	058097	058098			
LSIG	058081	058082	058093	058094	058101	058102			

E6L-A 40

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 4000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 150 kA Short time current = 100 kA

MP = M	loving part						
LI	061269	061270	061281	061282			
LSI	061273	061274	061285	061286	061293	061294	
LSIG	061277	061278	061289	061290	061297	061298	

E6X-A 40

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 4000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 200 kA Short time current = 100 kA

MP = M	MP = Moving part								
LI	064040	064042	064052	064054					
LSI	064044	064046	064056	064058	064064	064066			
LSIG	064048	064050	064060	064062	064068	064070			

E6H-A 50

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 5000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 100 kA

MP = Moving part								
058041	058042	058053	058054					
058045	058046	058057	058058	058065	058066			
058049	058050	058061	058062	058069	058070			
	058041 058045	058041 058042 058045 058046	058041 058042 058053 058045 058046 058057	058041 058042 058053 058054 058045 058046 058057 058058	058041 058042 058053 058054 058045 058046 058057 058058 058065			

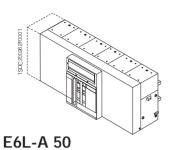
E6V-A 50

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 5000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 125 kA Short time current = 100 kA

MP = Moving part						
LI	058105	058106	058117	058118		
LSI	058109	058110	058121	058122	058129	058130
LSIG	058113	058114	058125	058126	058133	058134

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Draw out (W) - MP

PR121/P PR122/P PR123/P 1SDA.....R1 1SDA.....R1 1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 4 Poles 3 Poles 4 Poles

Frame size = 5000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 150 kA Short time current = 100 kA

MP = Moving part						
LI	061301	061302	061313	061314		
LSI	061305	061306	061317	061318	061325	061326
LSIG	061309	061310	061321	061322	061329	061330

E6X-A 50

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 5000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 200 kA Short time current = 100 kA

MP = Moving part						
LI	064072	064074	064084	064086		
LSI	064076	064078	064088	064090	064096	064098
LSIG	064080	064082	064092	064094	064100	064102

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ABB **7**/21





Emax automatic circuit breakers with full-size neutral conductor



E4H-A/f 32

Fixed (F)

	PAYE	PAYE .
PR121/P	PR122/P	PR123/P
	1SDAR1 4 Poles	1SDAR1 4 Poles

Frame size = 3200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 85 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals				
LI	061235	061241		
LSI	061237	061243	061247	
LSIG	061239	061245	061249	

E4H-A/f 36

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 3600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 85 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals				
LI	061251	061257		
LSI	061253	061259	061263	
LSIG	061255	061261	061265	

E4H-A/f 32

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3200 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 85 kA

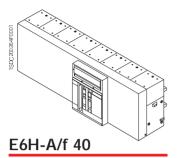
MP = Moving part				
LI	061236	061242		
LSI	061238	061244	061248	
LSIG	061240	061246	061250	

E4H-A/f 36

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3600 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 85 kA

MP = Moving part				
LI	061252	061258		
LSI	061254	061260	061264	
LSIG	061256	061262	061266	









1SDA.....R1 4 Poles

PR122/P

1SDA.....R1 4 Poles

1SDA.....R1 4 Poles

Frame size = 4000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 100 kA

Fixed	(F)
-------	-----

HR = Horizontal rear terminals				
LI	061347	061353		
LSI	061349	061355	061359	
LSIG	061351	061357	061361	

E6X-A/f 40

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 4000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 200 kA Short time current = 100 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals					
LI	064455	064458			
LSI	064456	064459	064461		
LSIG	064457	064460	064462		

E6H-A/f 50

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 5000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 100 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals					
LI	061331	061337			
LSI	061333	061339	061343		
LSIG	061335	061341	061345		

E6X-A/f 50

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 5000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 200 kA Short time current = 100 kA

HR = Ho	HR = Horizontal rear terminals					
LI	064463	064466				
LSI	064464	064467	064469			
LSIG	064465	064468	064470			

E6H-A/f 40

Frame size = 4000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 100 kA

Draw out (W) - MP

MP = M	loving part			
LI	061348	061354		
LSI	061350	061356	061360	
LSIG	061352	061358	061362	

E6X-A/f 40

Frame size = 4000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 200 kA Short time current = 100 kA

Draw out (W) - MP

MP = M	MP = Moving part				
LI	064471	064474			
LSI	064472	064475	064477		
LSIG	064473	064476	064478		

E6H-A/f 50

Frame size = 5000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 85 kA Short time current = 100 kA

Draw out (W) - MP

MP = M	oving part			
LI	061332	061338		
LSI	061334	061340	061344	
LSIG	061336	061342	061346	

E6X-A/f 50

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 5000 A Short circuit current (480 V) = 200 kA Short time current = 100 kA

MP = M	loving part			
LI	064479	064482		
LSI	064480	064483	064485	
LSIG	064481	064484	064486	

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ABB





Emax switches

		1SDAR1 3 Poles	4 Poles
OOLAREZOUS COSL		2. 232	
E1B-A/MS 08	Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 42 kA		
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061367	061368
E1N-A/MS 08	Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 50 kA		
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals		
rixed (r)		061375	061376
E1B-A/MS 12	Frame size = 1200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 42 kA		
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061363	061364
	Frame size = 1200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 50 kA		
	Frame size = 1200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 50 kA HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061371	061372
Fixed (F)	· -		061372
E1B-A/MS 08	HR = Horizontal rear terminals		061372
Fixed (F) E1B-A/MS 08	HR = Horizontal rear terminals Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 42 kA		061372 061370
Fixed (F) E1B-A/MS 08 Draw out (W) - MP	HR = Horizontal rear terminals Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 42 kA	061371	
Fixed (F) E1B-A/MS 08	HR = Horizontal rear terminals Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 42 kA MP = Moving part	061371 061369	061370
Fixed (F) E1B-A/MS 08 Draw out (W) - MP E1N-A/MS 08	Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 42 kA MP = Moving part Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 50 kA	061371	
Fixed (F) E1B-A/MS 08 Draw out (W) - MP E1N-A/MS 08 Draw out (W) - MP	Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 42 kA MP = Moving part Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 50 kA	061371 061369 061377	061370
Fixed (F) E1B-A/MS 08 Draw out (W) - MP E1N-A/MS 08	Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 42 kA MP = Moving part Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 50 kA MP = Moving part	061371 061369 061377	061370

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Draw out (W) - MP

MP = Moving part

061374

061373

1.St.C.200.Z28P0001		1SDAR1 3 Poles	4 Poles
E2N-A/MS 08	Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 50 kA		
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals		
i mod (i)		061391	061392
E2S-A/MS 08	Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA		
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals		
• •		061403	061404
E2N-A/MS 12	Frame size = 1200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 50 kA		
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061383	061384
E2S-A/MS 12 Fixed (F)	Frame size = 1200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061395	061396
E2B-A/MS 16 Fixed (F)	Frame size = 1600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 42 kA HR = Horizontal rear terminals		001390
rixed (r)		061379	061380
E2N-A/MS 16	Frame size = 1600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 50 kA HR = Horizontal rear terminals		
Fixed (F)	III - Honzontai real tellilliais	061387	061388
E2S-A/MS 16	Frame size = 1600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA HR = Horizontal rear terminals		
Fixed (F)	III = HOHZUIIIdi Fedi TellillidiS	061399	061400

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Emax switches



Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 50 kA

1SDA.....R1

3 Poles

4 Poles

MP = Moving part 061393 061394

E2S-A/MS 08

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA

MP = Moving part Draw out (W) - MP 061405 061406

E2N-A/MS 12

Frame size = 1200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 50 kA

MP = Moving part Draw out (W) - MP 061385 061386

E2S-A/MS 12

Frame size = 1200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA

MP = Moving part Draw out (W) - MP 061397 061398

E2B-A/MS 16

Frame size = 1600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 42 kA

MP = Moving part Draw out (W) - MP 061381 061382

E2N-A/MS 16

Frame size = 1600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 50 kA

MP = Moving part Draw out (W) - MP 061389 061390

E2S-A/MS 16

Frame size = 1600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA

MP = Moving part Draw out (W) - MP 061401 061402

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SC 20 20 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		1SDAR1	4 Palas
ISDCXII		3 Poles	4 Poles
E3S-A/MS 08	Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA		
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061435	061436
E3V-A/MS 08	Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA		
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061459	061460
		001439	001400
E3S-A/MS 12	Frame size = 1200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA		
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061415	061416
E3V-A/MS 12	Frame size = 1200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA		
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals		
ixed (i)		061439	061440
E3S-A/MS 16	Frame size = 1600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA		
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061419	061420
E3V-A/MS 16	Frame size = 1600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA		
	HR = Horizontal rear terminals		
Fixed (F)		061443	061444
E3N-A/MS 20	Frame size = 2000 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 50 kA		
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061407	061408
-2C A/B/IC 20	Frame size = 2000 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA		
E3S-A/MS 20	HR = Horizontal rear terminals		
Fixed (F)		061423	061424
E3V-A/MS 20	Frame size = 2000 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA		
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061447	061448
FIXE() (F)			

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Emax switches



1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 4 Poles

E3N-A/MS 25

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 2500 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 50 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals

061411 061412

E3S-A/MS 25

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 2500 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals

061427 061428

E3V-A/MS 25

Frame size = 2500 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA

Fixed (F)

HR = Horizontal rear terminals

061451 061452

E3S-A/MS 32

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 3200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA

VR = Vertical rear terminals

061431 061432

E3V-A/MS 32

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 3200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA

VR = Vertical rear terminals

061455 061456

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-			
SOCZOOSEGEROO		1SDAR1 3 Poles	4 Poles
E3S-A/MS 08	Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA		
Oraw out (W) - MP	MP = Moving part	061437	061438
3V-A/MS 08	Frame size = 800 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA		
Praw out (W) - MP	MP = Moving part	061461	061462
3S-A/MS 12	Frame size = 1200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA		
Praw out (W) - MP	MP = Moving part		
naw out (w) - wir		061417	061418
E3V-A/MS 12	Frame size = 1200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA		
Oraw out (W) - MP	MP = Moving part	061441	061442
E3S-A/MS 16	Frame size = 1600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA		
Oraw out (W) - MP	MP = Moving part	061421	061422
		001421	001422
E3V-A/MS 16	Frame size = 1600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA		
Oraw out (W) - MP	MP = Moving part	061445	061446
E3N-A/MS 20	Frame size = 2000 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 50 kA		
Draw out (W) - MP	MP = Moving part		
		061409	061410
E3S-A/MS 20	Frame size = 2000 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA		
Draw out (W) - MP	MP = Moving part	061425	061426
52V A/N/S 20	Frame size = 2000 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA		
E3V-A/MS 20	MP = Moving part		
Draw out (W) - MP		061449	061450

ABB **7**/29

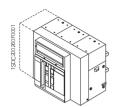
Terminals page 7/39

Cradlespage 7/36





Emax switches



1SDA.....R1 3 Poles

4 Poles

E3N-A/MS 25

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 2500 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 50 kA

MP = Moving part		
	061413	061414

E3S-A/MS 25

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 2500 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA

MP = Moving part			
	061429	061430	

E3V-A/MS 25

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 2500 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA

MP = Moving part			
	061453	061454	

E3S-A/MS 32

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA

MP = Moving part		
	0614	133 061434

E3V-A/MS 32

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 55 kA

MP = Moving part		
	061457	061458

Cradles page 7/36	Terminals page 7/39
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13COSCOSI IABOO I		1SDAR1 3 Poles	4 Poles
E4S-A/MS 32	Frame size = 3200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA	1	
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061475	061476
E4H-A/MS 32	Frame size = 3200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA	\	
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061463	061464
E4V-A/MS 32	Frame size = 3200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 100 k	A	
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061483	061484
E4S-A/MS 36	Frame size = 3600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA	\	
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061479	061480
E4H-A/MS 36	Frame size = 3600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA		
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061467	061468
E3V-A/MS 36	Frame size = 3600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 100 k	A	
Fixed (F)	HR = Horizontal rear terminals	061487	061488
		3331	

 Cradles
 page 7/36
 Terminals
 page 7/39





Emax switches



1SDA.....R1 3 Poles

4 Poles

E4S-A/MS 32

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA

MP = Moving part 061477 061478

E4H-A/MS 32

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA

MP = Moving part 061465 061466

E4V-A/MS 32

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 100 kA

MP = Moving part 061485 061486

E4S-A/MS 36

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 65 kA

MP = Moving part 061481 061482

E4H-A/MS 36

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA

MP = Moving part 061469 061470

E3V-A/MS 36

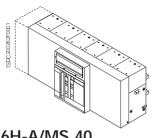
Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 100 kA

MP = Moving part

061489 061490

Cradles page 7/36 Terminals page 7/39



1SDA.....R1 3 Poles

4 Poles

E6H-A/MS 40

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 4000 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 100 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals 061491 061492

E6H-A/MS 50

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 5000 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 100 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals 061495 061496

E6H-A/MS 40

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 4000 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 100 kA

MP = Moving part 061493 061494

E6H-A/MS 50

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 5000 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 100 kA

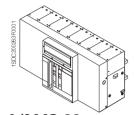
MP = Moving part 061497 061498

Cradles page 7/36





Emax switches with full size neutral conductor



1SDA.....R1 4 Poles

E4H-A/f MS 32

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 3200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals

061471

E4H-A/f MS 36

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 3600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals
061473

E4H-A/f MS 32

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3200 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA

MP = Moving part

061472

E4H-A/f MS 36

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 3600 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 85 kA

MP = Moving part

061474

Cradles page 7/36 Terminals page 7/39



1SDA.....R1 4 Poles

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 4000 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 100 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals	
	061499

E6H-A/f MS 50

Fixed (F)

Frame size = 5000 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 100 kA

HR = Horizontal rear terminals	
	061501

E6H-A/f MS 40

Draw out (W) - MP

Frame size = 4000 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 100 kA

MP = Moving part	
	061500

E6H-A/f MS 50

Draw out (W) - MP

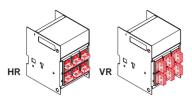
Frame size = 5000 A Rated short time current (480 V) = 100 kA

- MP	MP = Moving part	
- IVIF		061502

Cradles page 7/36 Terminals page 7/39



Emax FP cradles



1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 4 Poles

Ε1	B-A	/E1	Λ	I-A
----	-----	-----	---	-----

Draw out (W) - FP

FP = Cradle		
HR	061761	061765
VR	061764	061768
HR-VR	061762	061766
VR-HR	061763	061767

E2B-A/E2N-A

Draw out (W) - FP

FP = Cradle		
HR	061511	061515
VR	061514	061518
HR-VR	061512	061516
VR-HR	061513	061517

E2S-A/E2H-A

Draw out (W) - FP

FP = Cradle		
HR	061519	061523
VR	061522	061526
HR-VR	061520	061524
VR-HR	061521	061525

E3N-A/E3S-A 08-12-16-20

Draw out (W) - FP

FP = Cradle		
VR	061529	061532
HR-HR	061545	061546
HR-VR	061527	061530
VR-HR	061528	061531

E3N-A/E3S-A 25

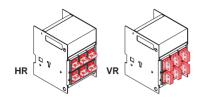
Draw out (W) - FP

FP = Cradle		
VR	061535	061538
HR-HR	061545	061546
HR-VR	061533	061536
VR-HR	061534	061537

E3N-A/E3S-A 32

Draw out (W) - FP

FP = Cradle		
VR	061541	061544



1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 4 Poles

E3V	-A/	E3	H-	Α
08-1	2-1	16-	20)

Draw out (W) - FP

FP = Cradle		
VR	061549	061552
HR-HR	061565	061566
HR-VR	061547	061550
VR-HR	061548	061551

E3V-A/E3H-A 25

Draw out (W) - FP

FP = Cradle		
VR	061555	061558
HR-HR	061565	061566
HR-VR	061553	061556
VR-HR	061554	061557

E3V-A/E3H-A 32

Draw out (W) - FP

FP = CradleVR 061561 061564

E3X-A

Draw out (W) - FP

FP = Cradle		
HR	063903	063907
VR	063902	063906
HR-VR	063904	063908
VR-HR	063905	063909

E4S-A/E4H-A

Draw out (W) - FP

FP = Cradle			
HR	O	61567	061571
VR	0	61570	061574
HR-VR	0	61568	061572
VR-HR	0	61569	061573

E4V-A/E4L-A

Draw out (W) - FP

FP = Cradle		
HR	061745	061749
VR	061748	061752
HR-VR	061746	061750
VR-HR	061747	061751

E4H-A/f

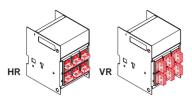
Draw out (W) - FP

FP = Cradle	
HR	061575
VR	061578
HR-VR	061576
VR-HR	061577





Emax FP cradles



1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 4 Poles

E6H-A

Draw out (W) - FP

FP = Cradle		
HR	061579	061583
VR	061582	061586
HR-VR	061580	061584
VR-HR	061581	061585

E6V-A/E6L-A/E6X-A

Draw out (W) - FP

FP = Cradle		
HR	061753	061757
VR	061756	061760
HR-VR	061754	061758
VR-HR	061755	061759

E6H-A/f

Draw out (W) - FP

FP = Cradle	
HR	061587
VR	061590
HR-VR	061588
VR-HR	061589

E6X-A/f

Draw out (W) - FP

064487
064490
064488
064489

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Conversion kit for fixed circuit breaker Extra codes

1SDA.....R1 3 Poles 4 Poles

Conversion kit

for fixed circuit breaker

Kit for converting fixed circuit breaker with horizontal rear terminals to vertical rear terminals		
E1-A	050045	052311
E2-A	050046	052312
E3-A (08-12-16-20) *	050047	052313
E3X-A (16-20)	064244	064245
E3-A (25)	050048	052314
E3-A (32)	063512	063513
E4-A	050049	052315
E4-A/f		064569
E6-A	050050	052316
E6-A/f		064246

Note: Each kit is prepared for top or bottom application. For conversion of a complete circuit breaker, order 2 kits. * for E3X-A up to 1200 A.

1SDA.....R1

Extra codes for

rating plug

To be s	To be specified with the code of the standard version circuit breaker		
E1-E3	Frame size = 400A	058235	
E1-E3	Frame size = 600A	058380	
E1-E6	Frame size = 800A	058237	
E1-E6	Frame size = 1000A	058238	
E2-E6	Frame size = 1200A	058239	
E3-E6	Frame size = 1600A	058241	
E3-E6	Frame size = 2000A	058242	
E3-E6	Frame size = 2500A	058243	
E3-E6	Frame size = 3000A	058244	
E4-E6	Frame size = 3200A	058245	
E4-E6	Frame size = 3600A	058246	
E6	Frame size = 4000A	058247	

Extra code for

connection of voltage measurement

To be specified with PR122/P and PR123/P when the input for voltage measurement in terminal box/sliding contacts instead of internal connection on the bottom terminals is required

PR120/V - External measurements	058250
PR120/V - Internal connection on the upper terminals	058251



Emax accessories

1SDA.....R1

Electrical

accessories



E1/6	24V DC	038286
E1/6	30V AC / DC	038287
E1/6	48V AC / DC	038288
E1/6	60V AC / DC	038289
E1/6	110120V AC / DC	038290
E1/6	125127V AC / DC	038291
E1/6	220240V AC / DC	038292
E1/6	250V AC / DC	038293
E1/6	380400V AC	038294
E1/6	440480V AC	038295

Note: The shunt trip (YO) and closing coil (YC) share the same construction and are therefore interchangeable. Their function is determined by the position in which they are mounted on the circuit breaker.



Second shunt trip - YO2 (1a)

	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
E1/6	24V DC	050157
E1/6	30V AC / DC	050158
E1/6	48V AC / DC	050159
E1/6	60V AC / DC	050160
E1/6	110120V AC / DC	050161
E1/6	125127V AC / DC	050162
E1/6	220240V AC / DC	050163
E1/6	250V AC / DC	050164
E1/6	380400V AC	050165
E1/6	440480V AC	050166

Note: supplied with special release support.

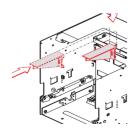


Closing coil - YC (1a)

E1/6	24V DC	038296
E1/6	30V AC / DC	038297
E1/6	48V AC / DC	038298
E1/6	60V AC / DC	038299
E1/6	110120V AC / DC	038300
E1/6	125127V AC / DC	038301
E1/6	220240V AC / DC	038302
E1/6	250V AC / DC	038303
E1/6	380400V AC	038304
E1/6	440480V AC	038305

Note: The shunt trip (YO) and closing coil (YC) share the same construction and are therefore interchangeable. Their function is determined by the position in which they are mounted on the circuit breaker.





SOR Test Unit - (1b)

050228
050228

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1SDA.....R1

038315

Undervoltage release - YU (2a)

440...480V AC

onder voltage release 10 (2a)		
E1/6	24V DC	038306
E1/6	30V AC / DC	038307
E1/6	48V AC / DC	038308
E1/6	60V AC / DC	038309
E1/6	110120V AC / DC	038310
E1/6	125127V AC / DC	038311
E1/6	220240V AC / DC	038312
E1/6	250V AC / DC	038313
E1/6	380400V AC	038314



Electronic time-delay device for undervoltage release - D (2b)

	3	•	• •
E1/6	2430V AC / DC		038316
E1/6	48V AC / DC		038317
E1/6	60V AC / DC		038318
E1/6	110127V AC / DC		038319
E1/6	220250V AC / DC		038320



Gearmotor for the automatic charging of the closing springs - M (3)

E1/6	2430V AC / DC	038321
E1/6	4860V AC / DC	038322
E1/6	100130V AC / DC	038323
E1/6	220250V AC / DC	038324

Note: supplied as standard with limit contact and microswitch to signal when the closing springs are charged (accessory 5d).

Bell alarm - (4a)

E1/6

Bell alarm with remote reset command - (4b)

E1/6	220240V AC/DC	058261
E1/6	110130V AC/DC	058262
E1/6	2430V AC/DC	058263



Emax accessories

1SDA....R1



Electrical signaling of circuit breaker open/closed - Q1 ... 10 - (5a)

	<u> </u>	• •
E1/6 - PR121/P	4 auxiliary contacts	038326 (a)
E1/6 - PR121/P	4 auxiliary contacts for digital signals	050153
E1/6 - PR121/P	10 auxiliary contacts (installed)	046523 (b)
E1/6 - PR121/P	10 auxiliary contacts (not installed)	038327 (c)
E1/6 - PR121/P	10 auxiliary contacts for digital signals	050152
E1/6 - PR122-3/P	4 auxiliary contacts (2NO+2NC+2PR122-3)	058264 (d)
E1/6 - PR122-3/P	4 auxiliary contacts (2NO+2NC+2PR122-3) for digital signals	058265
E1/6 - PR122-3/P	10 auxiliary contacts (5NO+5NC+2PR122-3 - installed)	058267 (b)
E1/6 - PR122-3/P	10 auxiliary contacts (5NO+5NC+2PR122-3 - not installed)	058266 (c)
E1/6 - PR122-3/P	10 auxiliary contacts (5NO+5NC+2PR122-3) for digital signals	058268
E1/6 MS	4 auxiliary contacts	038326
E1/6 MS	4 auxiliary contacts for digital signals	050153
E1/6 MS	10 auxiliary contacts	038327
E1/6 MS	10 auxiliary contacts for digital signals	050152

(a) Already included with automatic circuit breakers c/w PR121/P. Can only be ordered as loose accessories. (b) Can only be ordered mounted with automatic circuit breakers.

- (c) Can only be ordered loose in the case of automatic circuit breakers.
- (d) Already included for circuit breakers with PR122/P e PR123/P. Can only be ordered as loose accessories.

External supplementary of circuit breaker open/closed auxiliary contacts - Q11 ... 25 - (5b)

E1/6	15 supplementary auxiliary contacts (for fixed/withdrawable racked-in)	043475 (a)
E1/6	15 supplementary auxiliary contacts (for withdrawable racked-in out/test isolated)	048827
E1/6	15 supplementary auxiliary contacts for digital signals (for fixed/withdrawable racked-in)	050145 (a)
E1/6	15 supplementary auxiliary contacts for digital signals (for withdrawable racked-in out/test isolated)	050151

1SDA.....R1

4 Poles

Note: Outside the circuit breaker. Order as an alternative to the various types of mechanical interlocks (accessory 10) and mechanical compartment door lock (accessory 8f)

(a) For mounting on fixed circuit breaker requires accessory 10.4 (Interlock plate for fixed circuit breaker).



Electrical signaling of circuit breaker racked-in/test isolated/racked-out S75 - (5c)

E1/6	5 auxiliary contacts	038361	038361
E1-E2	10 auxiliary contacts	038360	043467
E3	10 auxiliary contacts	043468	043469
E4-E6	10 auxiliary contacts	043470	043470
E1/6	5 auxiliary contacts for digital signals	050146	050146
E1-E2	10 auxiliary contacts for digital signals	050147	050148
E4-6	10 auxiliary contacts for digital signals	050147	050147
E3	10 auxiliary contacts for digital signals	050149	050150



Contact for signaling closing spring charged S33 M/2- (5d)

E1/6	038325

Note: already supplied with the geared motor for automatic closing spring charging



Contact for signaling undervoltage release de-energized - (5e)

	<u> </u>	 <u>`</u>
E1/6	1 normally-closed contact	038341
E1/6	1 normally-open contact	038340

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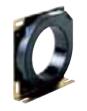




Current sensor for neutral conductor outside circuit breaker UI/N - (6a)

	. ,	
E1-E2-E4	lu N = 2000A	058191
E3-E6	lu N = 3200A	058218
E4/f	lu N = 4000A	058216
E6/f	lu N = 6300A	058220

Note: lu N refers to the maximum neutral conductor capacity.



Homopolar toroid for the main power supply grounding conductor (star centre of the transformer) UI/O - (6b)

E1/6	059145
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Mechanical

Mechanical operation counter - (7)

accessories





Lock in open position - (8a-8b)

key locks (8a)		
E1/6	for 1 circuit breaker (different keys)	058271
E1/6	for groups of circuit breakers (same keys N.20005)	058270
E1/6	for groups of circuit breakers (same keys N.20006)	058274
E1/6	for groups of circuit breakers (same keys N.20007)	058273
E1/6	for groups of circuit breakers (same keys N.20008)	058272
E1/6	for groups of circuit breakers (same keys N.20009)	064503
padlocks (8b)		
E1/6	Ø 4	038351 (a)
E1/6	Ø 8	064504 (a)

Note: (a) To be ordered as alternative to the opening and closing pushbutton protective cover (accessory 9a).



Circuit breaker lock in racked-in/test isolated/racked-out position - (8c)



key lock	s and padlocks	
E1/6	for 1 circuit breaker (different keys and padlocks Ø 4 mm)	058278
E1/6	for groups of circuit breakers (same keys N.20005 and padlocks Ø 4 mm)	058277
E1/6	for groups of circuit breakers (same keys N.20006 and padlocks Ø 4 mm)	058281
E1/6	for groups of circuit breakers (same keys N.20007 and padlocks Ø 4 mm))	058280
E1/6	for groups of circuit breakers (same keys N.20008 and padlocks Ø 4 mm)	058279
E1/6	for groups of circuit breakers (same keys N.20009 and padlocks Ø 4 mm)	064505
E1/6	for 1 circuit breaker (different keys and padlocks Ø 6 mm)	064506
E1/6	for groups of circuit breakers (same keys N.20005 and padlocks Ø 6 mm)	064507
E1/6	for groups of circuit breakers (same keys N.20006 and padlocks Ø 6 mm)	064508
E1/6	for groups of circuit breakers (same keys N.20007 and padlocks Ø 6 mm)	064509
E1/6	for groups of circuit breakers (same keys N.20008 and padlocks Ø 6 mm)	064510
E1/6	for groups of circuit breakers (same keys N.20009 and padlocks Ø 6 mm)	064511
padlock	s .	
E1/6	Ø 8mm	064512



Accessory for lock in test isolated/racked-out position - (8d)

E1/6	038357

Note: Must always be ordered to complete the circuit breaker lock in racked-in/test/racked-out position (accessory 8b)



Padlock device for safety shutter - (8e)

E1/6	038363
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Emax accessories





Mechanical lock for compartment door - (8f)

E1/6 045039

- Note: Order with interlock for fixed circuit breaker/moving part of draw out circuit breaker (accessory 10.2)
 - for fixed version, also order the interlock plate 10.4
 - order as an alternative to cable interlocks (accessory 10.1), and to the 15 supplementary auxiliary contacts (accessory 5b).



Protective cover for opening and closing pushbuttons - (9a)

E1/6 038343

Note: Order as an alternative to the padlock device in open position (accessory 8b)



IP54 door protection - (9b)

E1/6	038344

Sealable relay protection - (9c)

E1/6 for PR121	058316
E1/6 for PR122/PR123	058317



Mechanical interlock - (10)

For instructions see pages 7/45 and following.

10.1 Interlock cables for fixed circuit breakers or cradles

E1/6	A - horizontal	038329
E1/6	B - horizontal	038330
E1/6	C - horizontal	038331
E1/6	D - horizontal	038332
E1/6	A - vertical	038333
E1/6	B - vertical	038334
E1/6	C - vertical	038335
E1/6	D - vertical	038336

Note: Order one type of cable for each interlock. Order on one of the fixed circuit breakers or on one of the cradles.

1SDAR1		
3 Poles	4 Poles	

10.2 Interlock for fixed circuit breaker/moving part of draw out circuit breaker

E1-E2	038366	038366
E3	038367	038367
E4	038368	043466
E6	043466	038369

Note: Order one accessory for each fixed circuit breaker/moving part of draw out circuit breaker.

10.3 Interlock for fixed circuit breaker/cradle of draw out circuit breaker

E1/6	Interlock A / B / D	038364
E1/6	Interlock C	038365

Note: Order one accessory for each fixed circuit breaker/cradle of draw out circuit breaker

10.4 Interlock plate for fixed circuit breaker

E1/6	038358

Note: Order only for fixed circuit breaker

1SDA.....R1

Auxiliary units

Automatic transfer switch ATS010 - (11)

ATS010 052927



PR010/T configuration test unit

PR010/T 048964



PR021/K Signaling unit

059146

PR120/K Signaling module

E1/6	PR120/K (4 Output with independent terminals)	058255
E1/6	PR120/K (4 Output + 1 Input with a common terminal)	058256



PR120/V Voltage measuring module

E1/6	PR120/V	058252
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Note: For the supply of circuit breakers with connection on the upper terminals or terminal box, please see also the extra codes (page 7/37).



PR120/D-M Communication module (Modbus RTU)

E1/6	PR120/D-M	058254
L 1/0	1 1 1 2 0 / D - IVI	030234



PR120/D-BT Internal wireless communication module

PR120/D-BT 058257



BT030 External wireless communication module

E1/6 BT030 058259



EP010 - ABB Fieldbus plug

E1/6 EP010 060198



PR030/B - Power supply unit

E1/6	PR030/B	058258

Note: Standard supply with PR122 and PR123 trip units.

HMI030 - Interface from front of panel

E1/6	HMI030	063143

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Trip units and current sensors (for loose supplies)



Trip units

Rating plug



		15DAR1
E1-E3	In=400A	058192
E1-E3	In=600A	058379
E1-E6	In=800A	058222
E1-E6	In=1000A	058223
E1-E6	In=1200A	058224
E2-E6	In=1600A	058226
E3-E6	In=2000A	058227
E3-E6	In=2500A	058228
E3-E6	In=3000A	058229
E3-E6	In=3200A	058230
E4-E6	In=3600A	058231
E6	In=4000A	058232
E6	In=5000A	058233

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Order examples

1) Extra codes

Instructions for ordering

Standard version Emax series circuit breakers are identified by means of commercial codes that can be altered by adding the following variables:

- Codes for Terminal Kits for fixed circuit breakers (other than horizontal rear)
- Extra codes for Current Transformer Settings (for current values below rated)

The above types of variables can also be requested simultaneously on the same circuit breaker. The "Extra codes" indicate variables that are not in addition to, but in replacement of the those found in the basic circuit breaker.

For this reason, these commercial codes can only be ordered installed on the circuit breaker and not as loose parts.

For trip units and Current Transformers for supplies as spare parts for replacement by the customer, please see the coding section "Protection Releases and Current Transformers which can be supplied separately".

Numerical examples

• Terminal Kit Codes for fixed circuit breaker (other than horizontal rear)

The codes indicate 3 or 4 pieces (for mounting on top or bottom terminals).

To convert a complete circuit breaker, in the order specify 2 identical kits or 2 different kits for mixed terminals.

For mixed solutions, the first code indicates the 3 or 4 terminals to be mounted above, while the second indicates the 3 or 4 terminals to be mounted below.

Example no. 1

Emax E1B-A 3 pe	oles fixed with Vertical Rear terminals (VR)
1SDA057223R1	E1B-A 08 PR122/P-LSI-In=800A 3p F HR
1SDA050045R1	KIT 1/2 3p F HR>F VR E1
1SDA050045R1	KIT 1/2 3p F HR>F VR E1

· Extra codes for current values below rated

Example no. 2

Emax E3N 3200 3 poles fixed In=2000A		
1SDA056148R1	E3N 3200 PR122/P-LSI-In=3200A 3p F HR	
1SDA058242R1	rating plug In=2000A E2-4IEC E3-4UL EX.C	



Order examples

2) Mechanical

interlocks

Instructions for ordering

All the mechanical interlocks for any type of Emax circuit breaker consist of various components, each of which has been coded to ensure the greatest possible flexibility of the accessory.

The accessory components are described below

• Cables for interlock (Ref. 10.1 page 7/42)

One type of cable must be ordered for each interlock.

Flexible cables must be fixed to the fixed circuit breakers and to the switchgear structures using self-adhesive plates and self-locking bands.

• Interlock for fixed circuit breaker/draw out circuit breaker moving part (Ref. 10.2 page 7/42)

This is the accessory which must be installed on the moving part of the draw out circuit breaker or on the side of the fixed circuit breaker.

This accessory must be ordered for each fixed circuit breaker and for each moving part of the draw out circuit breaker.

• Interlock for fixed circuit breaker/draw out circuit breaker (Ref. 10.3 page 7/42)

This is the accessory which must be installed on the cradle of the draw out circuit breaker or on the interlock plate of the fixed circuit breaker (which simulates the cradle of the draw out circuit breaker).

This accessory must be ordered for each fixed circuit breaker and for each cradle of the draw out circuit breaker.

• Interlock plate for fixed circuit breaker (Ref. 10.4 page 7/42)

This must be requested for each fixed circuit breaker present in the interlock.

For each circuit breaker used in the interlock, depending on the type of circuit breaker, the accessories listed in the figures below must be ordered (see page **7/**42).

A single group of cables ("Cables for interlock" ref. 10.1) must be ordered for each interlock. In particular, either on a fixed circuit breaker or on one of the cradles must be specified.

The examples beside show a general guide to the types of accessories that must be ordered for the various versions of circuit breakers and type of interlock:

1. Interlock between two fixed circuit breakers

10.1	
10.2	10.2
10.3	10.3
10.4	10.4

Interlock between three fixed circuit breakers

	i		
10.1			
10.2		10.2	10.2
10.3		10.3	10.3
10.4		10.4	10.4

2. Interlock between two draw out circuit breakers

FP	10.1
MP	10.2

4. Interlock between three draw out circuit breakers

FP	[10.1]	
MP	10.2	

	г —	٦
FP	1 40 0	ı
	10.3	_
	10.2	٦
MP	10.2	ı
	L _	_

Numerical examples

Example no. 3

An interlock is to be made between two type A circuit breakers. In particular, the following are to be interlocked:

- a E3 3-pole fixed circuit breaker
- with a E4 4-pole circuit breaker;

the circuit breakers are placed horizontally in the switchboard.

The codes to be used when ordering are listed below:

Pos	Code	Description	
100	E3 fixed circuit b	reaker	
	1SDA038329R1	Type A interlock cables for fixed circuit breakers or cradles - horizontal E1/6	
	1SDA038367R1	Interlock for fixed circuit breaker/moving part of draw out circuit breaker E3	
	1SDA038364R1	Interlock for fixed circuit breaker/cradle of draw out circuit breaker Interlock typeA / B / D E1/6	
	1SDA038358R1	Interlock plate for fixed circuit breaker E1/6	
200	E4 moving part of draw out circuit breaker		
	1SDA043466R1 4p E4 / 3p E6	Interlock for fixed circuit breaker/moving part of draw out circuit breaker	
300	Cradle E4		
	1SDA038364R1	Interlock for fixed circuit breaker/cradle of draw out circuit breaker Interlock TypeA / B / D E1/6	

Example no. 4

Here an interlock is to be made between three Type C vertical circuit breakers with the following circuit breakers:

- E2 3-pole draw out circuit breaker
- E3 3-pole fixed circuit breaker
- E6 4-pole fixed circuit breaker.

Pos	Code	Description		
100	E2 Moving Part of draw out circuit breaker			
	1SDA038366R1	Interlock for fixed circuit breaker/moving part of draw out circuit breaker E1-E2		
200	E2 Cradle			
	1SDA038335R1	Type C interlock cables for fixed circuit breakers or cradles - vertical E1/6		
	1SDA038365R1	Interlock for fixed circuit breaker/cradle of draw out circuit breaker Type C Interlock E1/6		
300	E3 Fixed circuit breaker			
	1SDA038367R1	Interlock for fixed circuit breaker/moving part of draw out circuit breaker Interlock E3		
	1SDA038365R1	Interlock for fixed circuit breaker/cradle of draw out circuit breaker Type C Interlock E1/6		
	1SDA038358R1	Interlock plate for fixed circuit breaker E1/6		
400	E6 Fixed circuit I	preaker		
	1SDA038369R1	Interlock for fixed circuit breaker/moving part of draw out circuit breaker Interlock 4p E6		
	1SDA038365R1	Interlock for fixed circuit breaker/cradle of draw out circuit breaker Type C Interlock E1/6		
	1SDA038358R1	Interlock plate for fixed circuit breaker E1/6		



Due to possible developments of standards as well as of materials, the characteristics and dimensions specified in the present catalogue may only be considered binding after confirmation by ABB SACE.

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