

Interlocking and Control Solutions

## Trapped Key Interlocks-Why Use Them?

Based upon the premise that no one key can be in two places at once, key interlock systems can be configured to provide that a predetermined sequence of events takes place or that hazards have been reduced before operators can become exposed to them.
It is a mechanical system and is therefore widely used in applications including those where the location of plant, environment or explosive atmospheres make the use of electrical interlock systems unsuitable or expensive to install. In addition, unique coding can be provided, leading to a greater degree of security and tamper-resistance.

## Why Prosafe?

In order to derive the full benefits from a trapped key interlocking system its components must be totally practical, easily maintainable and readily available. Prosafe's unique key and code barrel gives the ability for even complicated interlocking systems and spare parts to be ordered from our worldwide network of distributors-fast! A first for trapped key interlocks.

## Five Unique Prosafe Benefits

Compare the following to other trapped key manufacturers:

1. All stainless interlocking and coded parts-including the code barrel and internal components at no extra cost.
2. Weather cap as standard-no extra charge for dust caps and seals.
3. Standard red color-coded key and ID tags-at no extra charge.
4. Custom color/text keys and ID tags-nominal extra charge.
5. A complete range of isolators, key exchange, miniature valve interlocks and gate interlocks-all using the same key principle.


## CE Marking-Tested and Approved

Only Prosafe products carry the prestigious BG mark. A sign of safety, independently tested by the German Berufsgenossenschaftliches Institut für Arbeitssicherheit, "BIA." Additional tests for valve interlocks include Lloyds Certificate for fire test and salt-mist resistance.

## Over 100,000 Operations

Prosafe products have been subjected to independent, exhaustive testing. With only a small amount of lubricant added infrequently, keys were inserted, rotated and removed at a rate of 12 times per minute. After 100,000 operations (at 10 operations a day this is equivalent to 27 years) the unit was functioning satisfactorily and most importantly would "pass" only the original or equivalent new key. No incorrect keys could operate the lock, underlining the unit's integrity as well as longevity.

The Prosafe Advantage


Stainless stee construction.


Switches

Prosafe Keys

Compact, solid and sturdy keys supplied with dust seals and coded tagging. Optional colors/text are available.


## Safety Switches

## Trapped Key Switches

## Overview

Design Suggestions for an Interlocking System
Plant and Machinery Interlocking


The Prosafe Advantage


Stainless steel
construction.


Illustrated Principles of Trapped Key Interlocking


## Sequence of Operation

1. The ETU isolator has two keys. One is a nonremovable key. The other key (a "AA" coded key) can be removed after a timed duration, which is set by a potentiometer inside the ETU isolator. Turn the nonremovable key to turn the hazardous machine motion off and start the timer. When the time expires, the Key Free LED turns ON. Remove the "AA" key.
2. Insert the "AA" key into the Key Exchange Unit (KEX) and turn it $90^{\circ}$.
3. Turn one of the "AB" keys $90^{\circ}$ and remove it from the KEX. This traps the "AA" key in the KEX and prevents the restarting of the machine.
4. Insert the "AB" key into the Single-key Bolt Lock (SBL) and turn it $90^{\circ}$ to gain partial body access to the machine.
5. Turn the second "AB" key $90^{\circ}$ and remove it from the KEX. Removal of this key also traps the "A" key in the KEX and prevents the restarting of the machine.
6. Insert the "AB" key into the Dual-key Access Lock (DAL) and turn it $90^{\circ}$.
7. Turn the "AC" key $90^{\circ}$ and remove the " C " key. Rotate the access handle to allow full body entry into the hazard zone.
8. Take the "AC" key into the hazard zone, insert it into the rotary key switch (RKSE) and turn it $90^{\circ}$ to send a signal to the machine control system, to allow the machine to operate in a slow or teach mode.
9. Reverse the process to return the machine to full operational mode.

Bill of Materials

| Item | Quantity | Description | Cat. No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | Single Key Time Delayed with an AA Primary Key | 440T-MSTUE11AA |
| 2 | 1 | Single Bolt Lock, AB Primary Key | 440T-MKEXE11AAABAB |
| 3 | 1 | Key Exchange Unit, AB Primary Key, Two B Secondary Keys Trapped (included) | 440T-MSBLE10AB |
| 4 | 1 | Rual Access Lock, AB Primary Key, C Secondary Key Trapped (included) | 440T-MDALE10ABAC |
| 5 | 1 | Rotary Key Switch, AC Primary Code Barrel | 440T-MRKSE10AC |
| 6 | 1 | AA Key | 440T-AKEYE10AA |

Note: Primary keys must be ordered separately, when not provided for by a previous sequential trapped key. In the example above, only one primary key must be ordered separately. The remaining primary keys are provided by a previous sequential secondary (trapped) key.

## Safety Switches

Trapped Key Switches
Overview
Code Selection
Ordering Prosafe trapped key products requires codes to be included in the cat. no.

- The codes are added to the end of the cat. no.
- Each code must be two characters in length.
- The first code(s) is the primary code and the last code(s), if necessary, are the secondary code(s).
- Primary codes do not include the key. The key must be ordered separately or must come from a previous operation.
- Secondary codes come complete with a key, as the key is trapped in the code barrel.
- Use the tables on page 3-107 to select and track codes.


## Ordering Example 1



Order Cat. No. 440TMDALE100AAAB to get a Dual key Access Lock with an "AA" primary code and a "AB" secondary code, with a "AB" key included.

Ordering Example 2


Order Cat. No. 440TMKEXE16AAABACACAC to get a key exchange unit with "AA" and "AB" primary codes and three "AC" secondary codes. The "AA" and "AB" keys are not included. The three "AC" keys, which are trapped in the secondary code barrels, are included.

The Prosafe Advantage


Stainless steel
construction.


## Key Coding

Below is an example reference guide that is useful in selecting and tracking codes. Start down the Aa column as the lower codes (typically Aa to Za ) are stocked. The chart continues on to Zz. Note that there are only 24 letters used-O \& Q are not used.

Codes are ordered with upper case letters. Labels with two letter codes will show the first letter in the upper case and the second letter in lower case.

|  | Code | Application \& Date | Code | Application \& Date | Code | Appli \& Da |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Aa | $-\int_{-102}^{\log ^{2}} 1$ | Ab |  | Ac |  |
|  | Ba |  | Bb |  | Bc |  |
|  | Ca |  | Cb |  | Cc |  |
|  | Da |  | Db |  | Dc |  |

$\left.\begin{array}{c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c}\hline \text { Code } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Application } \\ \text { \& Date }\end{array} & \mathrm{Code} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Application } \\ \text { \& Date }\end{array} & \mathrm{Code} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Application } \\ \text { \& Date }\end{array} & \mathrm{Code} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Application } \\ \text { \& Date }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Code }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Application } \\ \text { \& Date }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Code }\end{array} \\ \hline \mathrm{Aa} & & \mathrm{Ab} & & \mathrm{Ac} & & \mathrm{Ad} & \mathrm{Ae} & & \mathrm{Af} \\ \text { \& Date }\end{array}\right]$

## Safety Switches

Rotary Switches


## Description

The rotary switches are used for electrical isolation of machinery to improve safe access and also as teach boxes in robot cells. Once the power has been turned off, the key can then be withdrawn and used in the next sequence of operation such as unlocking an access hatch or allowing valves to be operated.
The rotary switch can either be mounted in a panel or purchased in an enclosure. The rotary switch is available with 4 poles, either 4 N.O. or 2 N.C. and 2 N.O. The 100 A 4 N.O. switch has 3 contacts rated at 100 A and 1 contact rated at 20 A .

## Features

- 316L stainless steel keys
- Direct drive operation-positively opens contacts
- Stainless steel dust cap included
- Up to 400 A isolation
- 4 N.O., 2 N.O. and 2 N.C., 3 N.O./1 N.C., 3 N.O., or 3 N.C. and neutral contacts
- Replaceable code barrel assembly

Specifications
Safety Ratings

| Standards | EN1088, IEC/EN60204-1, IEC/EN60947- <br> 5-1, ISO12100-1\&2, ISO14119, GS-ET- <br> 19, AS4024.1, UL508, CSA 22.2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Category | Cat. 1 per EN 954-1 (ISO 13849-1) <br> Suitable for Cat. 2, 3, and 4 systems |
| Certifications | CE Marked for all applicable directives, <br> BG, cULus on contact block; C-Tick not <br> required |
| Operating Characteristics | $4 \times \mathrm{M} 20$ (RKS only) |
| Conduit Entry | 100,000 operations |
| Mechanical Life | DIN 57106/VDE 0106 T.100 |
| Finger Protection | $-10 \ldots+40^{\circ}\left(14 \ldots 104{ }^{\circ}\right)$ |
| Environmental Characteristics | $95 \%$ |
| Operating Temperature [C (F)] | Relative Humidity <br> Physical Characteristics |
| Shear Force to Key | $15.1 \mathrm{k} \bullet \mathrm{N}(3398 \mathrm{lbs})$, max. |
| Torque to Key | $14 \mathrm{~N} \bullet \mathrm{~m}(124 \mathrm{lb} \bullet \mathrm{in})$, max. |


| Specifications (continued) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weight [g (lbs)] | RPSERKSE | $\begin{aligned} & 10,11, \\ & 12,13, \\ & 20: \end{aligned}$ | 500 (1.1) | 14, 16: | $\begin{aligned} & 1000 \\ & (2.2) \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10,11 \\ & 12,13: \end{aligned}$ | 850 (1.9) | 14, 16 | $\begin{aligned} & 1250 \\ & (2.8) \end{aligned}$ |
| Electrical Life |  | 100,000 operations |  |  |  |
| Climatic Test |  | Constant to DIN IEC 68 Part 2-3 Variable to DIN IEC 68 Part 2-30 |  |  |  |
| Ambient Temperature, Operation |  | Encased -25... $40{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(10 \ldots 104{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |  |  |  |
| (Ui) Rated Insulation Voltage |  | 690 V |  |  |  |
| (Uimp) Rated Impulse withstand Voltage |  | 6 kV |  |  |  |
| S3 Intermittent Rating Duty Factor (VDE 0530, Part 1) |  | 60/40/25\% = 1, 3/1, 6/2 xlu |  |  |  |
| Last two digits of Cat. No. (See Product Selection table) |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 11 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| Rated Uninterrupted Current (lu) | IEC/EN/VDE | 20A | 32A | 63A | 100A |
|  | UL/CSA | 16A | 30A | 60A | 100A |
| Rated Operational Voltage (Ue) | IEC/EN/VDE | 690 V | 690 V | 690 V | 1000 V |
|  | UL/CSA | 600 V | 600 V | 600 V | 600 V |
|  | Main Switch Isolation Voltage, Max. | 750 V | 750 V | 750V | 1000V |
| Rated Operational Current (le) | AC-21A <br> IEC/EN/VDE | 20A | 32A | 63A | 100A |
|  | AC-1 SEV | 20A | 32A | 63A | 100A |
| Rated Operational <br> Power at 50/60 <br> Hz (AC-23A <br> IEC/EN/VDE) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 3-phase } \\ 220 . . .240 \mathrm{~V} \end{array}$ | 4 kW | 5.5 kW | 15 kW | 22 kW |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 3-pole } \\ 380 \ldots 440 \mathrm{~V} \end{array}$ | 7.5 kW | 11 kW | 22 kW | 37 kW |
|  | 500...690V | 7.5 kW | 11 kW | 22 kW | 37 kW |
| Rated Operational <br> Power at 50/60 <br> $\mathrm{Hz}(\mathrm{AC}-3 \mathrm{~A}$ <br> IEC/EN/VDE) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 3-phase } \\ 220 \ldots . .240 \mathrm{~V} \end{array}$ | 3 kW | 4 kW | 11 kW | 22 kW |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 3-pole } \\ 380 \ldots 440 \mathrm{~V} \end{array}$ | 5.5 kW | 7.5 kW | 18.5 kW | 30 kW |
|  | 500...690V | 5.5 kW | 7.5 kW | 18.5 kW | 30 kW |
| DOL Rating <br> (UL/CSA) | 3-phase 140V | 1 HP | 2 HP | 5 HP | 10 HP |
|  | 3 -pole 240V | 2 HP | 5 HP | 15 HP | 25 HP |
|  | 480 V | 5 HP | 10 HP | 30 HP | 30 HP |
|  | 600 V | 5 HP | 10 HP | 40 HP | 30 HP |
| Rated Breaking Capacity | $\begin{gathered} \text { AC-23/AC-3 } \\ 220 . . .240 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | 250A | 330A | 500A | 600A |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Motor Switch } \\ 380 \ldots 440 \mathrm{~V} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 250A | 330A | 500A | 600A |
|  | 500...690V | 150A | 220A | 270A | 300A |
| Fuse Rating (Gl) |  | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & \max . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & \operatorname{max.} . \end{aligned}$ | $63 / 50 \mathrm{~A} \text {, }$ <br> max. | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & \max . \end{aligned}$ |
| Rated Fuse Short Circuit Current |  | 15 kA | 15 kA | 15/20 kA | 25 kA |
| Terminal Cross Section |  | $1 . . .10$ |  | 4...16 multiple wir | $2.5 \ldots 3.5$ |
| Conductor Size, mm² min...max |  | 0.75 ... 6 |  | 2.5.. 10 | 1.5...2.5 |
|  |  | (stranded) with sleeve |  |  |  |
|  |  | 8 AWG |  | 6 AWG | 2 AWG |

## The Prosafe Advantage



Stainless steel construction.

Product Selection

| Type | Contact Type | Current Accuracy | Cat. No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\cdots$ | 4 N.O. | 20 A | 440T-MRKSE10* |
| . | 2 N.O. \& 2 N.C. | 20 A | 440T-MRKSE11* |
| 0 | 4 N.O. | 32 A | 440T-MRKSE12* |
|  | 4 N.O. | 63 A | 440T-MRKSE13* |
|  | 3 N.O. \& 1 N.O. | 3 N.O. 100 A and 1 N.O. 20 A | 440T-MRKSE14* |
| Enclosure Mounted (RKS only) | 8 N.O. | 20 A | 440T-MRKSE16* |
| Mild Steel Enclosure Mounted (RKS only) | 3 N.O. + Neutral | 200 A | 440T-MRKSE21* |
| Mild Steel Enclosure Mounted (RKS only) | 3 N.O. | 400 A | 440T-MRKSE22* |
|  | 4 N.O. | 20 A | 440T-MRPSE10* |
| 45 | 2 N.O. \& 2 N.C. | 20 A | 440T-MRPSE11* |
| (4) | 4 N.O. | 32 A | 440T-MRPSE12* |
| - 1 | 4 N.O. | 63 A | 440T-MRPSE13* |
|  | 3 N.O. \& 1 N.O. | 3 N.O. 100 A and 1 N.O. 20 A | 440T-MRPSE14* |
|  | 8 N.O. | 20 A | 440T-MRPSE16* |
|  | 3 N.O. \& 3 N.C. | 20 A | 440T-MRPSE18* |
| Panel Mounted | 4 N.O. | 40 A | 440T-MRPSE20* |

* Substitute the desired primary code for this symbol (key not included). See page 3-107.

|  | Type | Number of Keys | Contact Type | Current Accuracy | Cat. No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Isolator on First Key Out |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Dual key isolator | 2 keys out | 4 N.O. | 20 A | 440T-MMRSE10** |
|  |  |  | 2 N.O. \& 2 N.C. | 20 A | 440T-MMRSE11** |
|  |  |  | 4 N.O. | 32 A | 440T-MMRSE12** |
|  |  |  | 4 N.O. | 63 A | 440T-MMRSE13** |
|  | Triple key isolator | 3 keys out | 4 N.O. | 20 A | 440T-MMRSE20*** |
|  |  |  | 2 N.O. \& 2 N.C. | 20 A | 440T-MMRSE21*** |
|  |  |  | 4 N.O. | 32 A | 440T-MMRSE22*** |
|  |  |  | 4 N.O. | 63 A | 440T-MMRSE23*** |
|  | Quad key isolator | 4 keys out | 4 N.O. | 20 A | 440T-MMRSE30**** |
|  |  |  | 2 N.O. \& 2 N.C. | 20 A | 440T-MMRSE31**** |
|  |  |  | 4 N.O. | 32 A | 440T-MMRSE32**** |
|  |  |  | 4 N.O. | 63 A | 440T-MMRSE33**** |
|  | Dual key exchange isolator | 1 key in/ 1 key out | 4 N.O. | 20 A | 440T-MMRXE10** |
|  |  |  | 2 N.O. \& 2 N.C. | 20 A | 440T-MMRXE11** |
|  |  |  | 4 N.O. | 32 A | 440T-MMRXE12* $\otimes$ |
|  |  |  | 4 N.O. | 63 A | 440T-MMRXE13* $\otimes$ |
|  | Triple key exchange isolator | 1 key in/ 2 key out | 4 N.O. | 20 A | 440T-MMRXE20* $\otimes \otimes$ |
|  |  |  | 2 N.O. \& 2 N.C. | 20 A | 440T-MMRXE21* $\otimes \otimes$ |
|  |  |  | 4 N.O. | 32 A | 440T-MMRXE22* $\otimes \otimes$ |
|  |  |  | 4 N.O. | 63 A | 440T-MMRXE23* $\otimes \otimes$ |
|  | Quad key exchange isolator | 1 key in/ 3 key out | 4 N.O. | 20 A | 440T-MMRXE30* $\otimes \otimes \otimes$ |
|  |  |  | 2 N.O. \& 2 N.C. | 20 A | 440T-MMRXE31* $\otimes \otimes \otimes$ |
|  |  |  | 4 N.O. | 32 A | 440T-MMRXE32* $\otimes \otimes \otimes$ |
|  |  |  | 4 N.O. | 63 A | 440T-MMRXE33* $\otimes \otimes \otimes$ |

[^0]Accessories

| Description | Additional Information | Cat. No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stainless steel key |  | 440T-AKEYE10* |
| Stainless steel replacement code barrel for products other than 100 A RPS/RKS units with dust cap | 3-140 | 440T-ASCBE14* |
| Stainless steel replacement code barrel for 100 A unit rotary switch |  | 440T-ASCBE11* |
| Stainless steel weatherproof replacement dust cap |  | 440T-ASFC10* |
| Cable grip, M20 conduit, accommodates cable diameter 7... 10.5 mm (0.27... 0.41 in .) | 3-53 | 440A-A09028 |
| Adaptor, conduit, M20 to 1/2 inch NPT, plastic |  | 440A-A09042 |
| Supplemental Contact Block, 20 A, 1 N.O. Late Make, Early Break 1 N.C. Auxiliary | For use with RPSE12, RPSE20 (maximum 1 per switch) | 440T-AACA10 |
| Supplemental Contact Block, 20 A, 2 N.O. Late Make, Early Break | For use with RPSE12, RPSE20 (maximum 1 per switch) | 440T-AACA11 |
| Supplemental Contact Block, 20 A, 1 N.O., 1 N.C. | For use with RPSE13 \& 14 | 440T-AACA20 |
| Supplemental Contact Block, 20 A, 2 N.O. | For use with RPSE13 \& 14 | 440T-AACA21 |
| ABS plastic enclosure | For use with dual key, and dual key exchange, isolators | 440T-AIPB10 |
| Stainless steel enclosure ( $240 \times 180 \times 150 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | For use with >20 A RPSE units (not including RPSE21 or 22) | 440T-AIPB25 |
| Stainless steel enclosure ( $150 \times 150 \times 80 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | For use with RPSE10 \& 11 | 440T-AIPB26 |
| ABS plastic enclosure | For use with triple/quad key, and triple/quad key exchange, isolators | 440T-AIPB50 |
| Stainless steel enclosure | For use with triple/quad key, and triple/quad key exchange, isolators | 440T-AIPB55 |

* Substitute the desired primary code for this symbol (key not included). See page 3-107.

Approximate Dimensions [mm (in.)]
Dimensions are not intended to be used for installation purposes.

MRKSE10 and MRKSE11


MMRSE10


MRKSE12 and MRKSE13


MMRSE20


Approximate Dimensions [mm (in.)] (continued)

## MRPSE16



Typical Wiring
Diagrams Shown with Key Free


MRKSE10 and MRPSE10 MRKSE12 and MRPSE12 MRKSE13 and MRPSE13 ----------- and MRPSE20 MMRSE10 and MMRXE10 MMRSE12 and MMRXE12 MMRSE13 and MMRXE13 MMRSE20 and MMRXE20 MMRSE22 and MMRXE22 MMRSE23 and MMRXE23 MMRSE30 and MMRXE30 MMRSE32 and MMRXE32 MMRSE33 and MMRXE33


MRKSE11 and MRPSE11 MMRSE11 and MMRXE11 MMRSE21 and MMRXE21 MMRSE31 and MMRXE31


MRKSE18 and MRPSE18



[^0]:    * Substitute the desired primary code for this symbol (key not included). See page 3-107.
    $\otimes$ Substitute the desired secondary code for this symbol (key included). See page 3-107.

